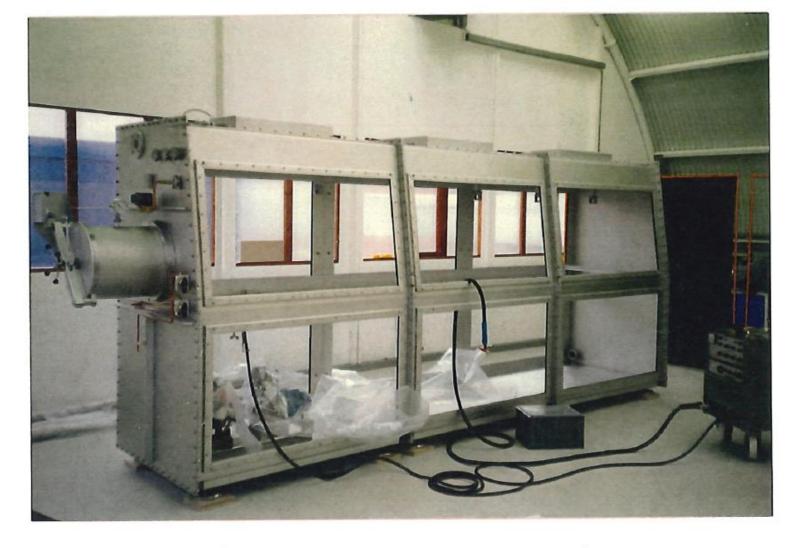


30 Years TLK: Development & Operation of the TLK Tritium Loops







Handschuhkasteureihe noch dem Zasammenberg (ohne Scheiben)

20.12.85



2









Vor dem TLK-Gebäuede

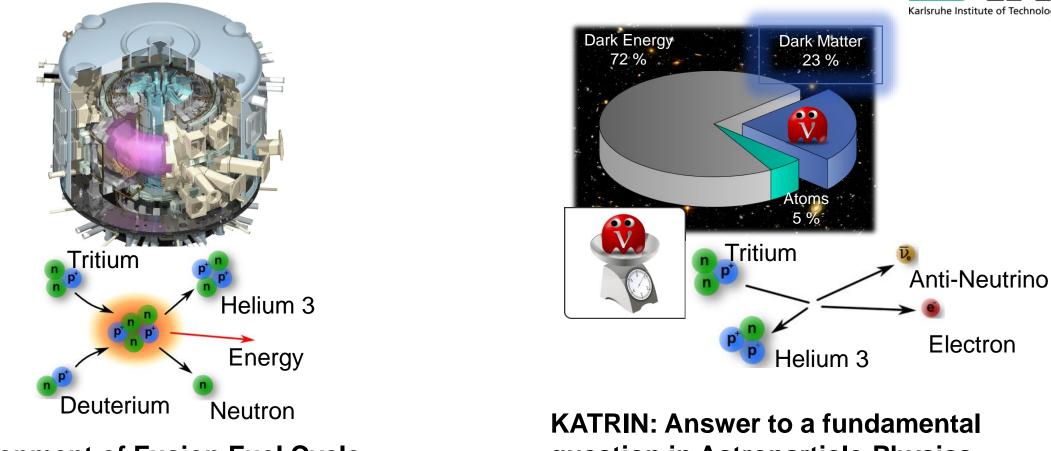
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The Missions





Development of Fusion Fuel Cycle

question in Astroparticle-Physics

Both missions necessitate reliable handling of substantial amounts of Tritium in a closed loop



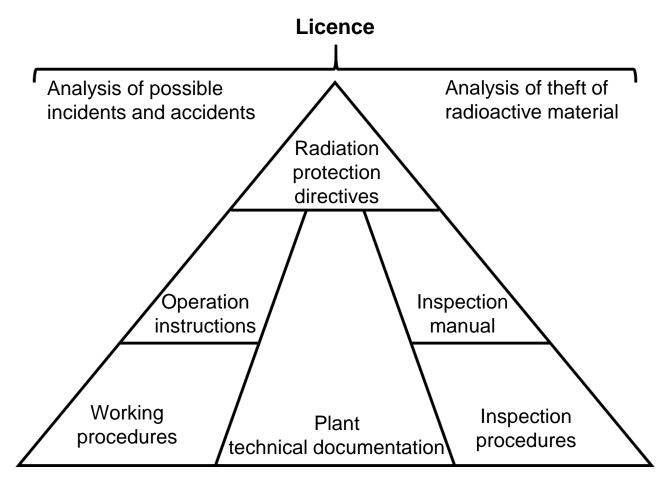
The Licence for Operation of TLK: Past - Present



License (§12 StrlSchG)	T1/93	T6/07 (12/2019)
H-3 (g)	10	40
H-3 (Bq)	≈3.5 E15	≈1.4 E16
H-3 fumehood	-	1.0 E10
U-238 (kg)	100	100
Rb-83 (Bq)	-	1.0 E10
Rb-84 (Bq)	-	5.0 E9
Covering	Original installations (expired)	TLK/KATRIN (valid)



The Licence for Operation of TLK: Administrative Frame



Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

Administrative rules:

Implementation of safety framework into daily work

- Addressing § 45 StrlSchVO (radiation protection directives)
- Organisation
- Radiation protection & handling of radioactive substances
- Formal procedures for operation & experiments

Technical rules:

Implementation of design, construction and quality requirements

- Technical Terms of Delivery and Acceptance (TLA)
- Technical Editing process

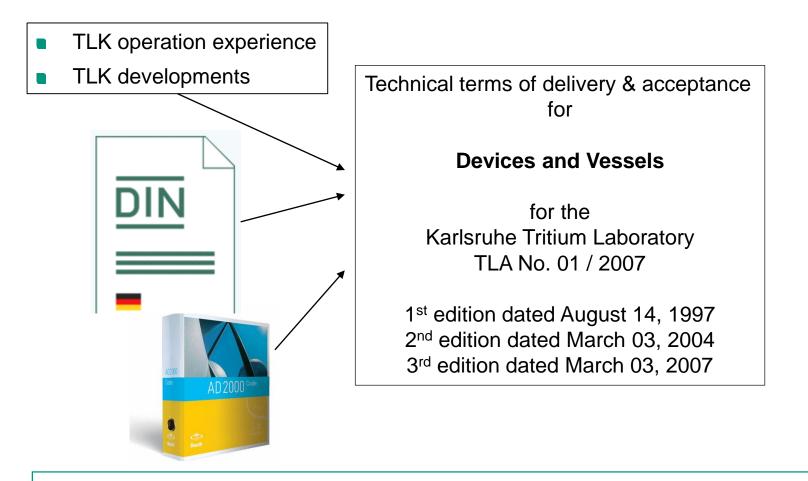
Safety Framework:

Set of rules summarising the administrative and technical requirements to comply with tritium license



The Licence for Operation of TLK: Technical Standards





Requirements for containments:

- Design, Planning & Manufacturing
 - Welding
 - Tritium facing materials
 - Leak rates
 - Type of Fittings
 - Type of Surfaces
- QA requirements:
 - Radiography
 - Leak test
 - Cleanliness

Technical terms of delivery & acceptance: Implementation of DIN-, EN-, ISO- Norms, AD2000 and TLK experience as a TLK Technical Standard



The Licence for Operation of TLK: Tritium Technical Requirements







Requirements:

Primary containment:

