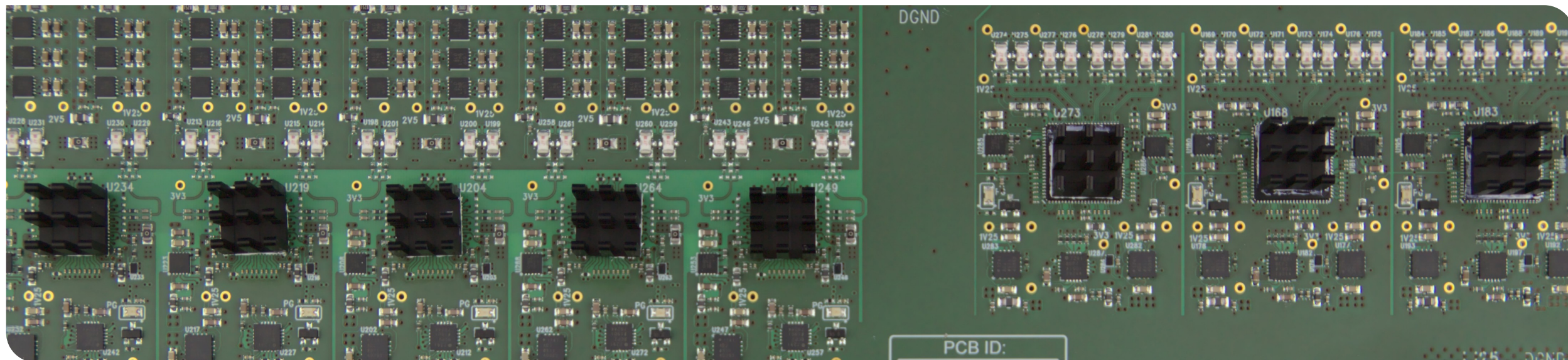




Radio Frequency Electronics for Scalable Superconducting Quantum Circuit Interfacing

