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Mini-Workshop on Flavor Collider Connection, 22. November 2021





particle physics phenomenology after the Higgs discovery

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NP studies with Collider Observables:

- UV-complete SM extensions (e.g. SUSY, GUTs, ...) ?
- SMEFT ?
- Simplified Models, ...?

NP studies with Flavour Observables:

- model-independent studies (low-energy Wilson coefficients)
- flavour assumptions at high energies (for a given NP approach)  $\rightarrow$  RG running to low scales



# Minimal Flavour Violation and Beyond

# Benefits of MFV:

- NP flavour coefficients suppressed by same CKM and GIM factors as in the SM
- Constraints from rare flavour decays, mixing etc. can be fulfilled without fine-tuning
- Elegant technical implementation: Yukawa matrices as Spurions of a broken flavour symmetry → assures that framework is self-consistent under RGE

# But: MFV cannot account for present "B-Anomalies"

# Beyond MFV:

- Introduce new flavour spurions, in addition to SM Yukawa matrices.
- Power-counting for new spurions, must obey consistency relations with the SM Yukawas.

## In C2b, we have followed one particular path:

- Consider SMEFT framework
- Use pheno insight from leptoquark scenarios explaining the B anomalies
- Consider flavour-specific leptoquark couplings as spurions of a broken flavour symmetry (in addition to the SM Yukawa spurions)
- Use Froggatt-Nielsen charges for quarks and leptons to specify a power counting for flavour coefficients in the EFT

"Effective Theory Approach to New Physics with Flavour: General Framework and a Leptoquark Example" [Bordone, Cata, Feldmann 2019] "Constraining flavour patterns of scalar leptoquarks in the EFT" [Bordone, Cata, Feldmann, Mandal 2020] Power-counting and consistency relations:

● consider, as an example, a four-fermion operator in SMEFT: (→ LFU violation)

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^{2}}\left[\mathcal{C}_{\ell q}\right]^{ij\alpha\beta}\left(\bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{i}\gamma_{\mu}\mathcal{Q}_{j}\right)\left(\bar{\mathcal{L}}_{\alpha}\gamma^{\mu}\mathcal{L}_{\beta}\right)$$

• flavour tensor  $[C_{\ell q}]^{ij\alpha\beta}$  introduces 3<sup>4</sup> free real parameters:

| generic EFT:   | <i>O</i> (1)  |
|----------------|---|
| MFV:           | $\left(\#\delta^{ij} + \#(Y_UY_U^{\dagger})^{ij} + \#(Y_DY_D^{\dagger})^{ij} + \ldots\right)\left(\delta^{\alpha\beta} + \ldots\right)$                     |
| FN charges:    | $\sim\lambda^{\left b_{Q}^{i}-b_{Q}^{j}+b_{L}^{lpha}-b_{L}^{eta} ight }$  |
| LQ+FN charges: | $\sim (\Delta_{QL})^{ieta} (\Delta_{QL}^{\dagger})^{lpha j} + \ldots \sim \lambda^{\left  b_Q^i - b_L^eta  ight } \lambda^{\left  b_L^lpha - b_Q^j  ight }$ |

• exponents in the power-counting fulfill triangle inequalities, like e.g.

$$\left| m{b}^{i}_{Q} - m{b}^{eta}_{L} 
ight| + \left| m{b}^{lpha}_{L} - m{b}^{j}_{Q} 
ight| \hspace{2mm} \geq \hspace{2mm} \left| m{b}^{j}_{Q} - m{b}^{j}_{Q} + m{b}^{lpha}_{L} - m{b}^{eta}_{L} 
ight|$$

 $\rightarrow$  power-counting not violated by higher-orders in spurion expansion

### Strategy:

- Define leptoquark scenario (e.g. vector leptoquarks, or scalar leptoquarks)
   → identify flavour coefficients for LQ-couplings as new spurions
- Integrate out heavy LQ fields
  - $\rightarrow$  identify relevant EFT operators
  - $\rightarrow$  express Wilson coefficients in terms of LQ spurions
- Define FN charges for quarks, consistent with CKM and Yukawa hierarchies
  - $\rightarrow$  find different options for leptons' FN charges
  - $\rightarrow$  determine the corresponding scaling for the LQ spurions
- Apply additional simplifying assumptions on the spurion entries:
  - $\rightarrow$  further reduction of independent coefficients in the fit
  - $\rightarrow$  (strong) correlations between different observables in the fit
  - $\rightarrow$  predictions for NP effects in other observables



- current pheno input allows for different solutions  $FN_j = (b_Q^i, b_U^i, b_D^i; b_L^{\alpha}, b_E^{\alpha})_j$
- remaining tensions with experimental bounds for a given FN<sub>j</sub> can be reduced by relaxing assumptions on individual spurion entries

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#### Beyond MFV

Pheno beyond MFV:

- NP couplings in collider observables also modify rare flavour observables (i.e. via top-quarks in loops)
- ... but, rare flavour observables may receive dominant NP contributions from beyond-MFV effects
  - Power-counting for beyond-MFV spurions also fix the order-of-magnitude for flavour non-diagonal collider observables ...

More implementations of beyond-MFV:

- specific GUT models (e.g. 4321, ...)
- EFT with light axions, DM, ....
- Extended Higgs sectors ...

• . . .

# ... open for dicussion ...

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