The Transient and Variable Gamma-ray Sky with CTA









Very-High Energy Gamma-ray Astronomy

Connection photon astronomy, cosmic-ray physics, astrophysical neutrinos, gravitational waves



Transients & Variables

Detected at energies > 10 GeV





Shower image, 100 GeV y-ray adapted from: F. Schmidt, J. Knapp, "CORSIKA Shower Images", 2005, https://www-zeuthen.desy.de/~jknapp/fs/showerimages.html Mitchell 2021 (arxiv:2109.13753)

Cherenkov Telescope Array (CTA)

- next generation ground-based observatory for gamma-ray astronomy at very high energies
- 55 telescope (alpha configuration) on two sites in the Northern and Southern hemispheres (La Palma, Spain; Paranal, Chile)
- designed and built by a large international collaboration with CTAO as central organisation
- DESY Zeuthen Science Data Management Centre of CTAO
- entering construction phase now

Alpha Configuration: 4 large-sized telescopes 9 mid-sized telescopes



Alpha Configuration: 14 mid-sized + 37 small-sized telescopes Beta: +2-3 large-size + 5 small-sized telescopes

- large energy range (20 GeV to > 300 TeV)
- large field of view (>8 deg) for surveys
- all sky coverage (two sites)

CTA ARRAY SITES

• precision in direction (') and energy

CTA North

- rapid slewing (30 s) for transients
- x10 sensitivity



Paranal, Chile

and the second s

Vulcano Llullaillaco 6739 m, 190 km east

Cherenkov Telescope Array Site

Cerro Paranal Very Large Telescope



New observatories across all wavelengths and messengers: gravitational waves, neutrinos, optical transients (Vera Rubin, UltraSat), Radio (SKAO), ...

CTA Observatory

first open access observatory for very-high energy astronomy

CTAO



1300 observation hours / year 3 PB / year + 20 PB simulation data

CTA and Open Science



- community standards for data formats (DL3) developed for CTA
 - towards long-term data accessibility of data from current instruments (HESS, MAGIC, VERITAS, HAWC, FACT, ...)
 - e.g., VERITAS data archive 2006-2021: 500 TB raw data -> 4 GB event lists + instrument response functions (MU - ADC-MAPP)
- open software for high-level science: gammapy

RS Ophiuchi

- first nova detection with ground-based observatories
- recurrent symbiotic nova
 - ~15 years period
 - white dwarf embedded in red giant wind
 - outburst on 2021, Aug 21
- MAGIC, HESS, CTA-LST1 detections
- modelling seems to favour hadronic acceleration scenarios





CTA LST1 Data!!!

CTA LST Consortium Abe et al 2023



- Took many years to detect first pulsar with MAGIC and VERITAS at very-high energies
- CTA LST did this during commissioning!
- (only 4 pulsars known at very-high energies)

Gamma-ray bursts

First gamma-ray bursts detected at 10s of GeV by MAGIC, HESS, LHAASO, ...





H. Abdalla et al. (H.E.S.S.), ApJL 855:L22 (2017)

FS (CTA consortium), preliminary



CTAO and Variable / transient sources

- CTA opens new phase space for transient and variable source program - expect several new source classes! (especially in coordination with other instruments)
- The construction phase will start with final legal entity: CTAO European Research Infrastructure Consortium (ERIC)
 - ERIC operative in the coming 6 months
 - construction last about 5 years
- Early transient / variable source science operations during construction phase.
 - LST-1 Prototype on La Palma with first science results.
 - MST Pathfinder project in Paranal



Gamma-ray Binaries



Microquasar



Mirabel 2012

clumpy winds, transient accretion disks, disk/jet precession, quiescence/flaring periods, ...

goal to understand acceleration processes, environment, pulsar wind and jet properties, dynamical changes

Gamma-ray Binaries







Sensitivity x10 Angular resolution x3

Note! Prepared with non-CTA reconstruction software

Cherenkov Telescope Array

Small-size telescope 4-5 m diameter >5 TeV large field of view large collection area Mid-size telescope 12 m diameter 90 GeV to 10 TeV large field of view precision instrument

Large-size telescope 23 m diameter >20 GeV rapid slewing (<50s)