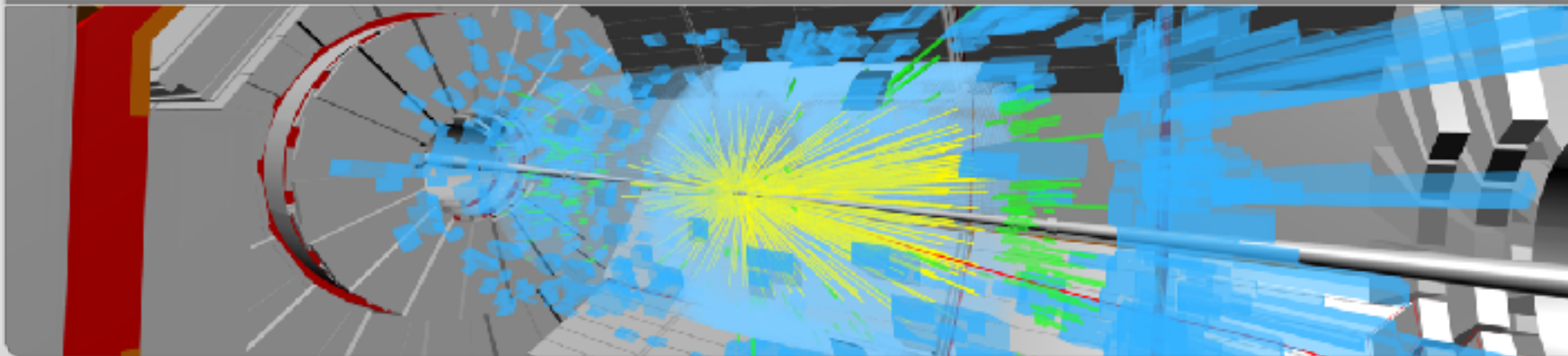


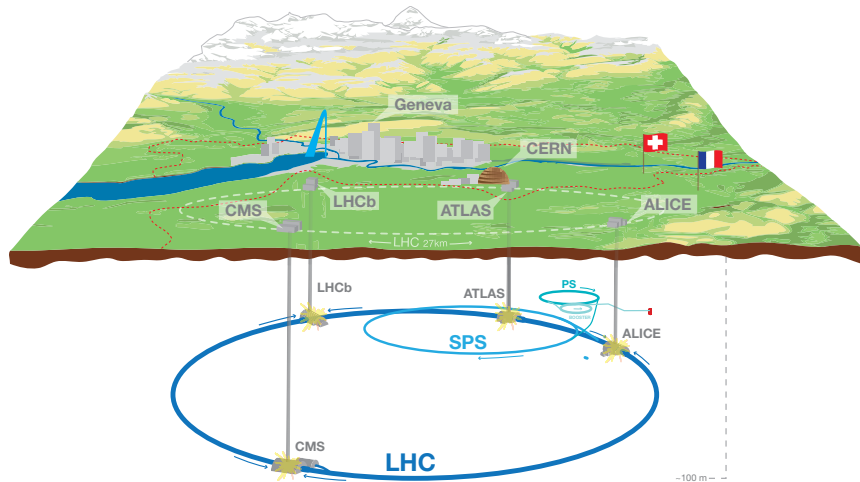
KIT@CMS: From Detector R&D to Physics Results

SJTU-KIT Collaborative Research Workshop "Particles and the Universe"
Karlsruhe, September 6–8, 2017

Ulrich Husemann, Institute of Experimental Particle Physics, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

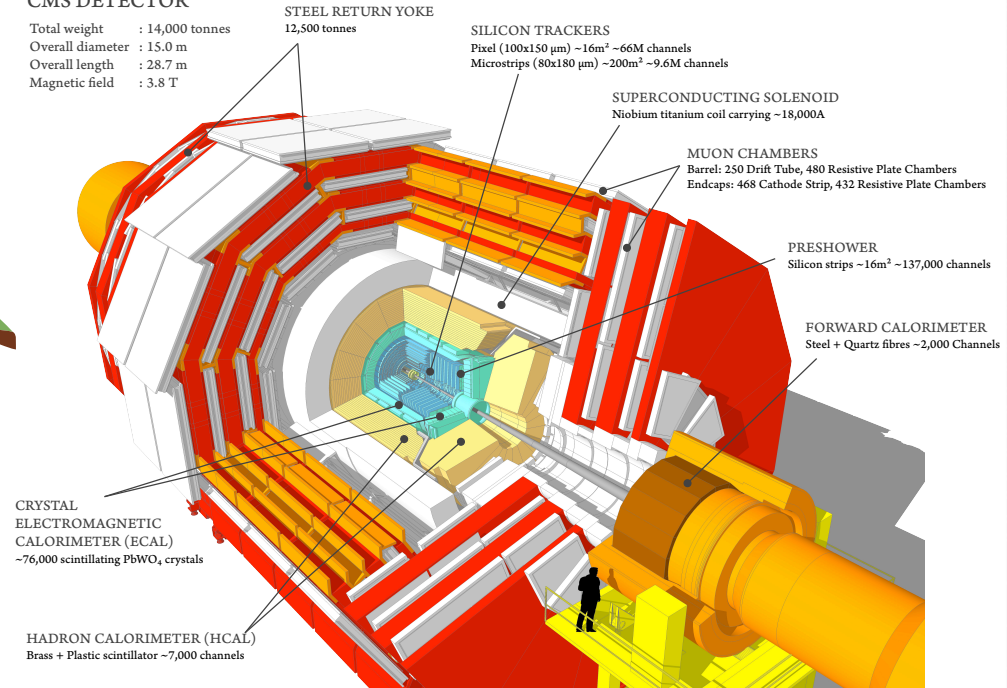


The LHC and the CMS Experiment



CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes
Overall diameter : 15.0 m
Overall length : 28.7 m
Magnetic field : 3.8 T