- <1•10⁻⁸ mbar | s⁻¹
- Limited choice for tritium facing materials (metallic or ceramic)
- Very strict QA requirements

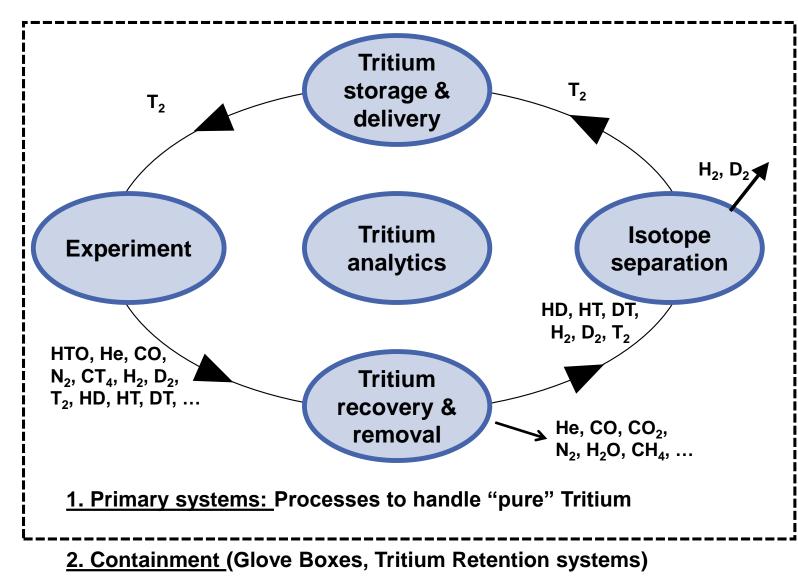
Glove box (2. containment):

- 0.1 %_{vol} h⁻¹
- Polymer allowed
- Less strict QA requirements

Technical standardisation in administration, design requirements and implementation



Tritium Confinement: Basics





Requirements:

Primary containment:

- <1 10⁻⁸ mbar l s⁻¹
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- Very strict QA requirements

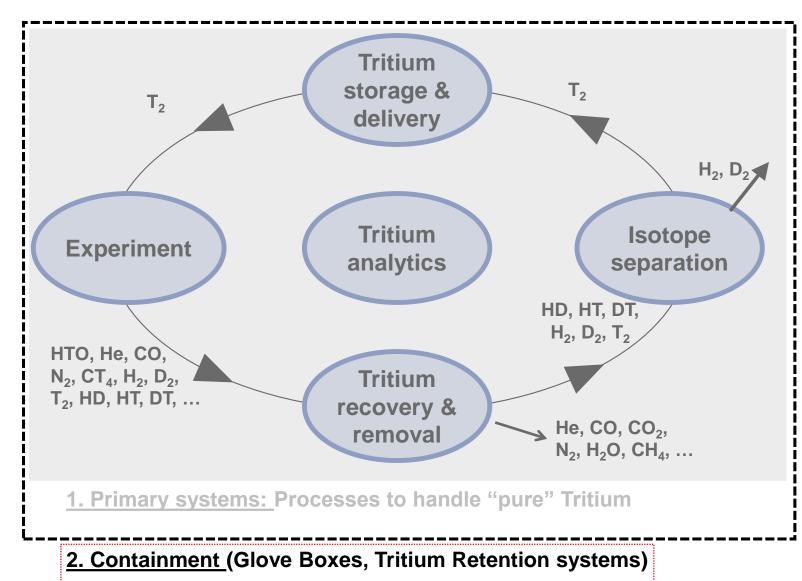
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Implementation of Multi Barrier Philosophy provides reliable tritium confinement



Tritium Confinement: Basics





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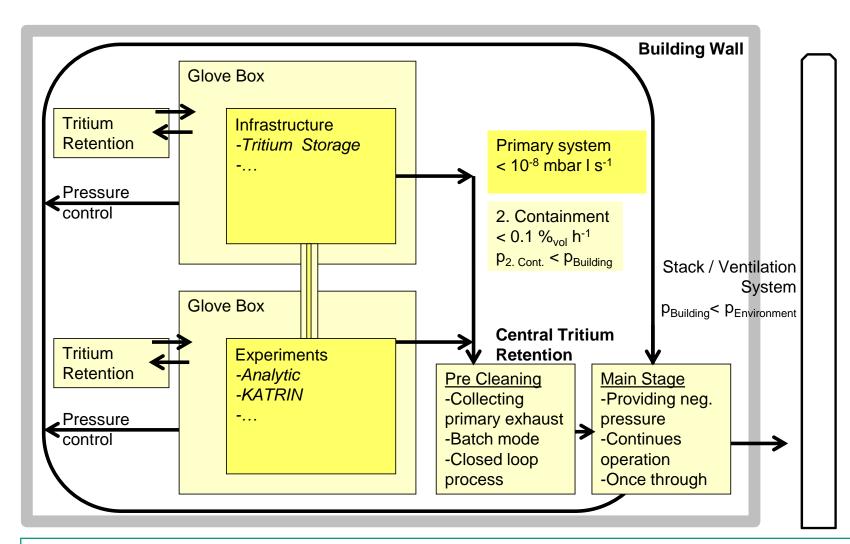
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Implementation of Multi Barrier Philosophy provides reliable tritium confinement



Barrier concept: 2. Containment





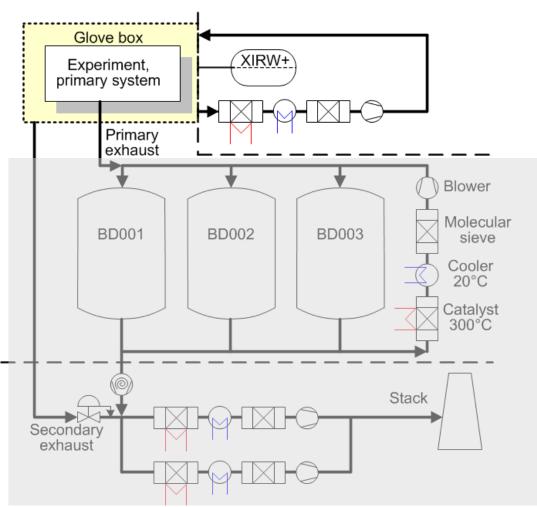
2. Containment :

- Glove Box
- Double wall tubing connecting systems
- Tritium retention systems (central and individual systems)
- Below atmospheric pressure control

Implementation of Multi Barrier Philosophy provides reliable tritium confinement



2. Containment: Tritium Retention Systems



Reliable detritiation before exhaust

Individual for glove box

- Closed loop for one glove box
- Blower, catalyst & mol sieve number related to box volume
- Glove box atmosphere only

Central tritium retention

Pre cleaning stage

- Batch mode process
- Collecting primary exhaust

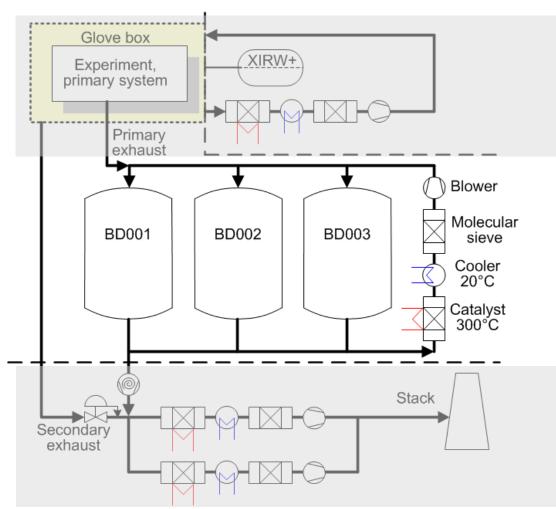
Main cleaning stage

- Once through continuous process
- All exhaust from pre cleaning and glove boxes
- Double redundancy
- Last clean-up stage before stack



