

# PandaX-II Krypton Background



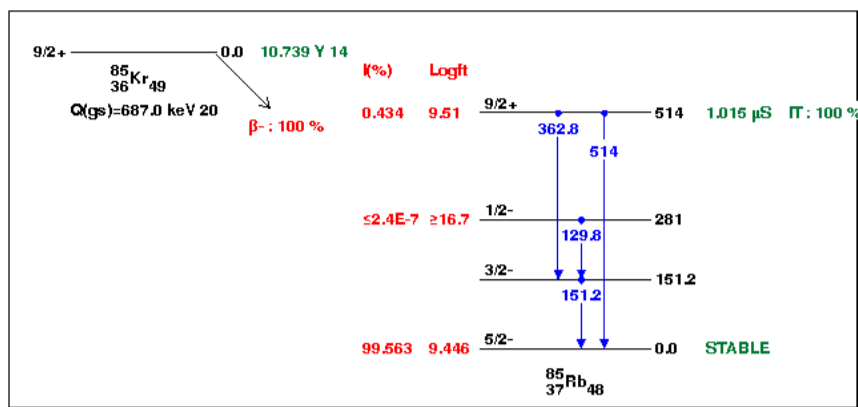
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On behalf of the PandaX-III Collaboration

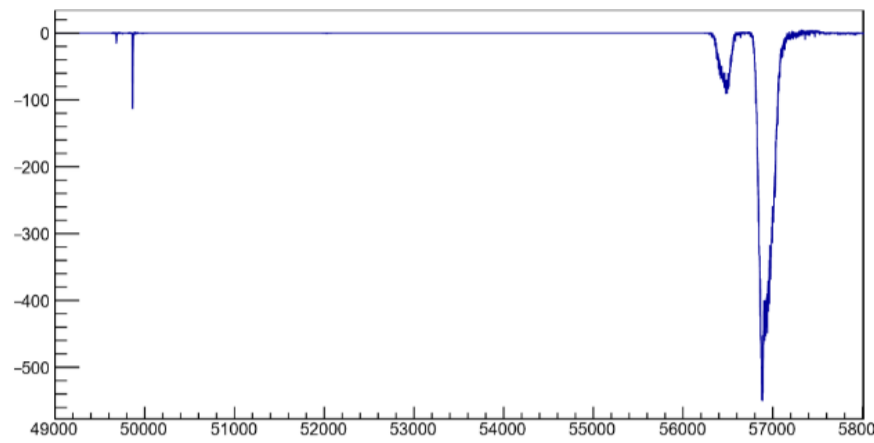


PANDA X  
PARTICLE AND ASTROPHYSICAL XENON TPC

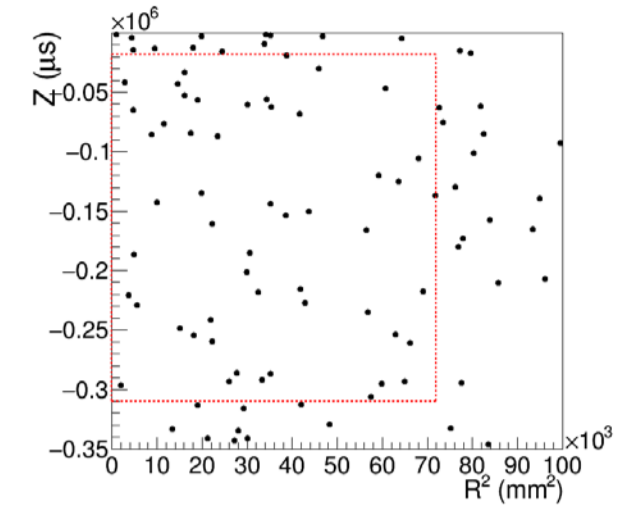
## Krypton Background



- $^{85}\text{Kr}$  dominant  $\beta$  decay with  $T_{1/2} = 10.756\text{y}$ .
- $^{85}\text{Kr}/\text{Kr} \sim 10^{-11}$  in air.