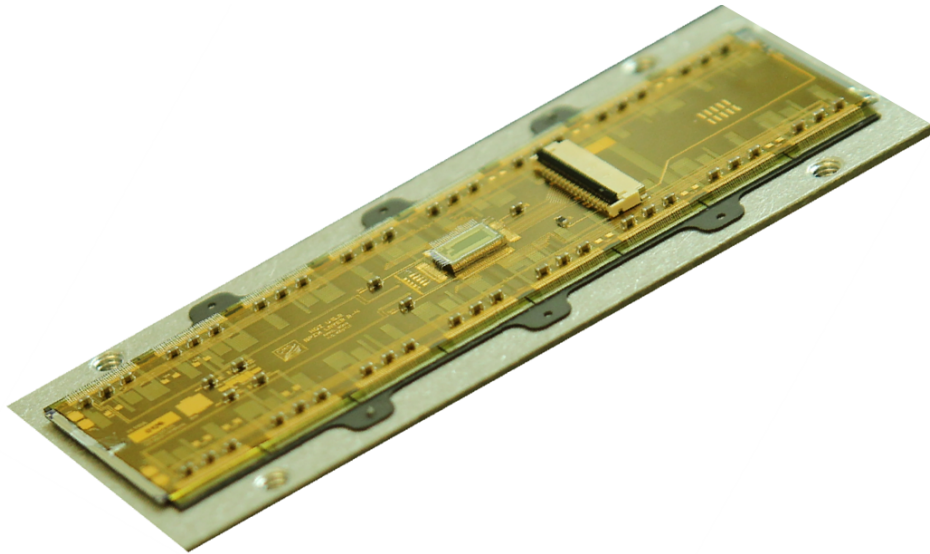


Overview



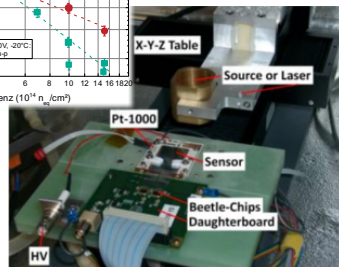
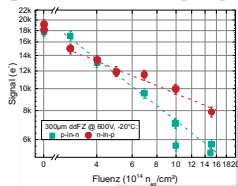
- KIT contributions to **full life cycle** of CMS experiment at the CERN LHC:
 - Detector research and development (R&D)
 - Detector operation
 - Algorithms and Grid computing
 - Physics analysis



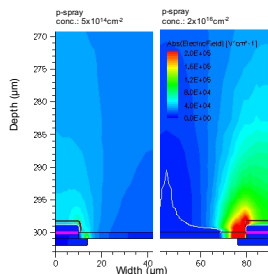


Preparing for the Future **DETECTOR R&D**

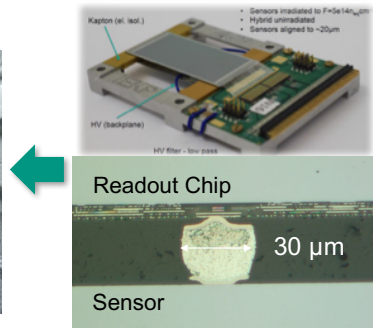
Silicon Detector R&D



Testing



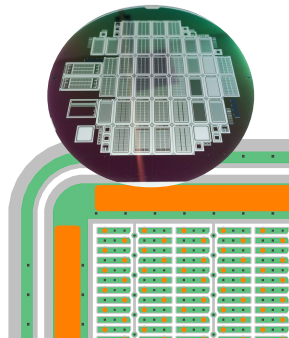
TCAD Simulation



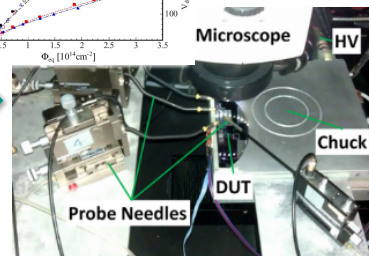
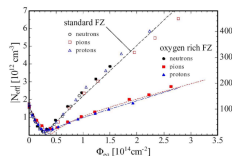
Module Assembly



Irradiation



Sensor Design

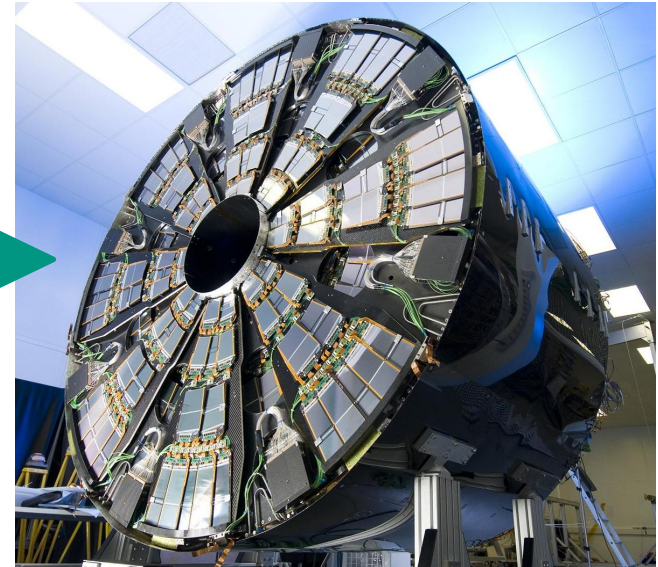
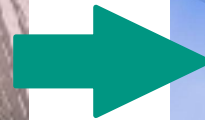
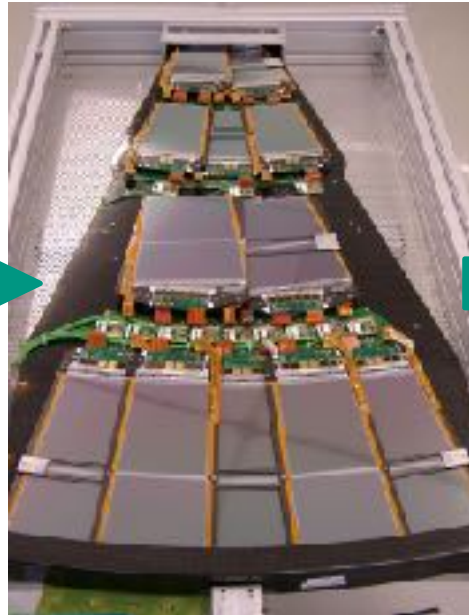
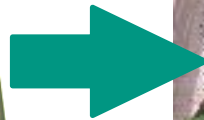