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2. Containment: Tritium Retention Systems



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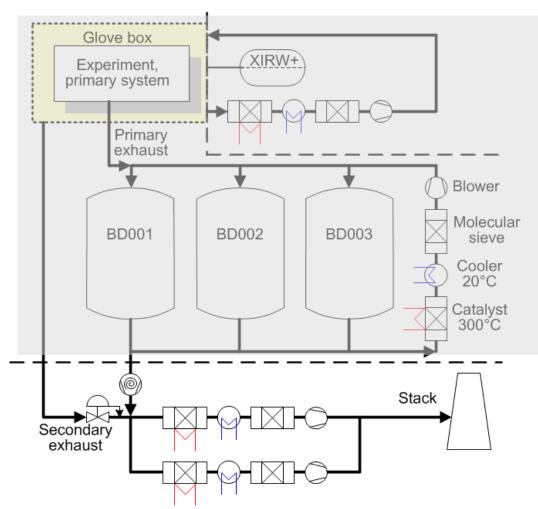
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Main cleaning stage

- Once through continuous process
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2. Containment: Glove Box



Glove box working conditions

- Below atmospheric pressure control at -3 mbar to -6 mbar
- Leak rate 0.1 %_{vol} h⁻¹
- Geometry as standardised as possible
- Smoke detectors
- Redundant activity measurement (IC)
- Humidity measurement
- Oxygen control (optional)
- Temperature monitoring
- Mostly standardised components
- Constant monitoring



Clean. Engineering. Expertise.

M. Braun Inertgas-Systeme GmbH Dieselstraße 31, 85748 Garching

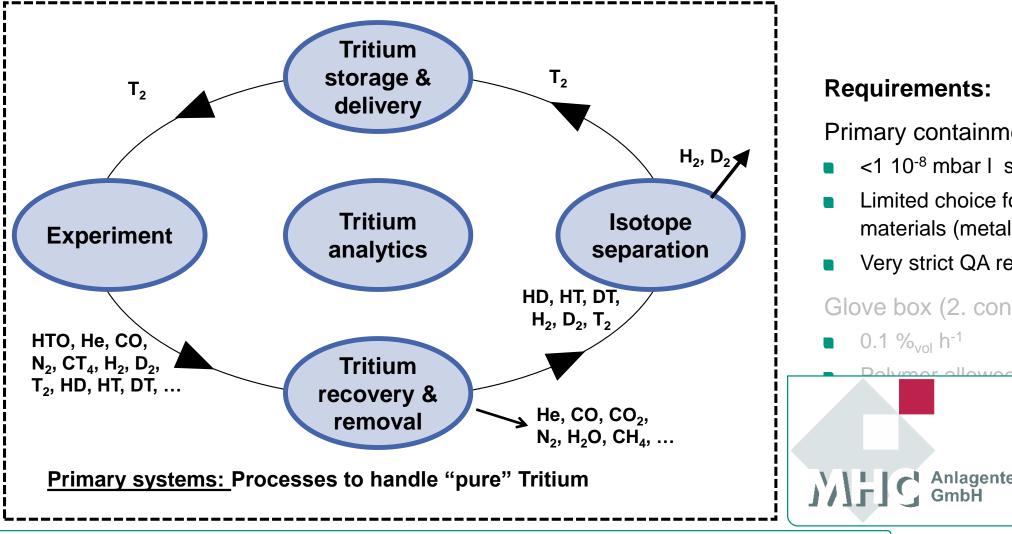


GS GLOVEBOX Systemtechnik GmbH Daimlerstraße 29-31, 76316 Malsch

Working safe, with a maximum of accessibility & flexibility on potentially highly contaminated components



Tritium Processing: Basics





Requirements:

Primary containment:

- <1 10⁻⁸ mbar | s⁻¹
- Limited choice for tritium facing materials (metallic or ceramic)
- Very strict QA requirements

Glove box (2. containment):

0.1 %_{vol} h⁻¹

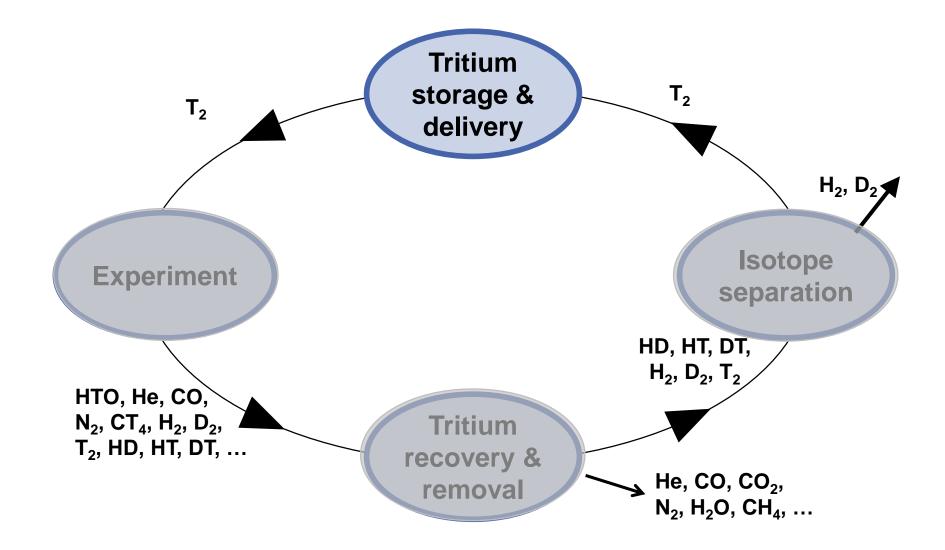
Anlagentechnik GmbH

Implementation of Closed Loop Philosophy provides efficient tritium handling



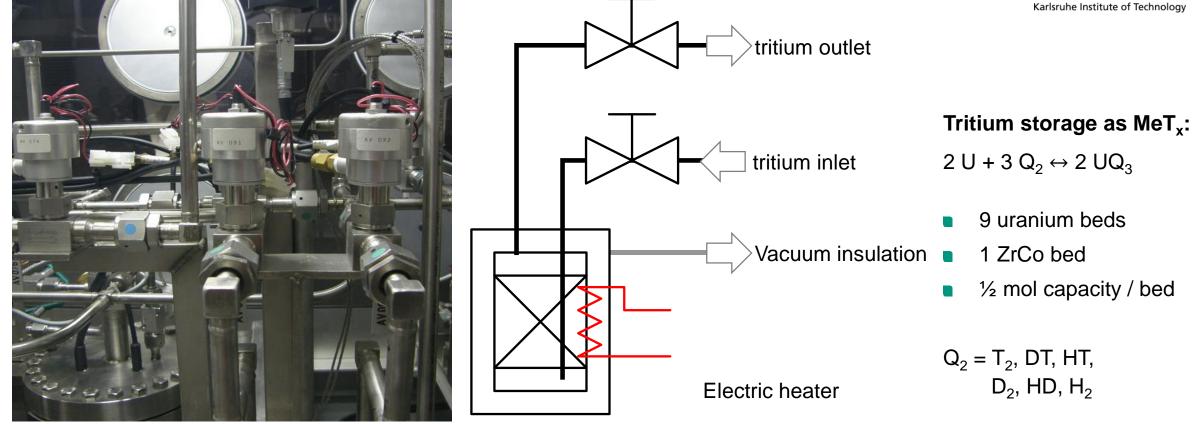
Tritium Processing:





Tritium Processing: T₂ Storage



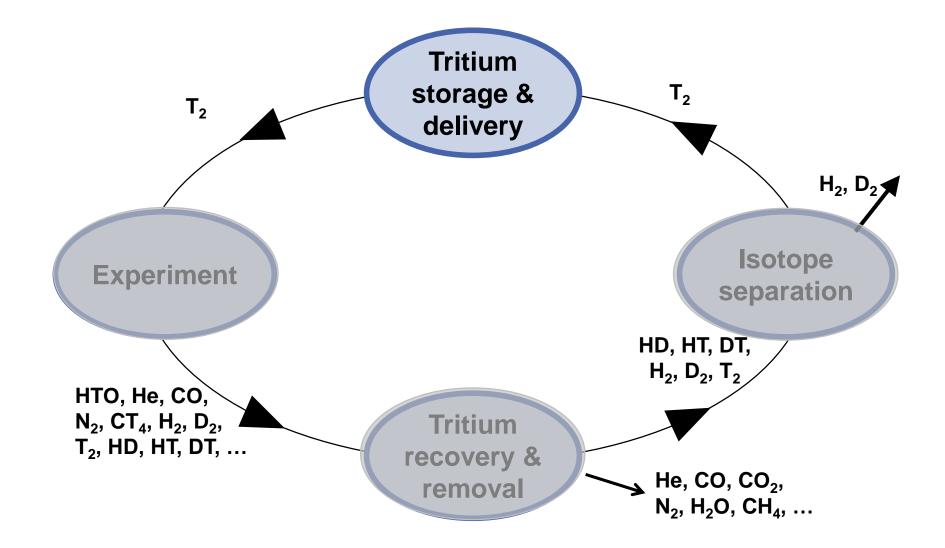


Secure storage of tritium in the solid phase



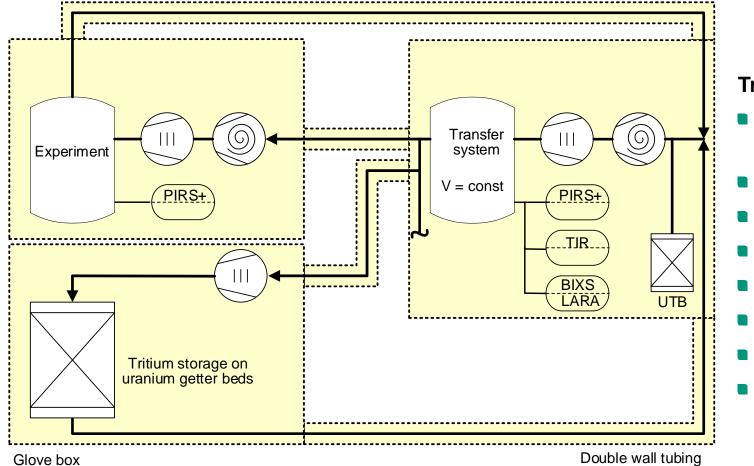
Tritium Processing:







Tritium Processing: T₂ Transfer System & accountancy





Tritium transfer system:

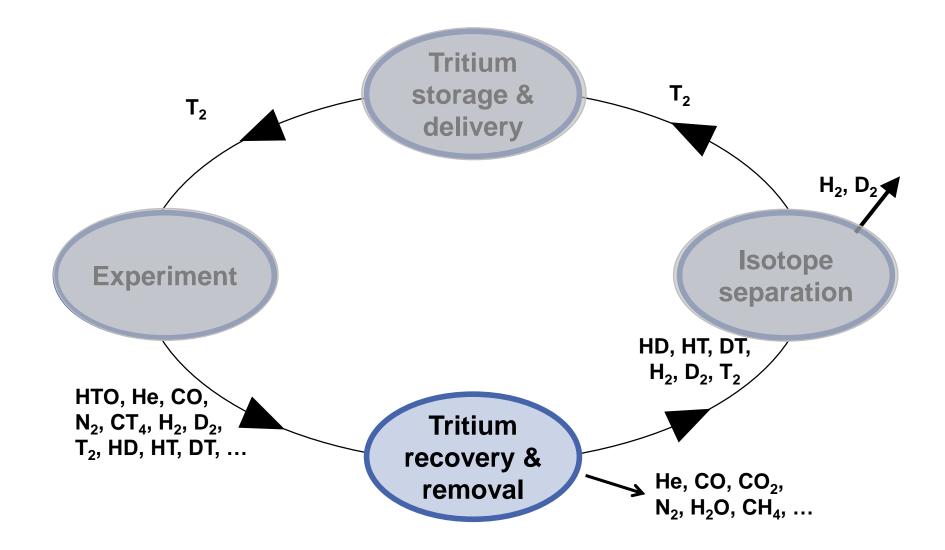
- Distribution hub for tritium from storage & external supply
- Accepting tritium from external (UTB)
- Precise measurement of volume
- Precise measurement of pressure
- Precise measurement of temperature
- \rightarrow pVT for determination of gas amount
- LARA, BIXS & calorimeter for analysis
- Tritium accountancy

Secure distribution of tritium and reliable accountancy



Tritium Processing:

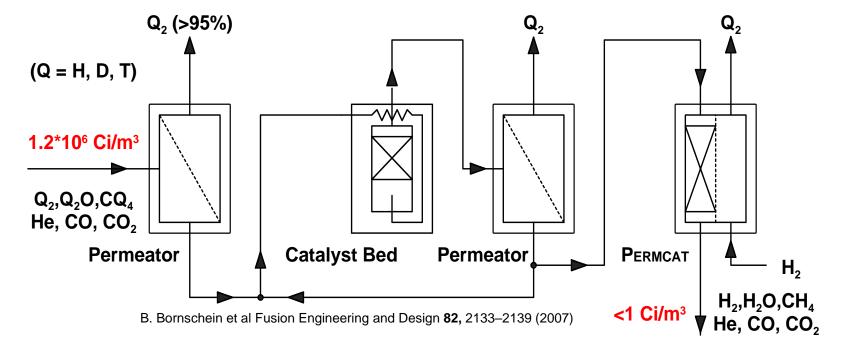






Tritium Processing: Tritium Purification in the CAPER System





3 stage process having DF > 10^5

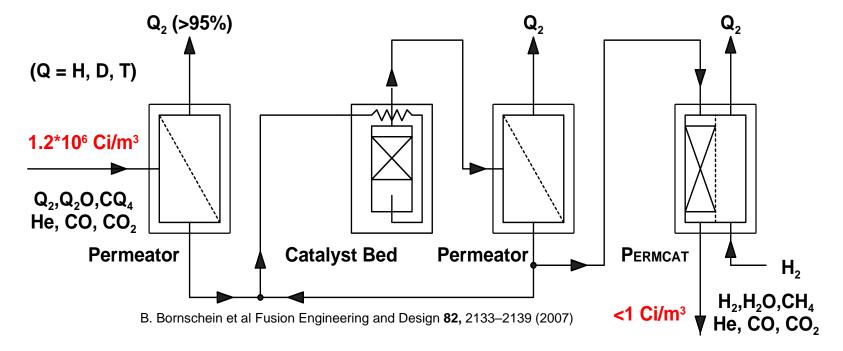
- Permeator: Quantitative removal of Q₂ trough Pd/Ag membrane
- Liberation of Q₂ from molecules (shifting equilibrium by recovery through Pd/Ag membrane)
- Counter current isotopic swamping: Simultaneous isotopic exchange and Q₂ recovery