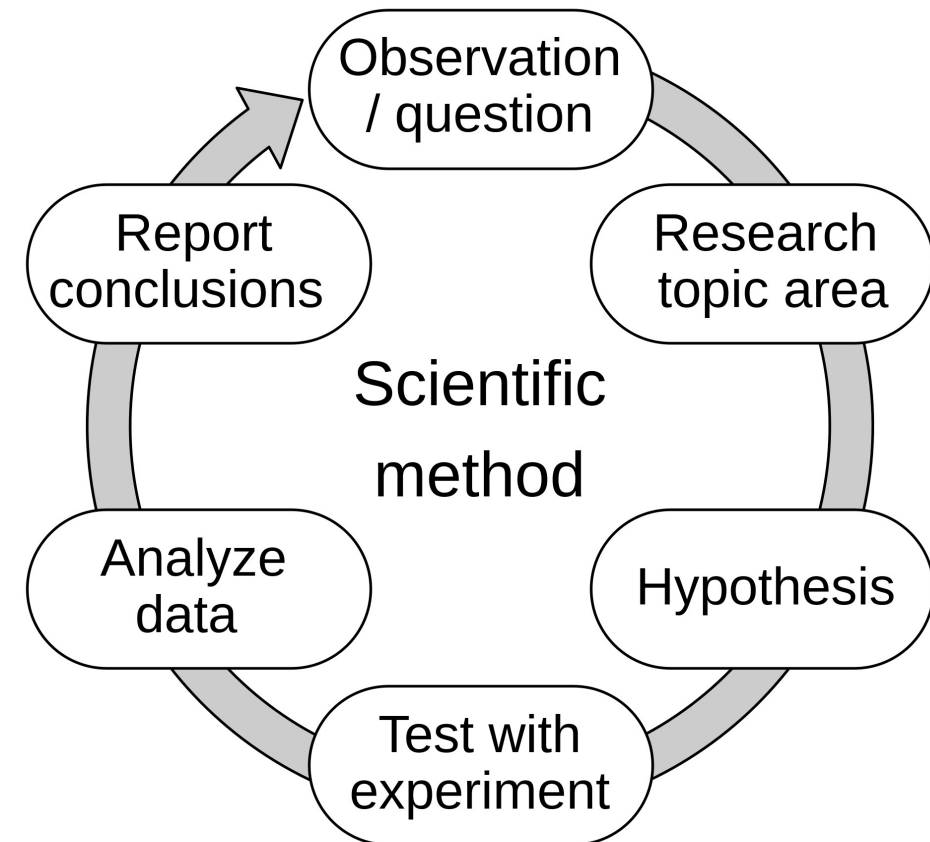
Robert Gartmann

Institute for Data Processing and Electronics



How to: Science

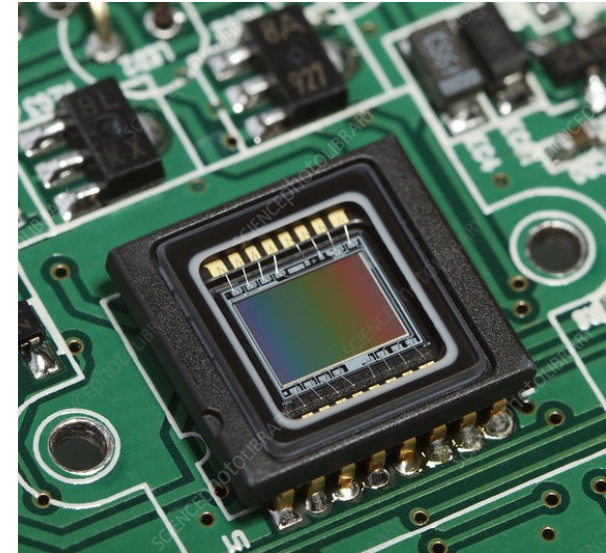
- Vaguely two fields:
Theory & Experiment
- Back and forth => discovery
- Model building: Math, Statistics, ...
- Recently more simulations



[[wikimedia.org](https://www.wikimedia.org)]

Experimentalists Need Sensors

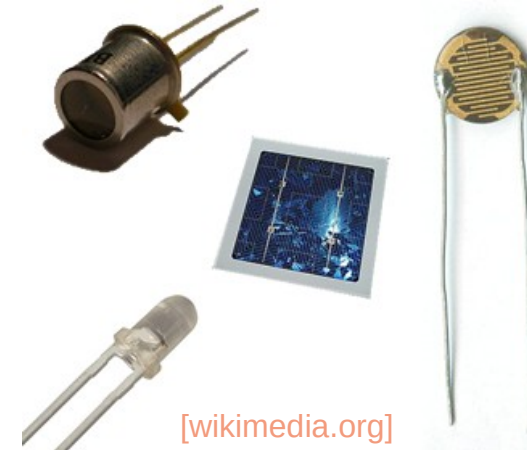
- Measurements continuously evolve
- Energy frontiers shifted
- Statistics increasingly important
- Rate, resolution, dead time, noise, ...
- What would the ideal sensor be?



[sciencephoto.com]



[wikimedia.org]



[wikimedia.org]



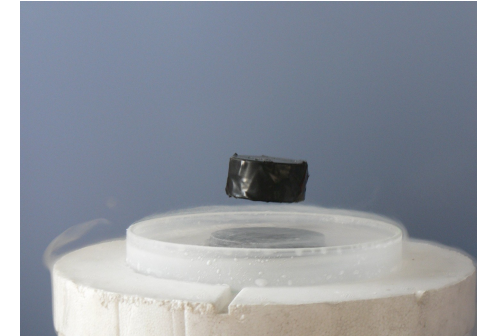
[wikimedia.org]

Cryogenic Sensing

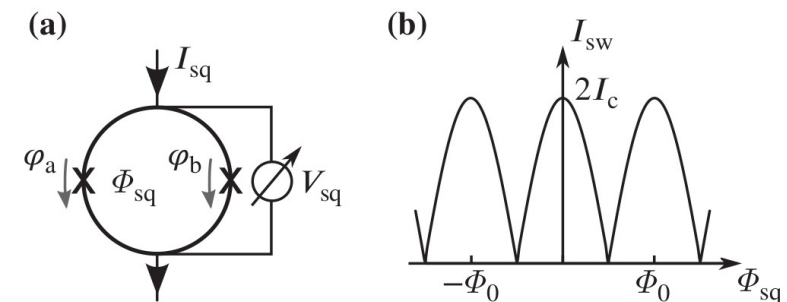
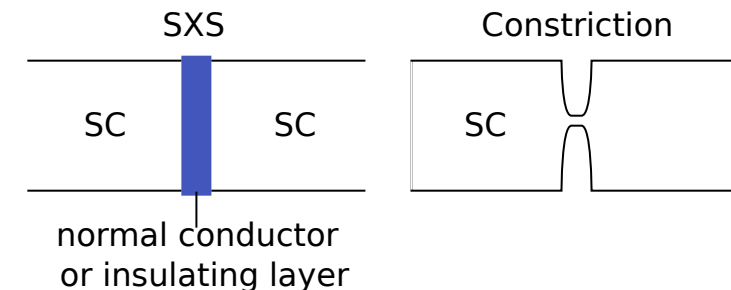
- Inherently low noise & loss
- Inherently tricky to interface
- Nudge system => build sensor