Characterization

Detectors for CMS: Past



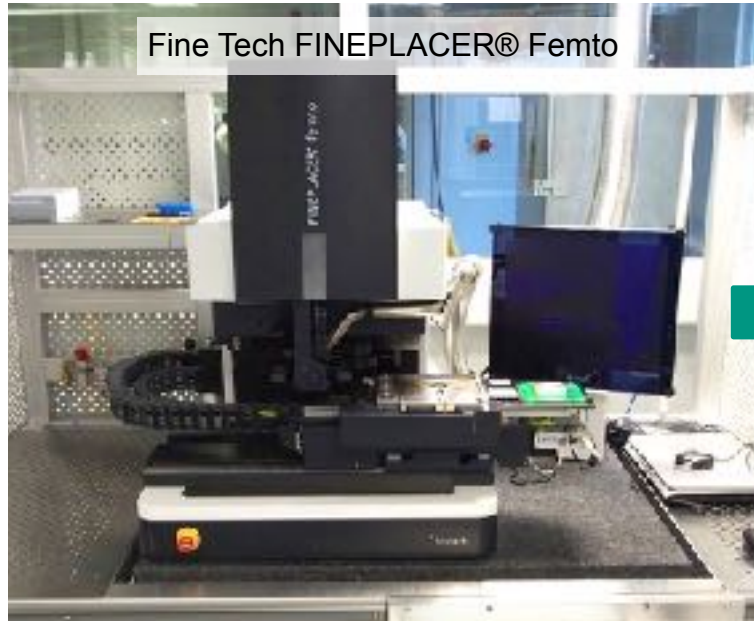
- 1/3 of the petals for the end-cap of the current CMS silicon strip tracker (installed: 2007)



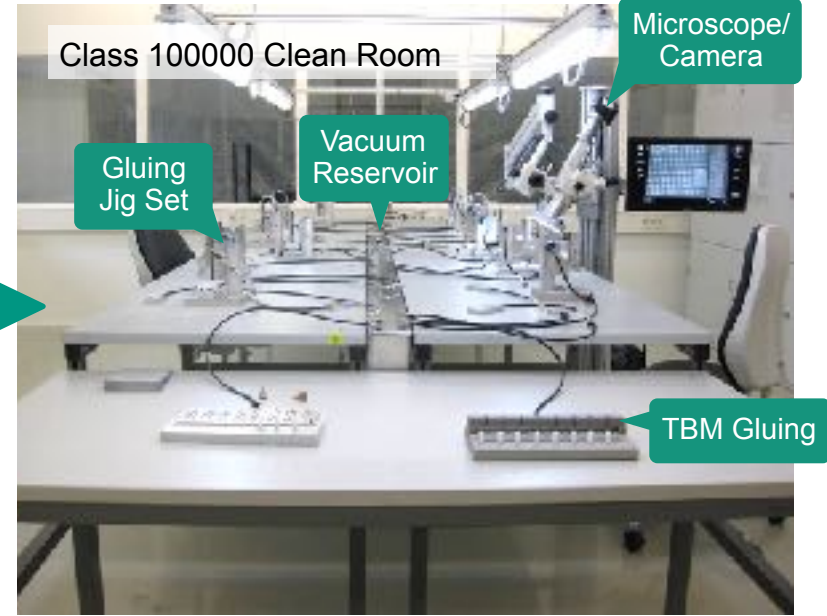
Detectors for CMS: Present



- 350 modules for the upgrade of the CMS barrel pixel detector (installed: spring 2017)



Bump Bonding

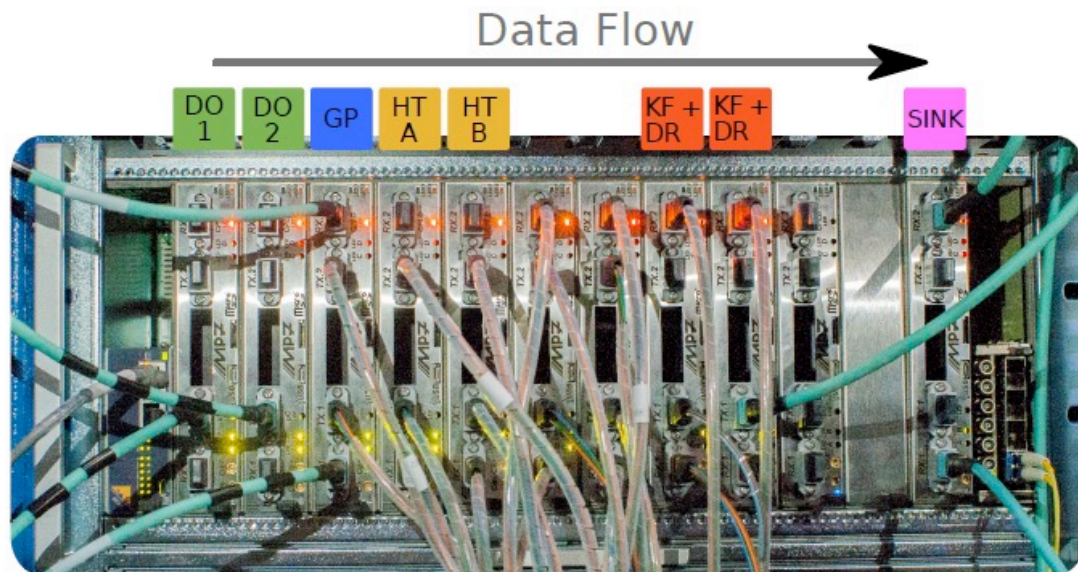
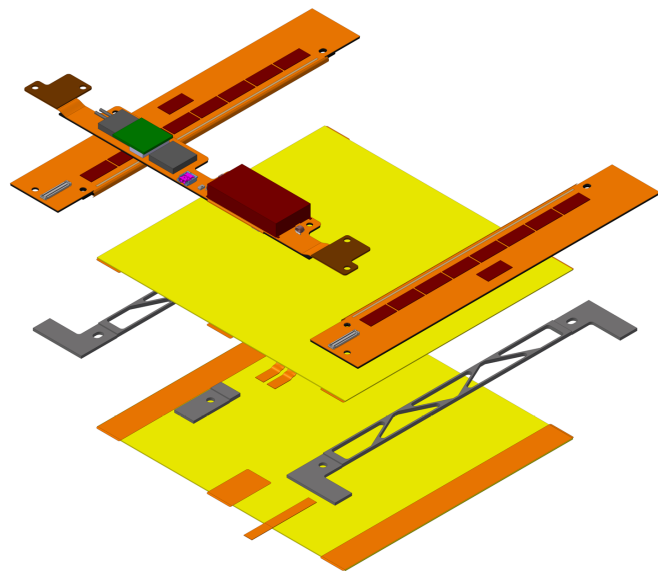