CAPER: CAtalytic PuRifiCation Experiment / PERMCAT; T₂ recovery



Tritium Processing: Tritium Purification in the CAPER System





3 stage process having DF > 10^5

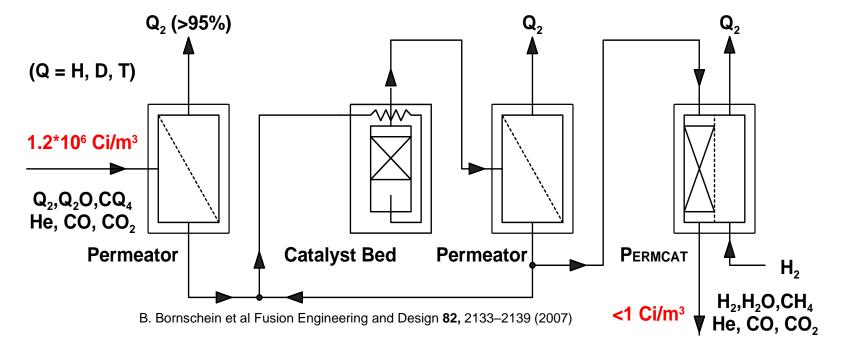
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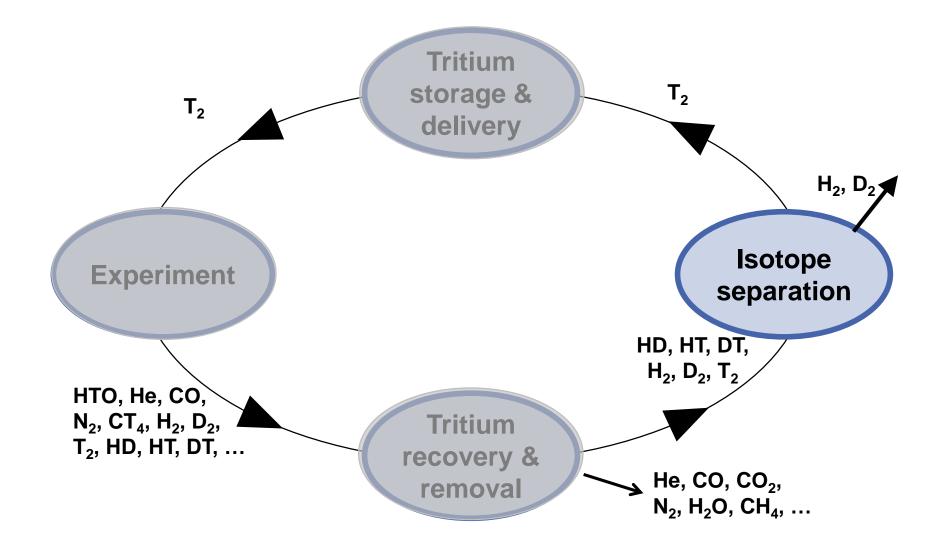
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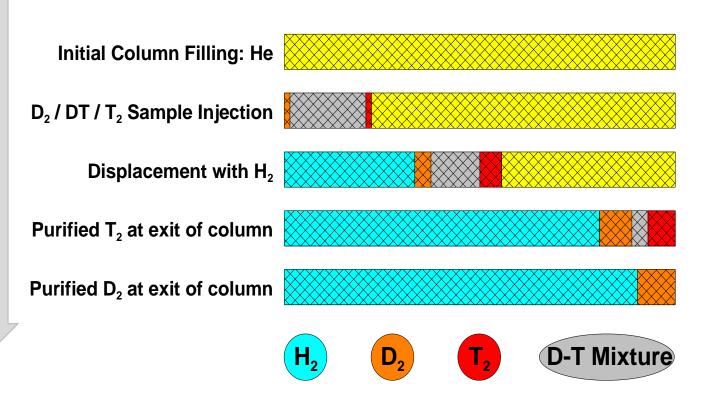
Tritium Processing: Isotope-separation







Tritium Processing: Isotope Separation System



Column, L = 6 m, D = 35 mm, 20 % Pd / AI_2O_3

Pure tritium without interfraction

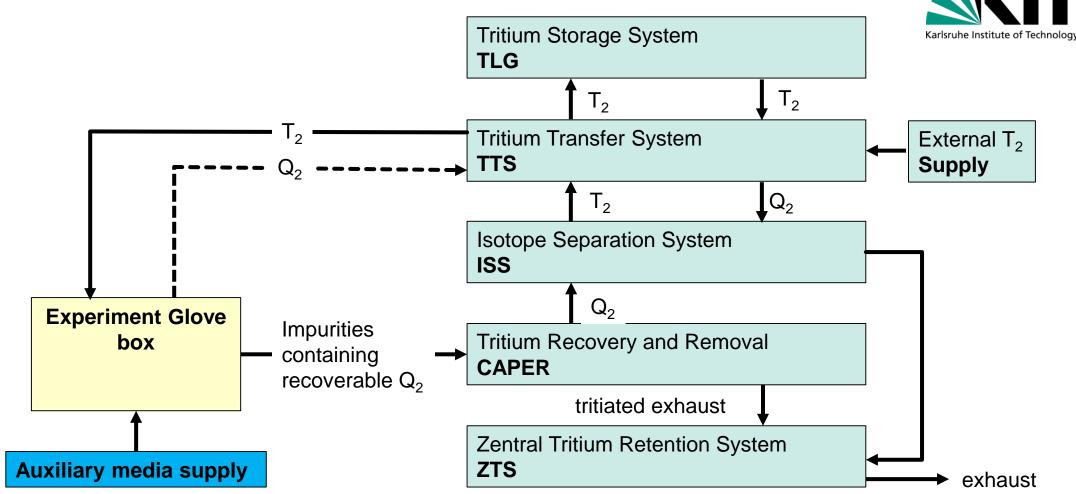


Displacement gas chromatography:

- Pd forms palladium-hydride
- Strong isotopic effect
- Lighter hydrogen isotope transferred to solid phase
- Heavier isotope remains preferably in the gas phase
- Operation at ambient conditions
- Detection of different fractions: TCD / IC