TES, KID, SQUID, ...

- Macroscopic quantum phenomena
- Josephson junction: nonlinear inductance
- Commonality: build resonator
- Multiplexing possible



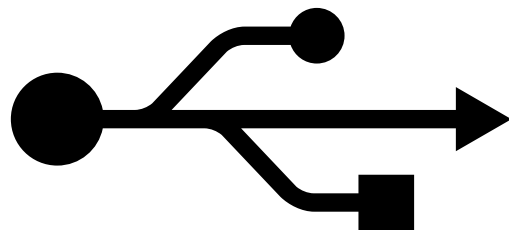
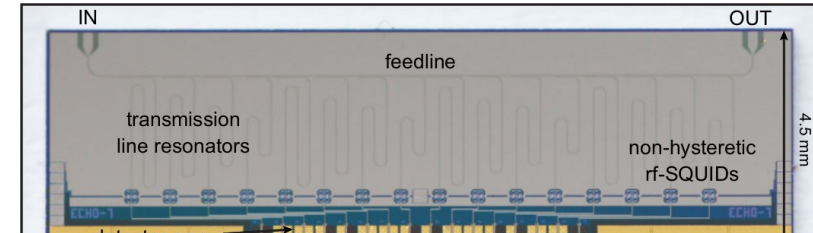
[wikimedia.org]



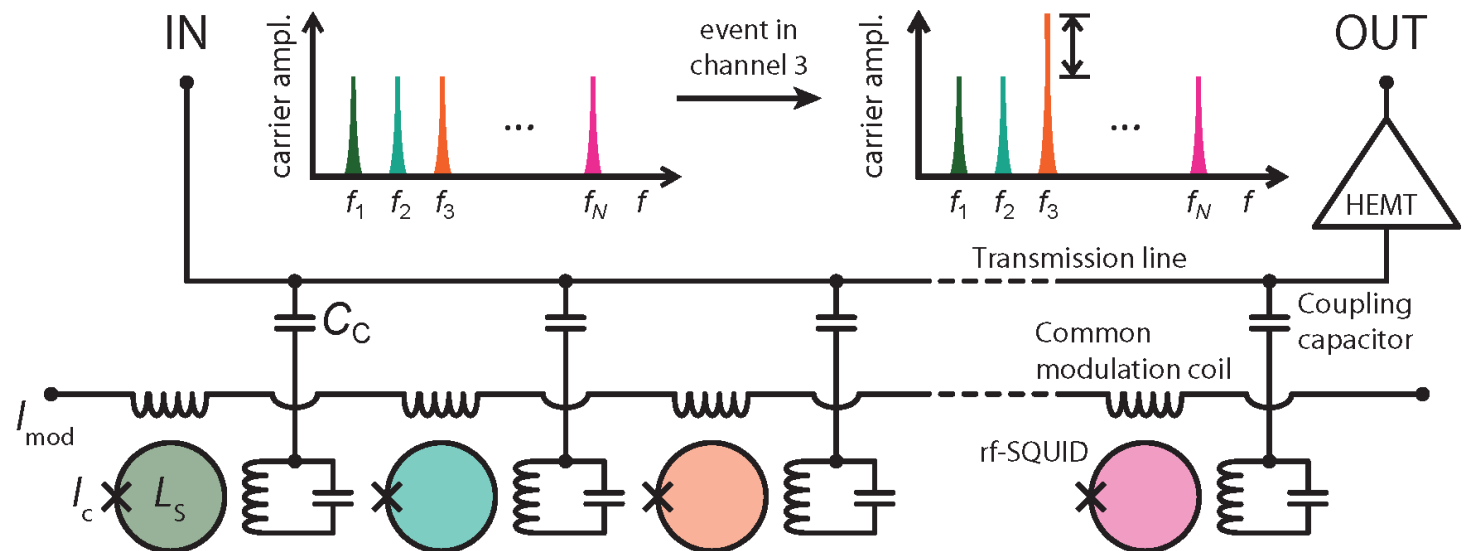
[bibliothek.kit.edu]