Assembly

Detectors for CMS: Future



- 2000 p_T modules and track trigger electronics for the HL-LHC upgrade (data-taking from 2026)





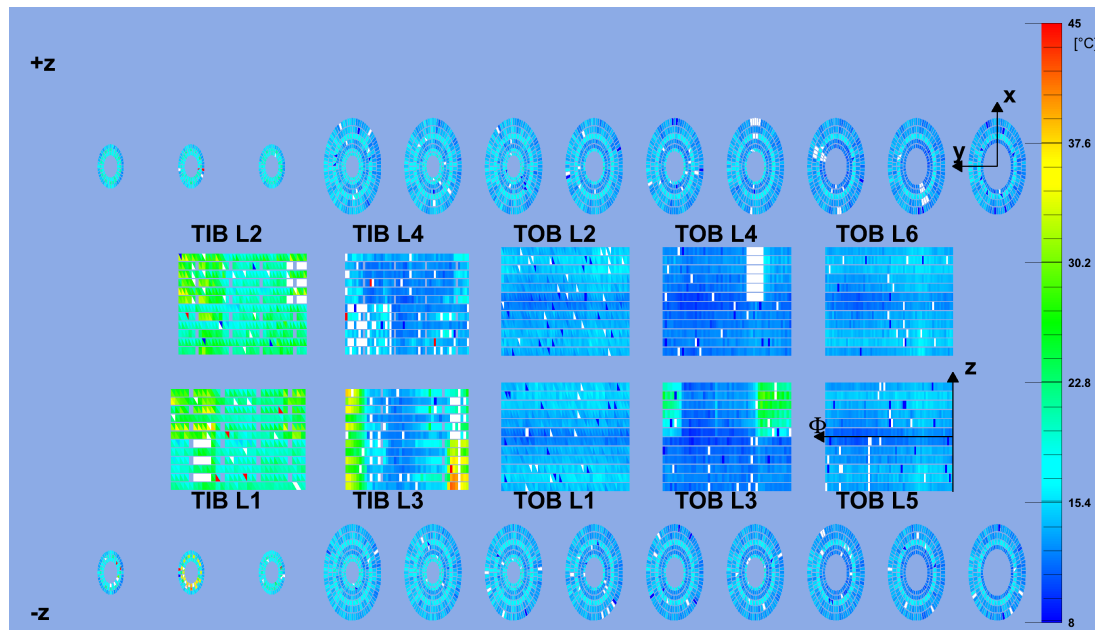
Getting the Data On Tape

DETECTOR OPERATIONS

Detector Control System

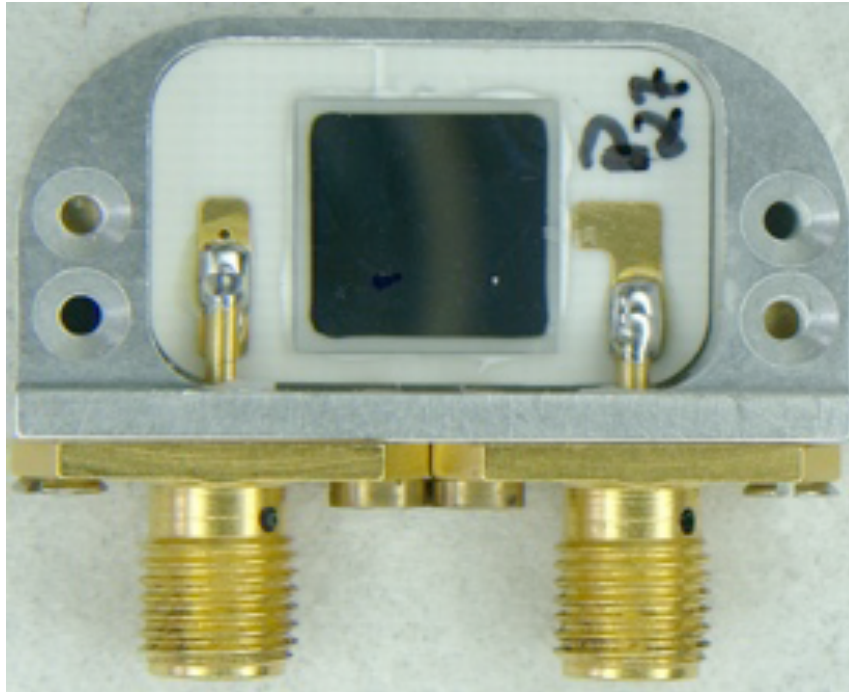


- KIT responsible for development and maintenance of **Detector Control System** (“slow control”) for the CMS tracker



Tracker Temperature Map

Diamond Beam Monitors



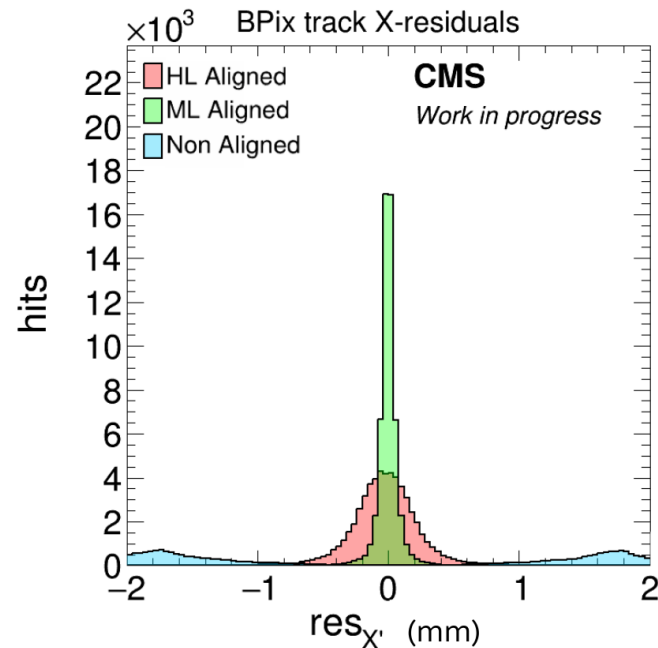
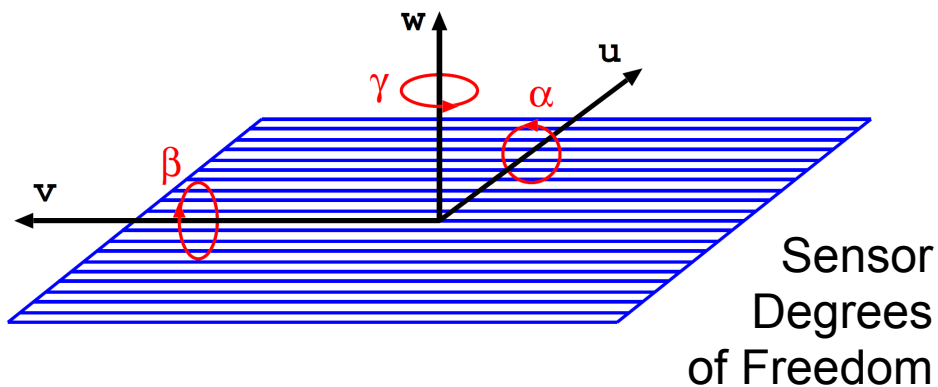
- Safety system: protect against **beam incidents** endangering CMS
- Technology: single-crystalline and poly-crystalline **diamond sensors**
- Production: chemical vapor deposition (CVD)