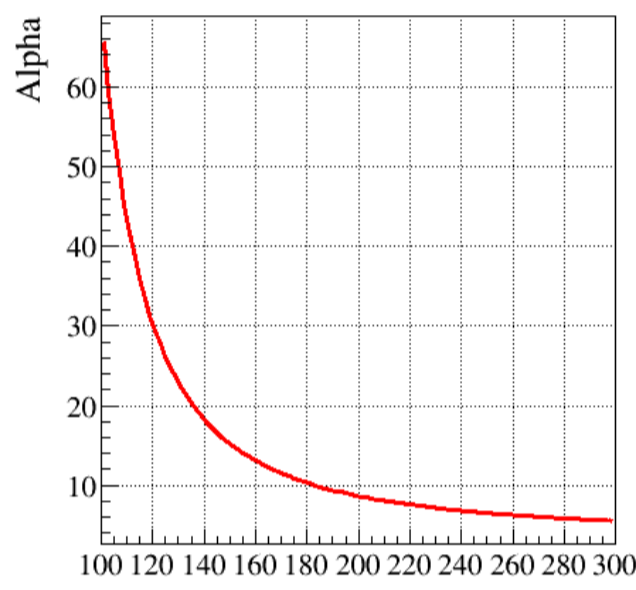


Typical  $^{85}\text{Kr}$  event waveform in PandaX-II

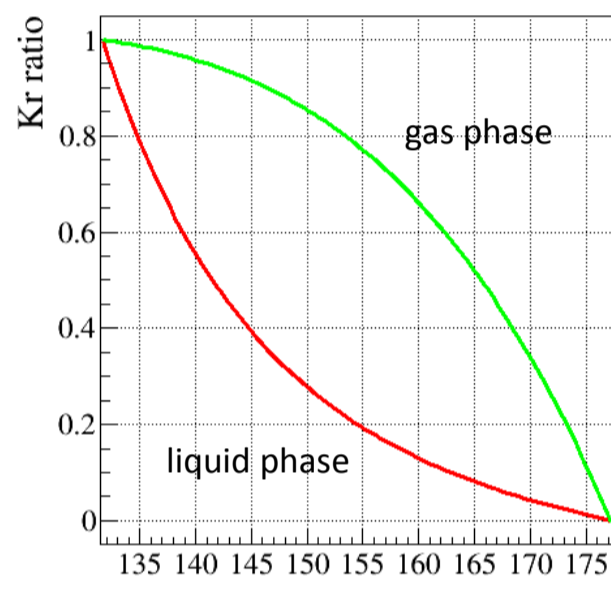


- Uniform distribution in liquid xenon [PandaX-II Run9].