Solution: Flexible Signal Platform

- One-size fits-all possible?
- Different sensors, but common readout
- Demodulation?
- Number of sensors?
- How to tailor to experiment?



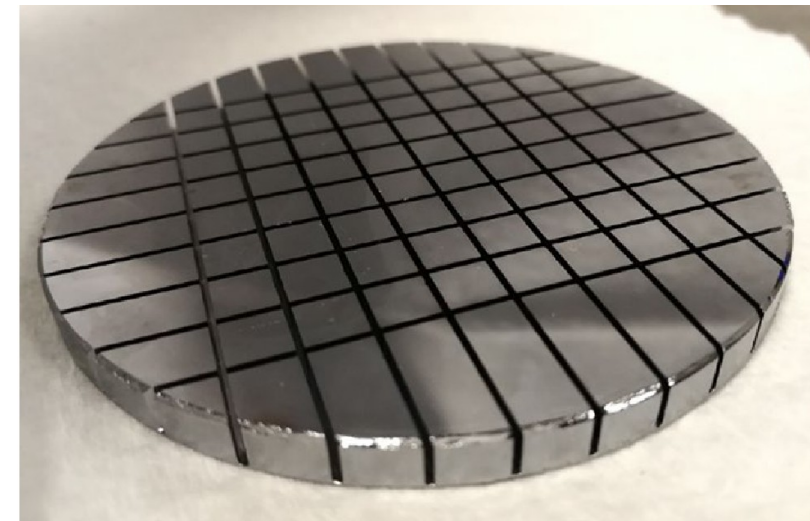
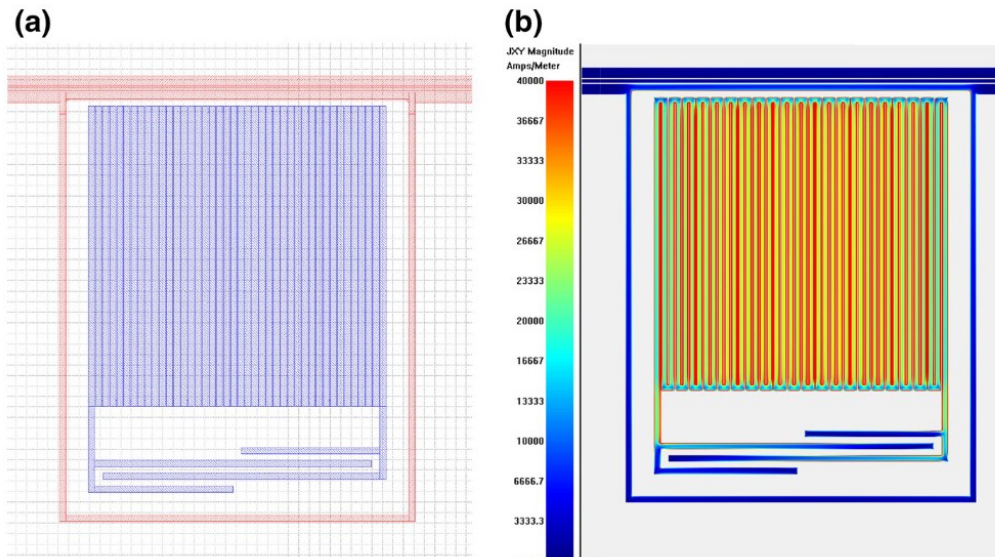
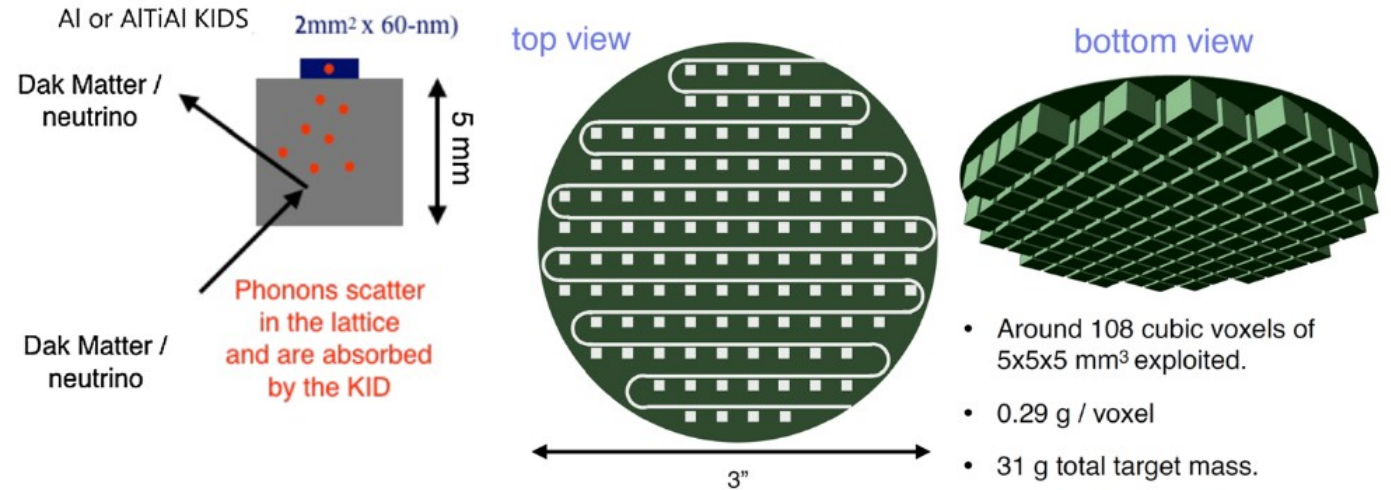
[[wikimedia.org](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:USB_Cable_Icon)]