CVD Diamond Sensor

Tracker Alignment



- Positions of sensors in CMS tracker must be known within $O(10\text{--}20\ \mu\text{m})$, much better than mechanical precision and survey data
- Solution: **precision alignment** using **tracks** from cosmic rays and pp collision





Processing the Data

ALGORITHMS AND GRID COMPUTING

GridKa: The German Tier-1 Center



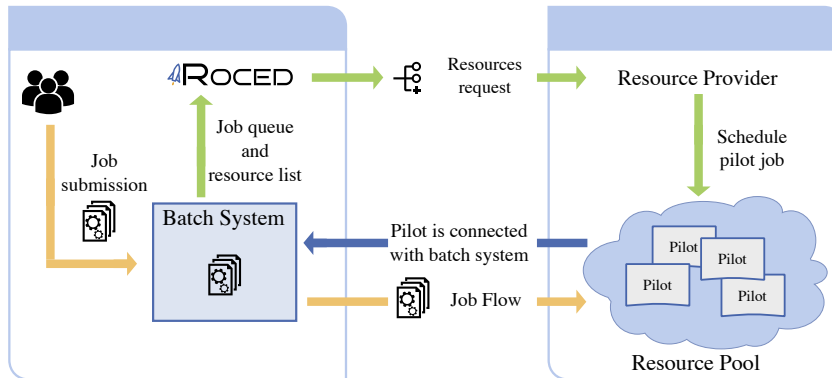
- 10% of **Worldwide LHC Computing Grid (WLCG)**:
 - 27,400 CPU cores, 200 file servers → 112M CPU hours/year
 - Storage: 25 petabytes disk space, 26 petabytes tape capacity
 - Experiments supported: ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb, BABAR, Belle/Belle 2, Compass, Auger
- IT education for physicists: annual GridKa school



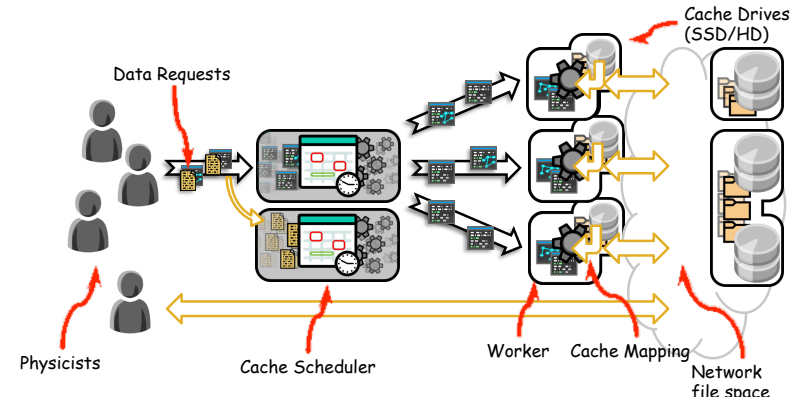
Scientific Computing R&D



- Dynamic utilization of **opportunistic resources** (e.g. cloud service)



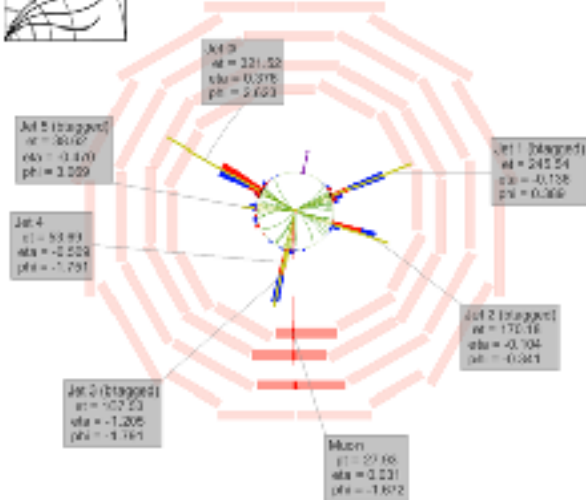
- High-throughput data analysis** utilizing data locality (caches)



- Exploring novel **deep learning techniques** (e.g. based on Google's TensorFlow) on today's powerful CPUs and GPUs



CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Sun Oct 3 06:16:25 2010, CRJ1
Run/Event: 298150 / 221244819
Luminosity: 17.8
Data-Creation: 45125376 / 2054