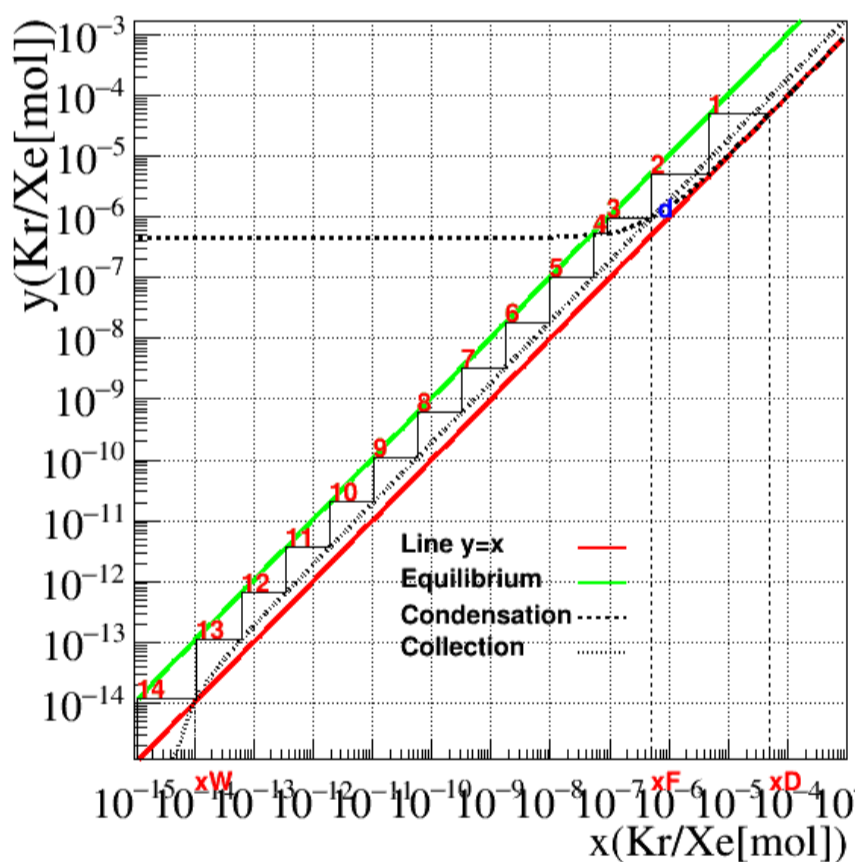
## Krypton Distillation Tower



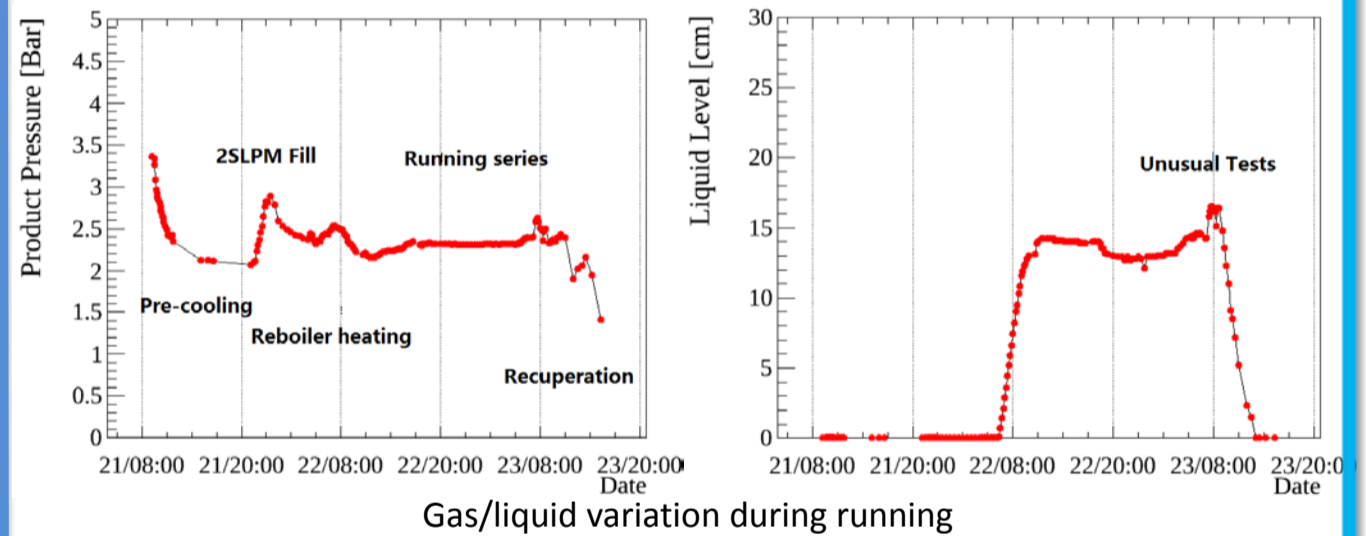
Kr/Xe relative volatility with temperature