[[DOI](#)]

BULLKID

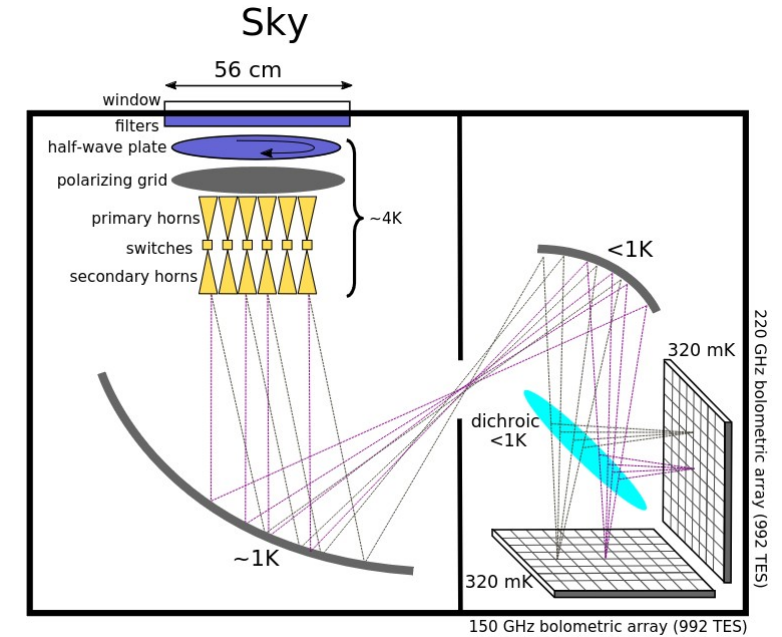
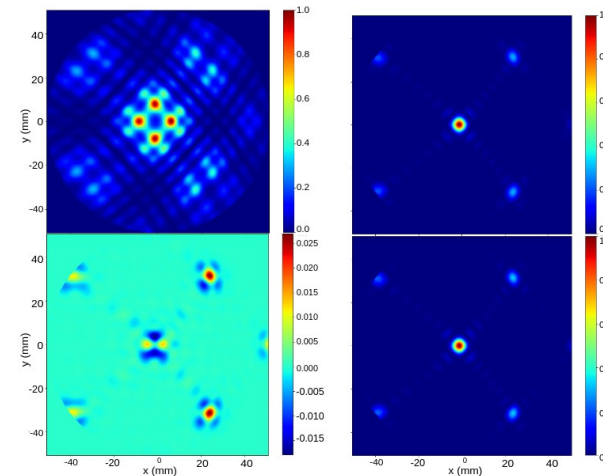
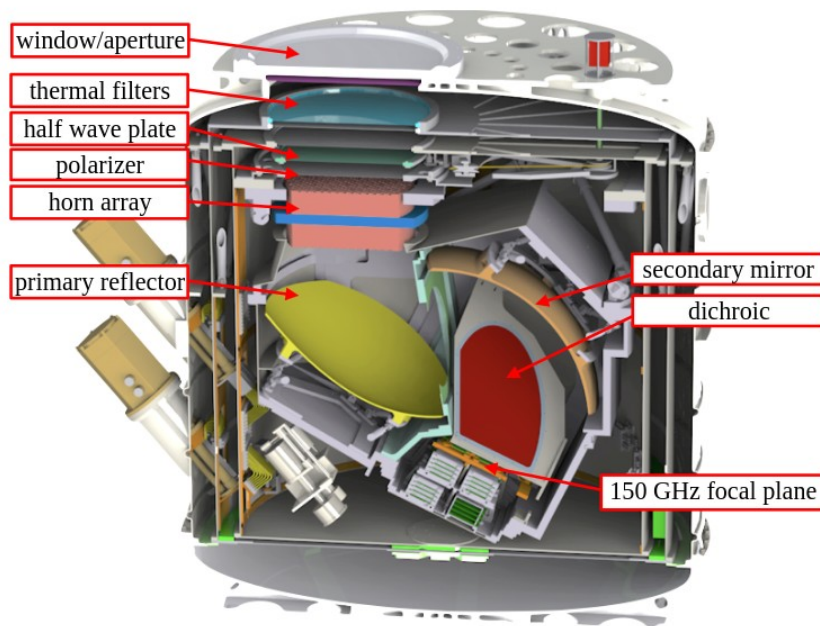
- Dark matter search
- Phonon based detection
- KID on silicon wafer
- Low activity environment