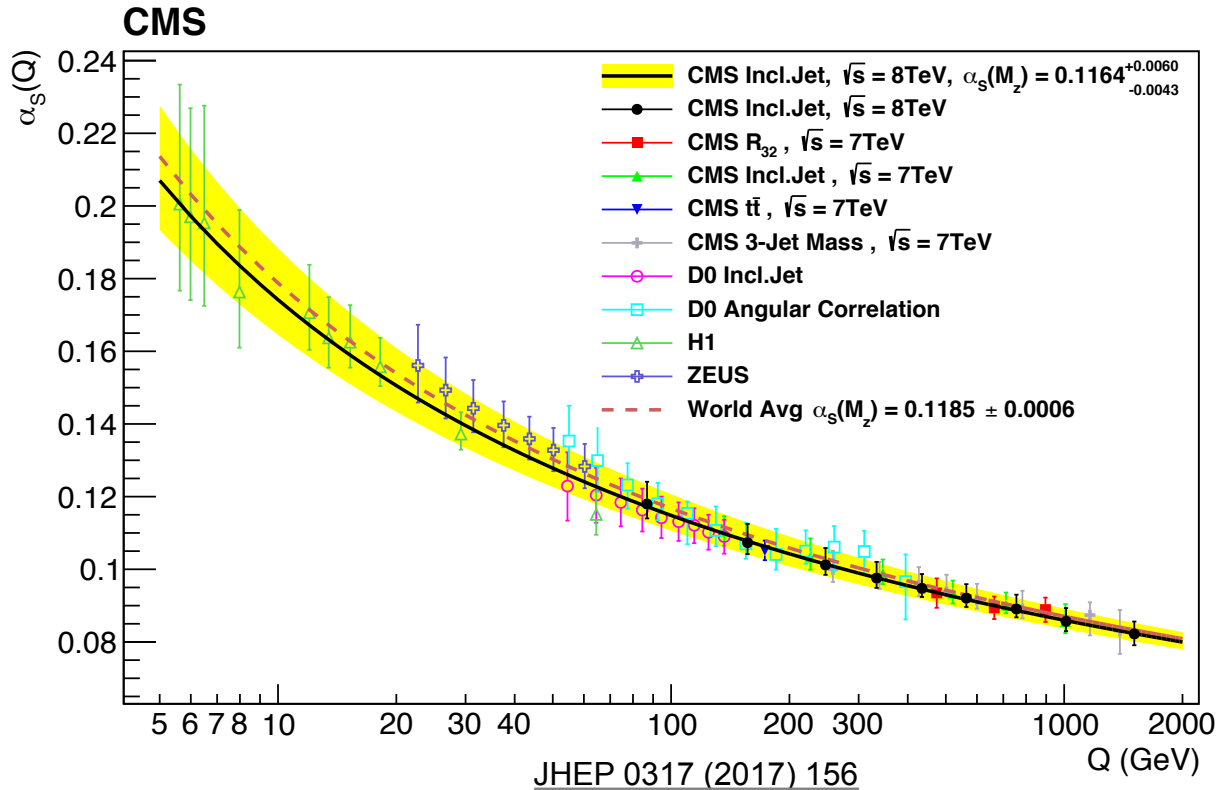


KIT
Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

The Scientific Harvest

PHYSICS ANALYSIS

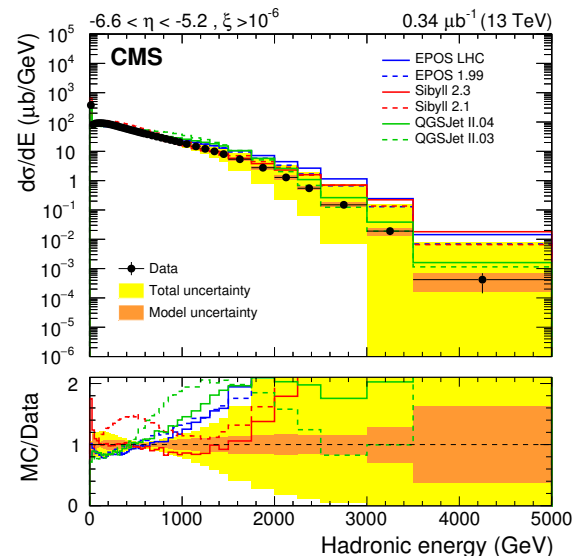
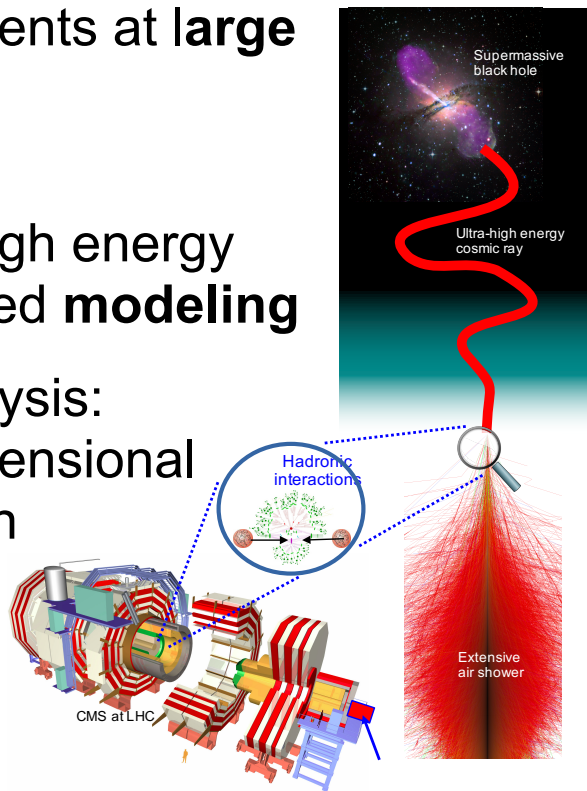
Jets & Strong Coupling Constant



- Improved precision of **gluon density** in the proton with dijet data
- Precise determination of **strong coupling constant α_s** and extended test of its running **up to 2 TeV** with jet data

Forward Physics

- Dedicated measurements at **large pseudorapidities**
→ (very) forward
- Connection to ultra-high energy **cosmic rays**: improved **modeling**
- Global likelihood analysis: multivariate, high-dimensional sampling, optimization