Kr/Xe ratio in gas/liquid with  $T$  in 204kPa



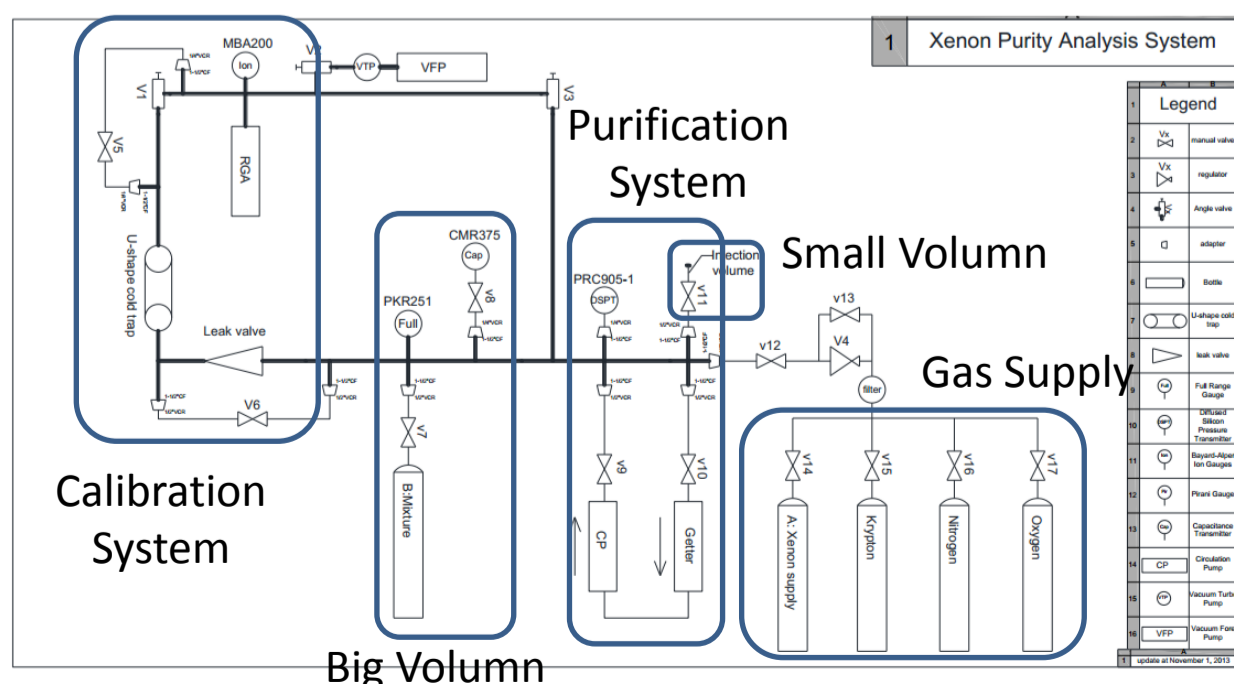
- Distillation method remove krypton.
- M-T method offer the tower height and Bain-Hougen relational offer the tower diameter.
- 5ppm Kr/Xe incoming and 0.1ppt Kr/Xe in product xenon.
- 1% offgas ratio.
- 6m packing height with 14 theoretical plate number.
- 125mm diameter with  $0.41\text{m}^3/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{h})$  sprinkle density.



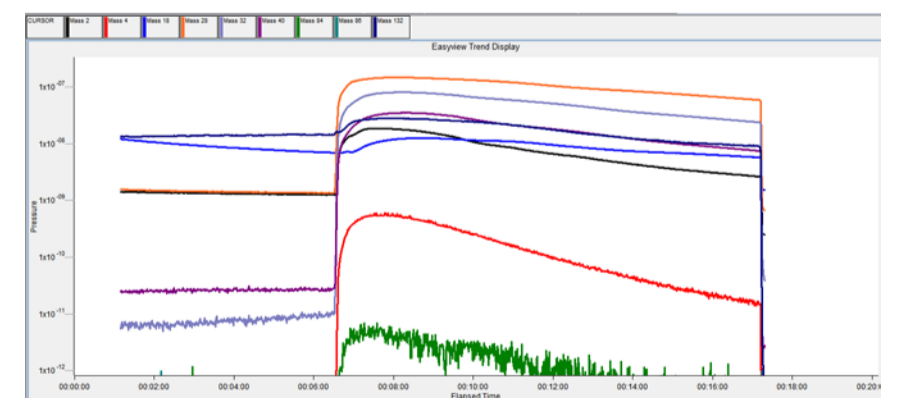
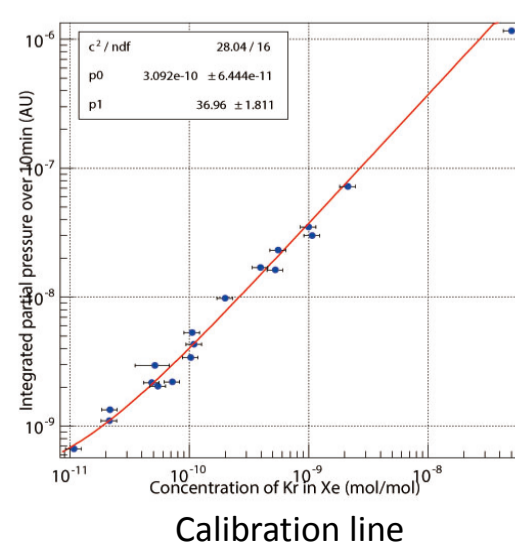
Gas/liquid variation during running

- Install the Phase-I tower from 2012 and first distillation in 2013.
- More than five times (~6 months) stable running.
- Move the tower to Jinping underground laboratory.

## Krypton Measurement System



The flow diagram of the Kr measurement system based on RGA



Typical test spectrum

- Fill test Kr/Xe gas into the cold trap.
- LN2 cooling and start RGA with the micro-leakage valve.
- Record the spectrum and fit it to the calibration line.
- Two parallel system working in the China Jinping Underground laboratory.
- Increase measurement limit with more sensitive RGA.