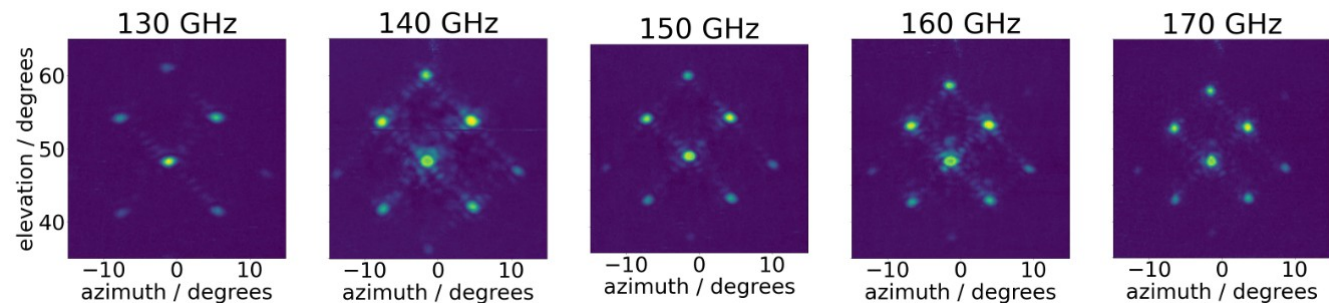
[Source]