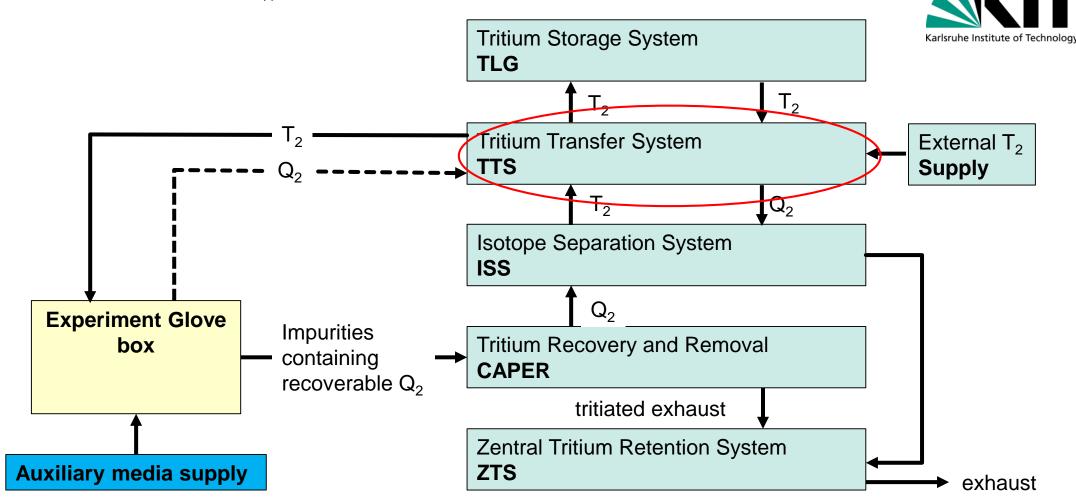
The actual TLK Tritium "LOOP"



Implementation of Tritium Loop: TTS is the "Kraken" distributing tritium with many arms



The actual TLK Tritium "LOOP"



Implementation of Tritium Loop: TTS is the "Kraken" distributing tritium with many arms



Updates in the TLK Tritium-Infrastructure over many years

Incomplete List of upgrades:

- ISS: From carrier gas chromatography to displacement gas chromatography separator
- TLG / TTS from grab sample to LARA to μRA & BIXS
- ISS-DGC from grab sample to in line measurement
- CAPER from experiment to infrastructure
- LARA / BIXS / μRA: From science to tool of daily use

Future Infrastructure upgrades being set up:

- Purpose build isotope recovery
- Infrastructure extension for waste handling

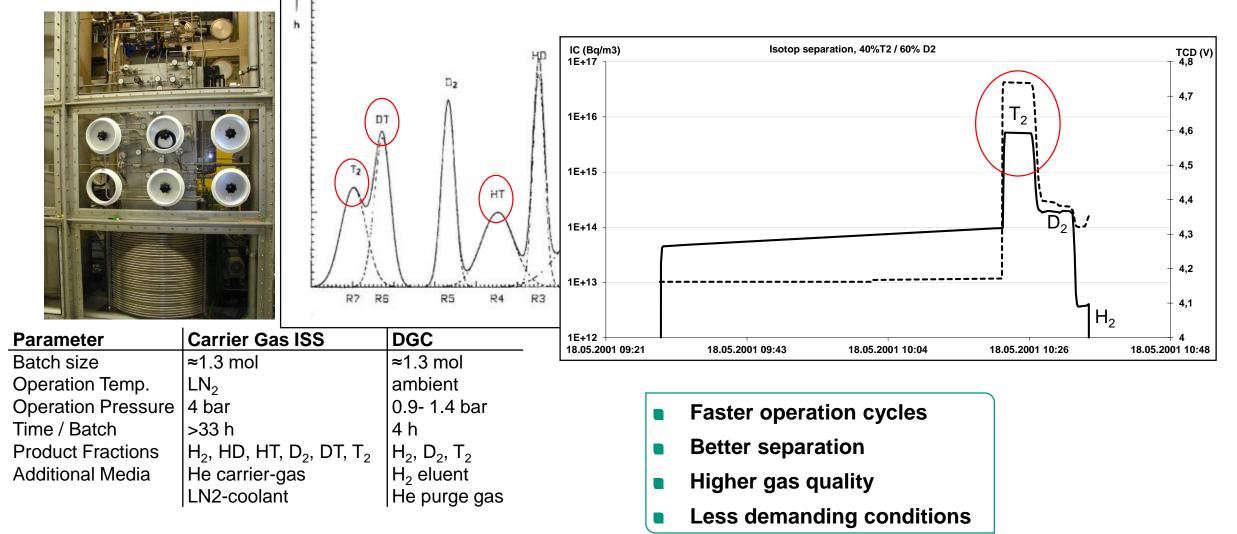


Implementation of experience & adaptation of infrastructure to meet new challenges



ISS / DGC: From Preparative Carrier Gas based separator to Displacement Gas Chromatography







Tritium Laboratory

Karlsruhe

CAPER Facility: From Experiment to daily Service Provider





From experiment to a daily service provider:

- On demand isotope recovery
- Filter between experiments & ISS
- Still available for experiments other then KATRIN
- Providing training for operators
- Analytical section updated
- Glove box space needs to be optimized
- Piping needs to be optimized

Valuable facility for lab operation, science and expanding operational experience



Updates in the TLK Tritium-Infrastructure: From Grab Sampling to Online Measurement in TTS, ISS/DGC, CAPER



Advantages:

- Information online and nearly immediately in the different processes
- Less sampling time
- No tritium loss from sampling
- No samples moved between boxes, no risk of contamination
- Easy to operate





Development with industry of a tritium compatible interface flange, now commercially available

Enabling operator decision making during tritium processing regarding next process steps



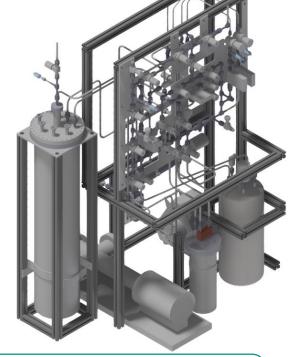
Infrastructure development: Down scaled, purpose build Isotope Recovery



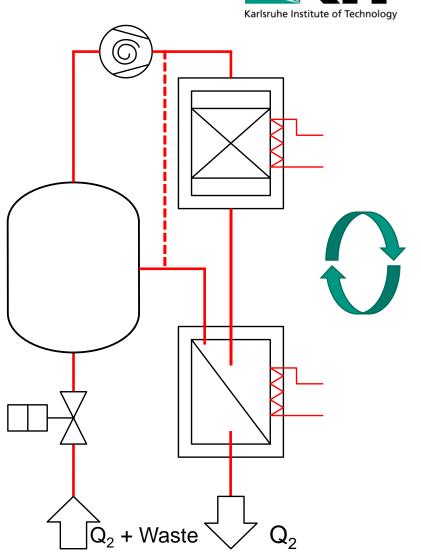
Tritium Laboratory

Karlsruhe





- Efficient facility to separate hydrogen isotopes from waste
- Reduction of components by ≈70% to previous facility
- Easier to maintain
- Simpler to operate
- CAPER facility free to address scientific tasks