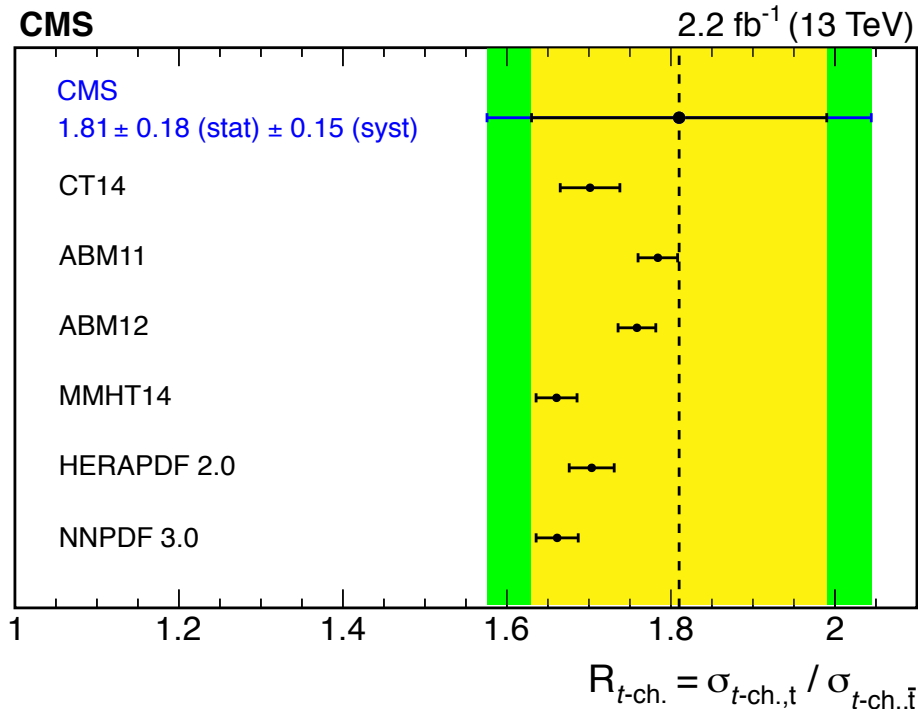
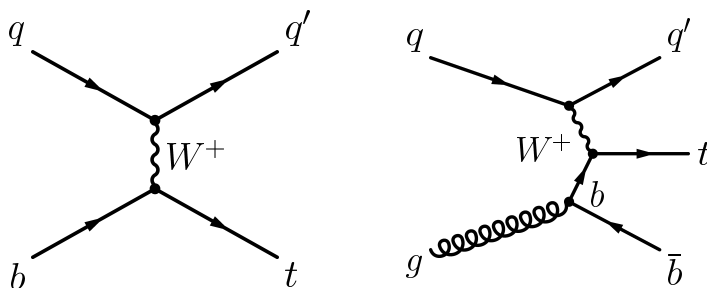
JHEP 08 (2017) 046



Top Quarks



- Long history of landmark top-quark physics results from KIT, e.g. $t\bar{t}$ **production asymmetry**
- Recent example: single top-quark production cross section (ratio of t and \bar{t} in the t channel)

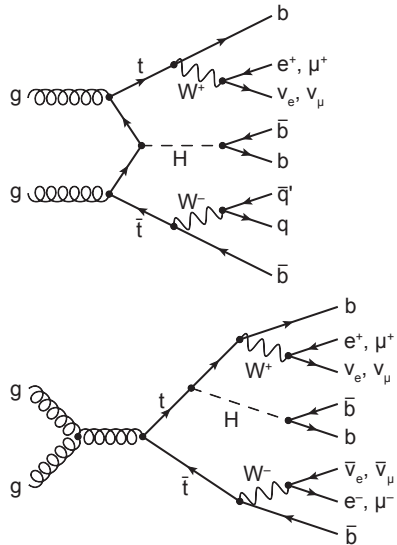


arXiv:1610.00678, accepted by PLB

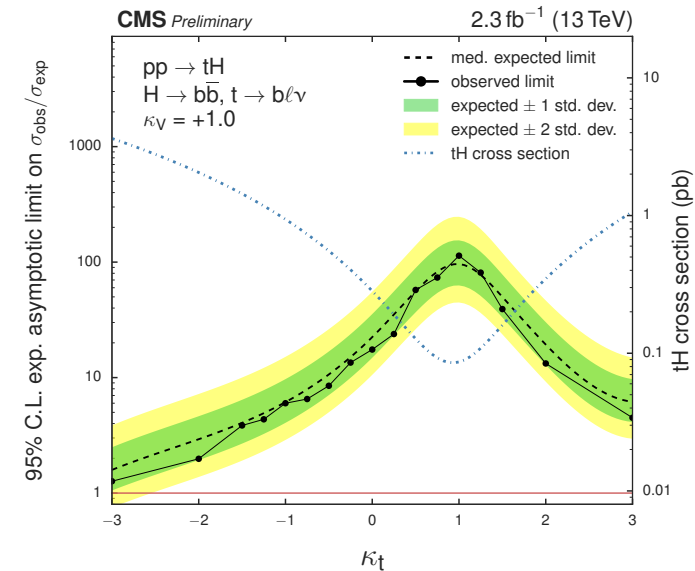
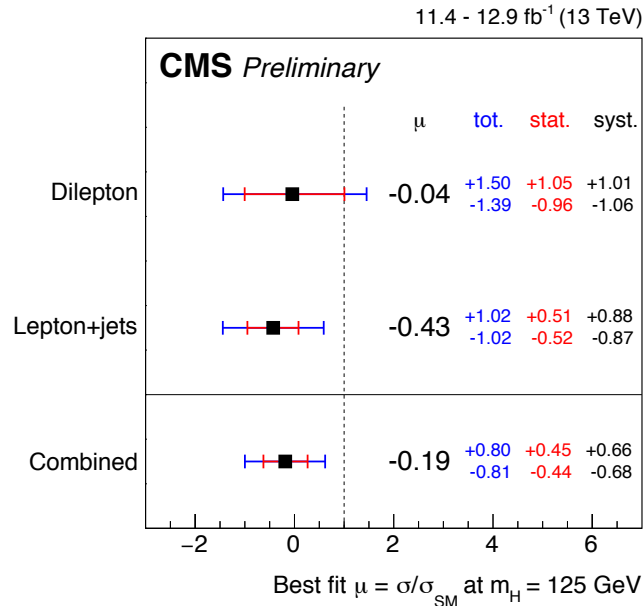
Top-Higgs Associated Production



- $t\bar{t}$ + Higgs: access to top-quark Yukawa coupling
- Single top + Higgs: search for **anomalous** tH couplings



