



### **Dynamic Compute Resource Integration at/by GridKa Tier 1** MU Days November 2021, virtual

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Helmholtz Research Field Matter



#### www.kit.edu

# GridKa: Compute and Collaborate



- WLCG Tier 1 Center
  - Compute Center with large scale batch, storage and archival infrastructure
  - Grid Services to connect to hundreds of other grid sites

- Collaboration Contacts
  - Directly work with members and working groups of scientific collaborations
  - Active part in technology development and research

combined expertise for large scale systems, reliable distributed services, and specific needs of scientific collaborations

# **Synergies in Practice: Opportunistic Resources**

- Opp. Resource Pool @ GridKa
  - Separate batch system with volunteered external resources
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# **Synergies in Practice: Opportunistic Resources**

- Opp. Resource Pool @ GridKa
  - Separate batch system with volunteered external resources
  - Presented as regular WCLG compute element to users
- Powered by COBaID/TARDIS (C/T)
  - Open Source software for dynamic resource acquisition
  - Integrate compute resources from HPC, Cloud, ...



## **COBaID/TARDIS** approach to Opp. Resources



Resource Meta-Scheduler for Job Scheduler

- C/T acquires resources from HTC, Cloud, ... via pilot jobs
- Challenge to match resources to need of actual job scheduler
- Many pitfalls in practice: fairshares, latencies, black hole nodes, ...



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In short: Feedback Loop

- Seamlessly adjusts to existing schedulers
- Separate instances per provider contribute to single resource pool



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# National Resource Pool via GridKa

Overlay Batch System hosted at GridKa

- Batch and Grid Services as for Tier 1
- Frontend, authentication, scheduling, ...



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### Backup



# The High Energy Physics / WLCG use-case



- Particle detectors record physics event data
- Each detector used by a collaboration of scientists







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# **Distributed Computing: The Pilot Model**



Challenge: computing across many centres

- Each centre with separate wait queue, policies, constraints to use resources
- Direct, manual submission requires expertise and incurs heavy latencies
  - > Waste of resources and time with~100+ centres and 10k+ scientists



# **Distributed Computing: The Pilot Model**



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- Each centre with separate wait queue, policies, constraints to use resources
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- > Waste of resources and time with ~100+ centres and 10k+ scientists
- Solution: "Pilot jobs" reduce complexity
  - One batch system across centres
  - One group-user across scientists
    Abstraction of resources and people







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- Classical Job to Resource to Job Meta-Scheduler
- Dynamic resource acquisition matching user demand
  - Trivial to support new providers for many users
  - Difficult to manage several providers for many users







Submit Jobs

- Classical Job to Resource to Job Meta-Scheduler
- Dynamic resource acquisition matching user demand
  - Trivial to support new providers for many users
  - Difficult to manage several providers for many users
- Job scheduling in overlay batch system
  - Unreliable to predict resources used by jobs
  - Efficient to integrate resources for all jobs



### Create VM/Container



#### Execute Jobs

HTCondor

# Simpler Approach: COBalD (2018-present)

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

[COBalD - the Opportunistic Balancing Daemon]



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[COBalD - the Opportunistic Balancing Daemon]

Look at what is used, not what is requested

- Simple logic: more used, less unused resources
- Only batch system scheduler handles jobs

COBalD only acquires/releases resources





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- Generic design for any resources
  - COBalD just knows (un-)used
  - CPU, CPU+RAM, CPU+DISK, CPU+DISK+RAM, ...
    - Virtual multi-core slot partition





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- Generic design for any resources
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  - CPU, CPU+RAM, CPU+DISK, CPU+DISK+RAM, …
    - Virtual multi-core slot partition
- HTC integration via COBaID/TARDIS
  - Define VM/Container/Job as resource
  - Supports any use-case that can be put into a VM/container/script!





### **TARDIS: Out-of-the-Box Resource Adapters**

Combine resource provider APIs with COBaID

Request, monitor, decommission individual resources

Automatically match demand via COBalD approach

Basically a "use-case agnostic autonomous Pilot factory"





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Combine resource provider APIs with COBalD
 Request, monitor, decommission individual resources
 Automatically match demand via COBalD approach
 Basically a "use-case agnostic autonomous Pilot factory"
 Support for common HPC batch systems, Cloud APIs, …
 Behave like "regular users" as much as possible
 Customisable payload for each centre's peculiarities
 HEP: insert HTCondor+CVMFS as available

S TAROIS OpenStack CloudStack HTCondor Moab Slurm "other"