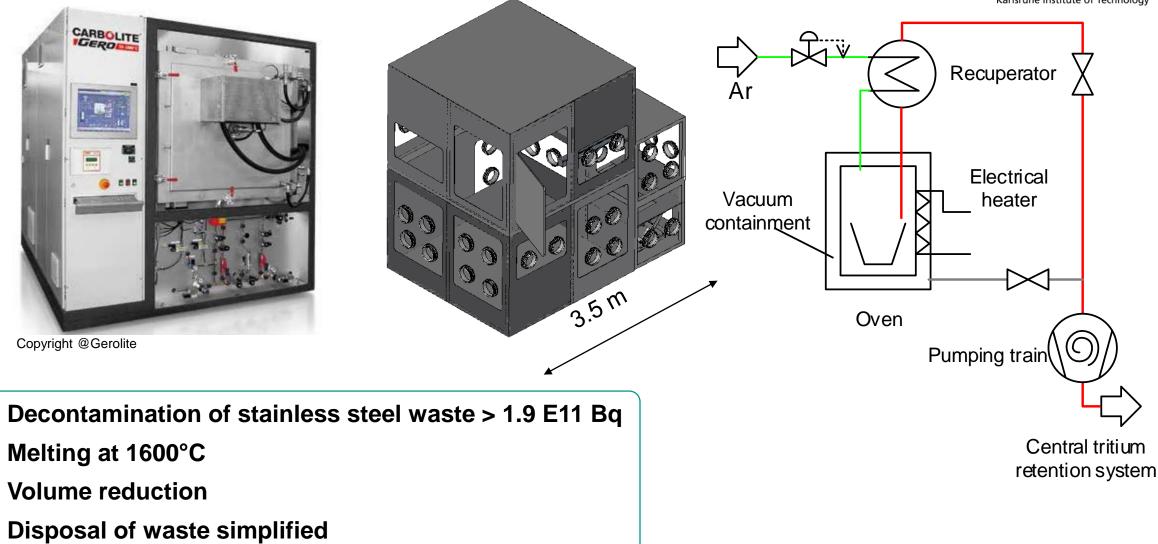


Infrastructure development for Waste Handling: Thermal Decontamination System



Tritium Laboratory

Karlsruhe

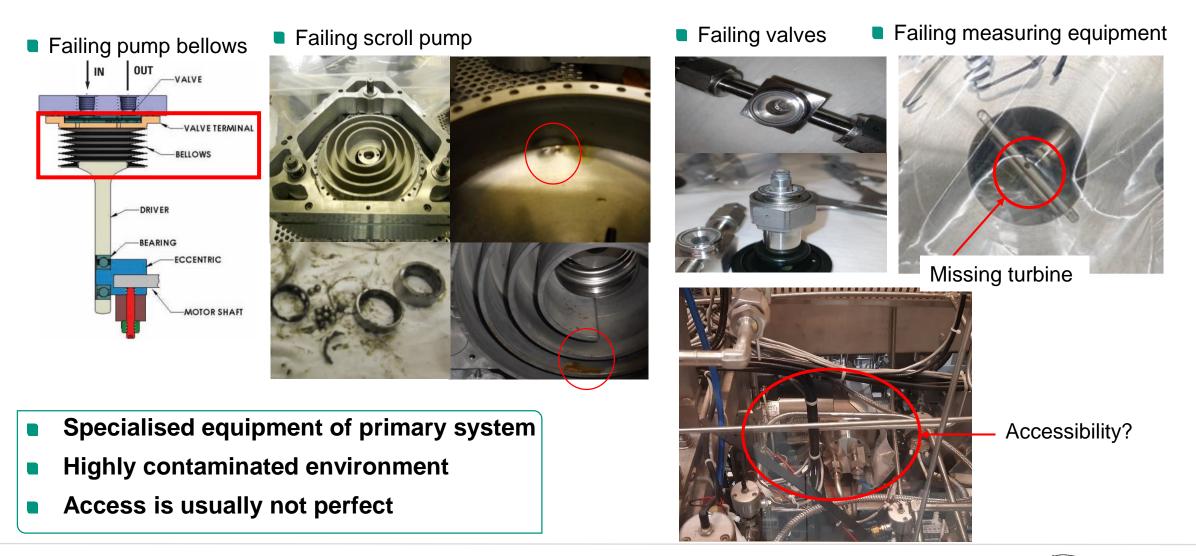


We break highly contaminated equipment & and have to repair it



Tritium Laboratory

Karlsruhe



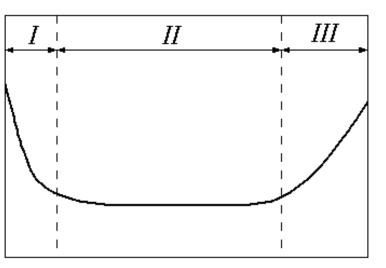
We break highly contaminated equipment & and have to repair it





Intervention tool

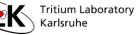




Quelle: https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/a/a9/Badewannenkurve.mg

- Make reliability & accessibility part of the design
- Choosing components: Do lifetime comparison with planed experiment
- Gain experience how long tritium facing components live
- Do a thorough HD commissioning, testing reliability & accessibility
- Design intervention tools to provide accessibility
- Get a bunch of guys experienced with tritium





Supporting Science: Tritium Experiments supported

An incomplete list of experiments & tasks supported:

- KATRIN (Karlsruhe Tritium Neutrino Experiment)
- PETRA (Long-term permeator experiment)
- CAPER / CAPRICE (Catalytic Purification Experiment)
- HITEX (High-temperature process for recovering tritium)
- TRENTA (CECE / CD WDS system)
- Different Membrane reactor developments: Permeators, PERMCAT, zeolite-membranes for tritium recovery)
- TRANSAT (Tritium barrier development)
- Analytics development
- Decommissioning and disposal of tritium experiments (ALTEX / OMEGATRON...)
- Atomic Tritium Source



- Support in design, planning & ensuring licencing conformity
- Manufacturing & assembly supervision
- Support in preparation & performance of experiments
- Tritium supply, purification, enrichment & accountancy
- Recurring inspections
- Decommissioning and disposal