CMS-PAS-HIG-16-038

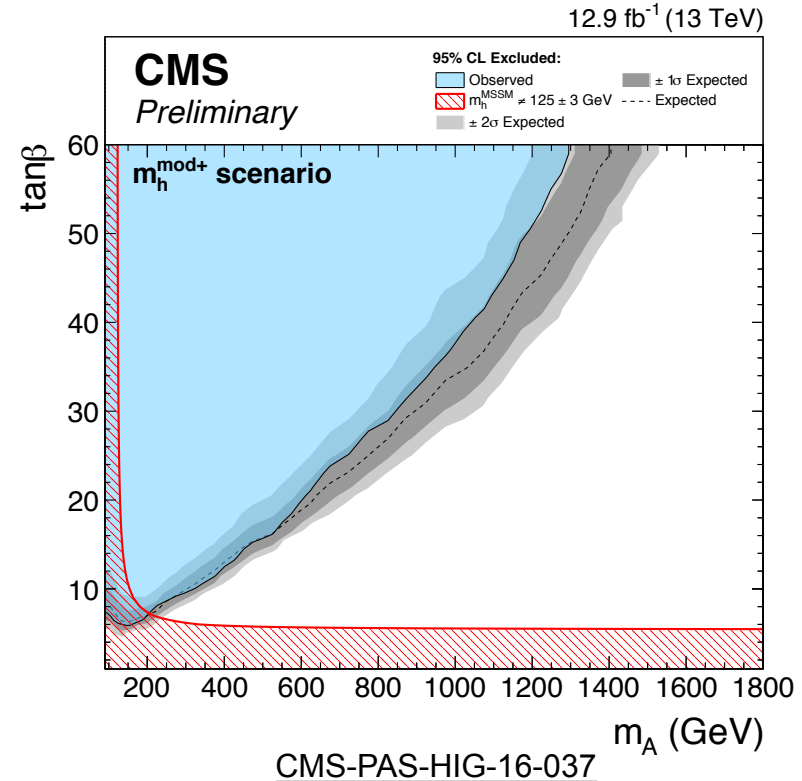
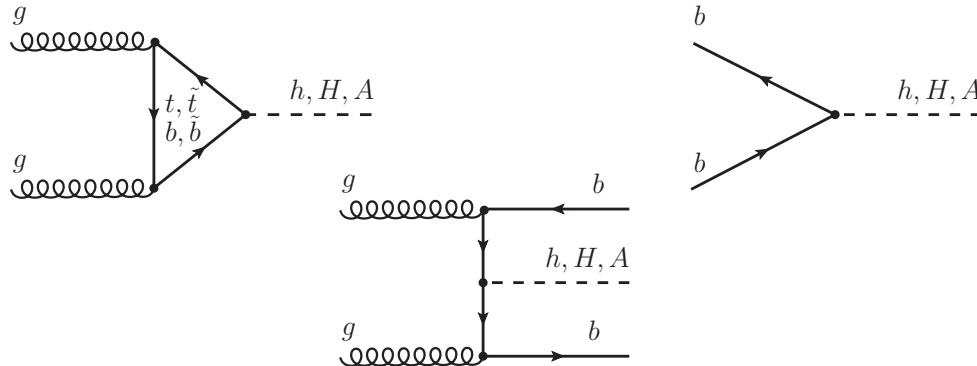


CMS-PAS-HIG-16-019

Higgs-Boson Decays to Tau Leptons



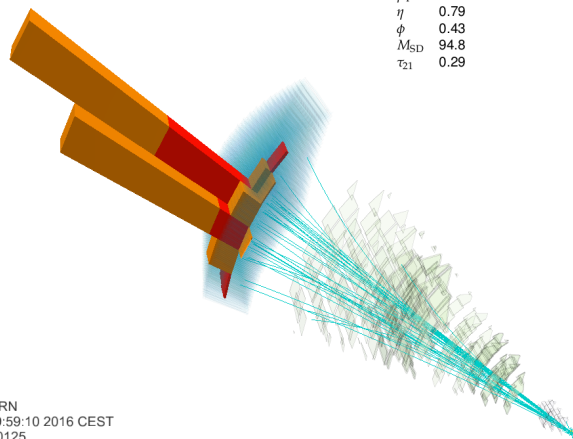
- $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$: first channel to establish Higgs-boson **couplings to fermions**
- Important channel to search for **additional neutral Higgs bosons**, e.g. in the minimal supersymmetric standard model (MSSM)



Pairs of Vector Bosons



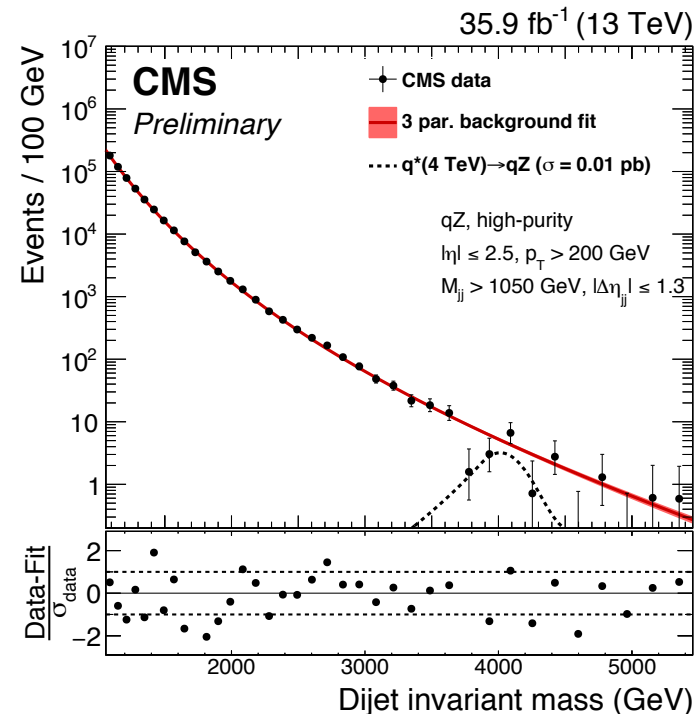
- Search for **massive resonances** (e.g. excited quarks, heavy W'/Z' , gravitons) decaying to pairs of vector bosons
- Novel reconstruction techniques for **“boosted”** vector bosons



Candidate Z jet

Anti- k_T R=0.8 jet	
p_T	1374 GeV
η	0.79
ϕ	0.43
M_{SD}	94.8
τ_{21}	0.29

CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Mon Jul 18 19:59:10 2016 CEST
Run/Event: 276950 / 1080730125
Lumi section: 573



CMS-PAS-B2G-17-001

Summary and Conclusions



- The LHC: today's **flagship** of accelerator-based particle physics
- KIT: **deeply involved** in the CMS experiment at the LHC
 - Detector R&D – operations – computing – data analysis
 - Key **detector** expertise: silicon tracking detectors, fast electronics
 - **Computing**: WLCG Tier1 center GridKa, cloud resources
 - Advanced **algorithms**, e.g. machine learning
 - **Broad physics interests**: from precision standard-model physics to searches for Higgs bosons (and more) beyond the standard model