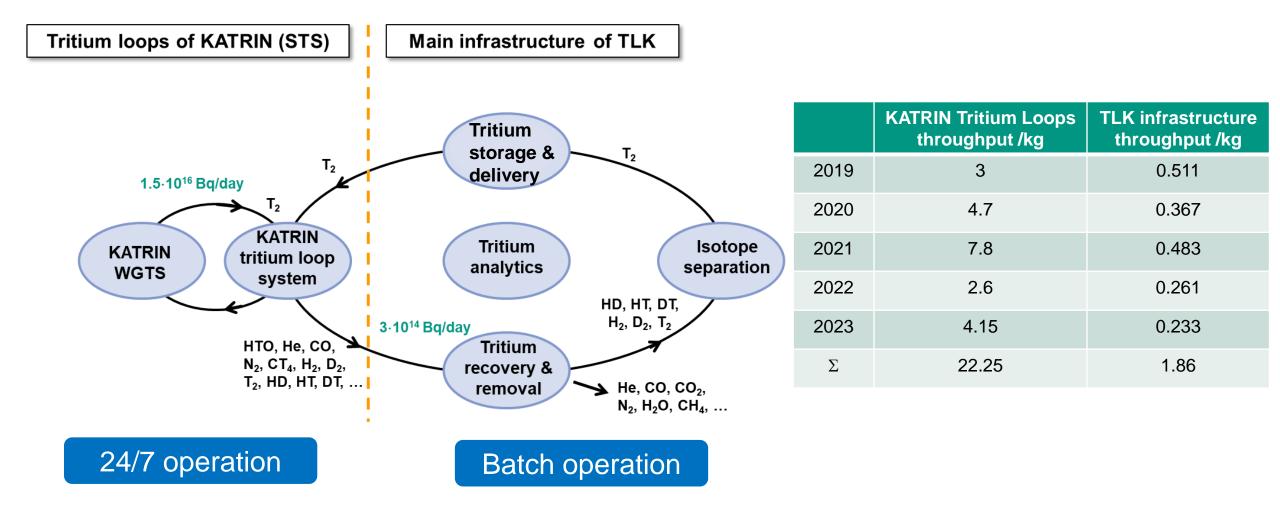


Supporting Science: Status of Tritium Loops operations & performance



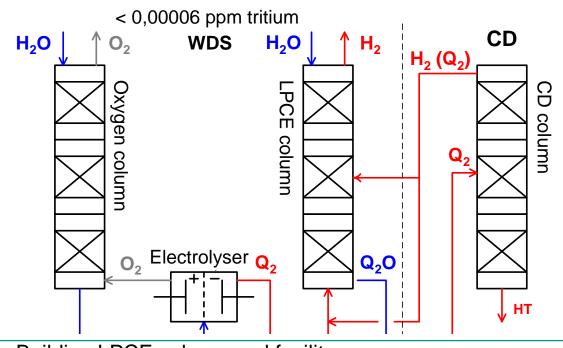
Tritium Laboratory

Karlsruhe

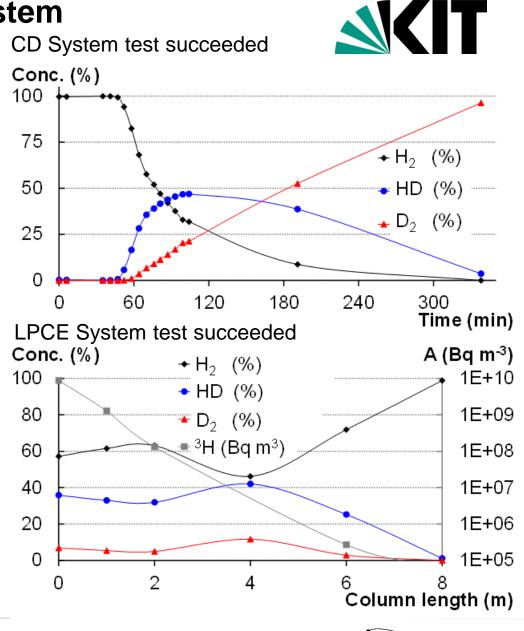




Supporting Science: TRENTA CECE WDS system



- Building LPCE column and facility
- Modifying electrolyser to be tritium compatible
- Building CD column and system
- Running experiments
- Demonstrating combined operation of LPCE and CD system
- System performs as expected in combined operation

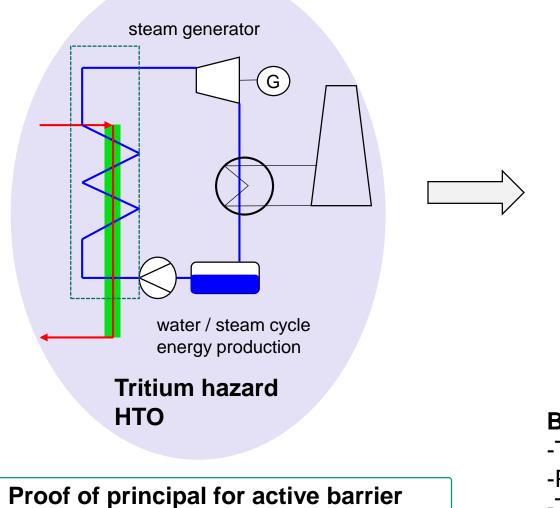


Tritium Laboratory

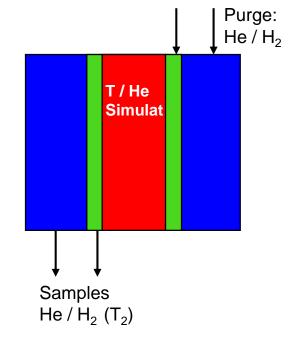
Karlsruhe

Supporting Science: Tritium Permeation Barrier





Central chamber = Tritium sample Purged gap = Barrier Jacket = Goal: Tritium mitigation



Basic experimental parameters:

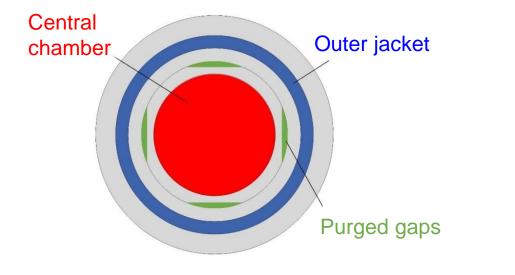
- -Temperature: 450 °C
- -Pressure: 70 bar
- -T₂ activity: 1E13 Bq



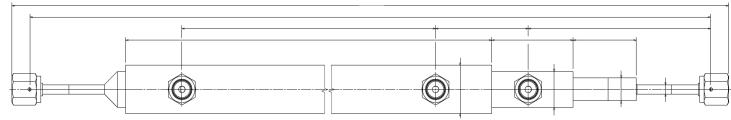
Supporting Science: Tritium Permeation Barrier

- Triple coaxial pipe in pipe configuration
- Purged gaps remove permeating tritium (= active barrier)









B&C Tech Solution Timisoara, Romania

Tritium Laboratory

Karlsruhe

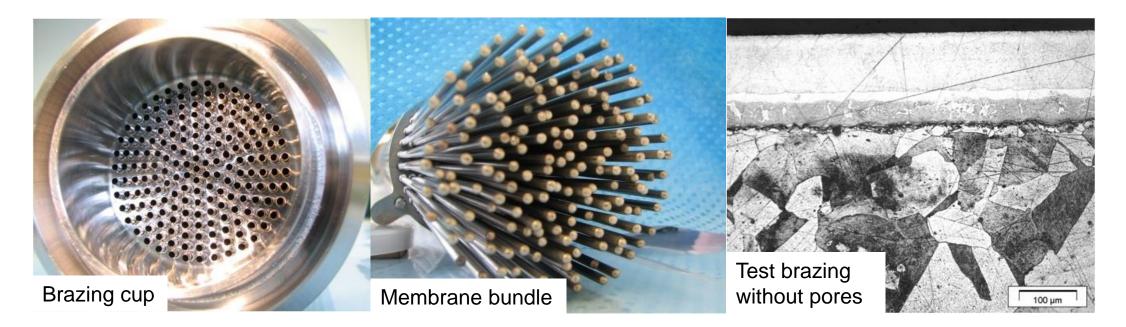
- Manufactured according to TLK technical terms of delivery and acceptance & Pressure Equipment Directive
- **Proof of principal for active barrier**



42

Supporting Science: Permeator & PERMCAT Development





- Designing and building different evolutions types of reactors
- Experimental validation of design & manufacturing methods for different applications



30 Years of TLK: Tritium-infrastructure Summary

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

- Gained lots of experience in operation
- We train and maintain experienced operators, engineers and scientists
- TLK developed a solid and comprehensive concept for administration and operation
- A solid framework of administrative & technical rules gives lots of room for operation and also making mistakes without serious consequences
- The barrier concept has been validated many times, providing both safety and flexibility
- The TLK tritium loop concept has been validated many times, providing both safety, efficiency and flexibility
- Standardisation in as many sectors of tritium operation, specialised solution when necessary
- We have a modular concept to be adaptable

TLK can serve as a blueprint for tritium / isotope handling facilities



30 Years of TLK: Thank you very much

- To all the colleagues at TLK
- To reliable Industry



Dieselstraße 31, 85748 Garching



GS GLOVEBOX Systemtechnik GmbH Daimlerstraße 29-31, 76316 Malsch





Tritium Laboratory

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