QUBIC

- Cosmic microwave background analysis
- B-mode polarisation MMB based telescope

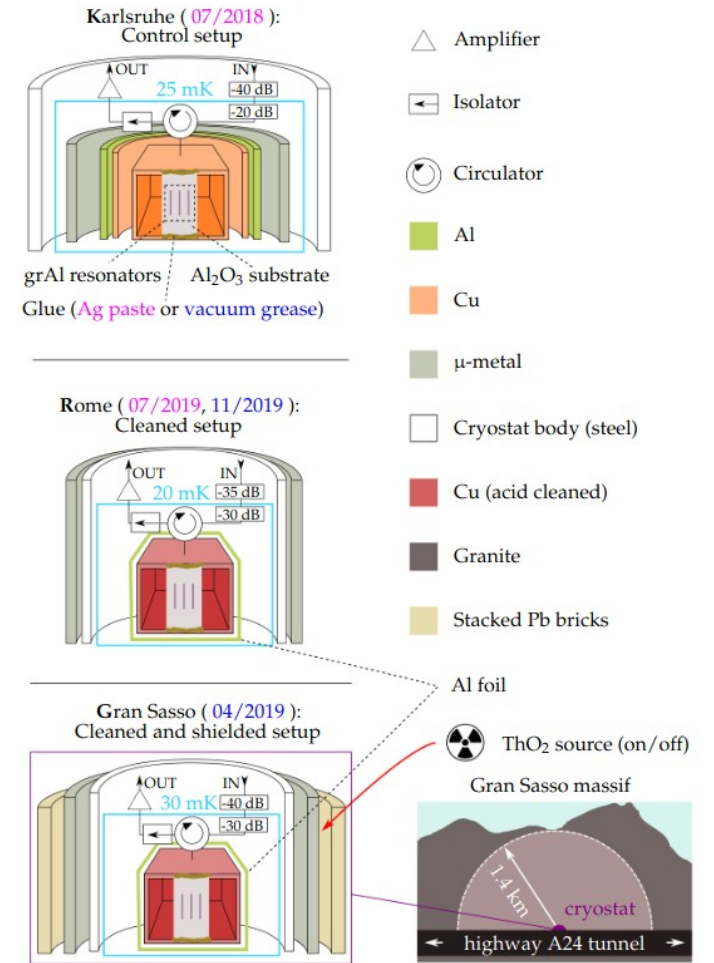
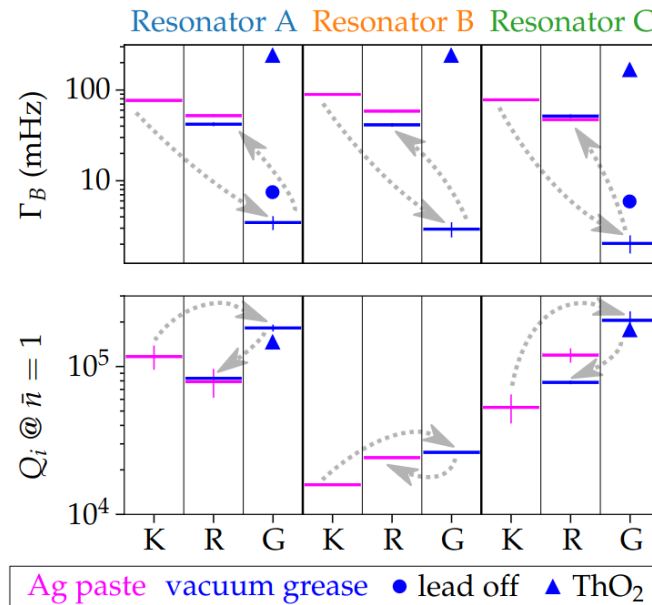
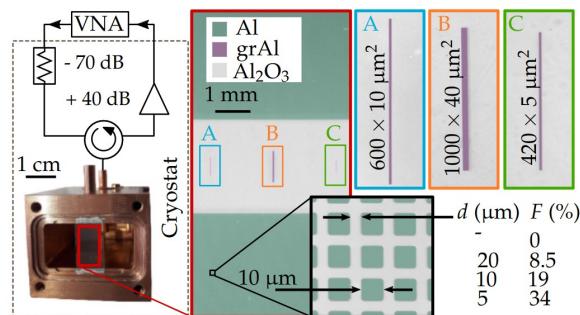
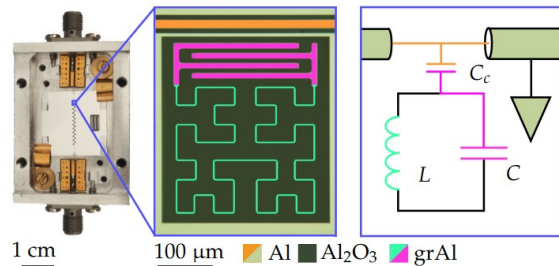


[arxiv.org]



Ambient Radioactivity Monitoring

- Quasiparticle bursts from absorption
- High energy event upsets resonator
- Triangulate position

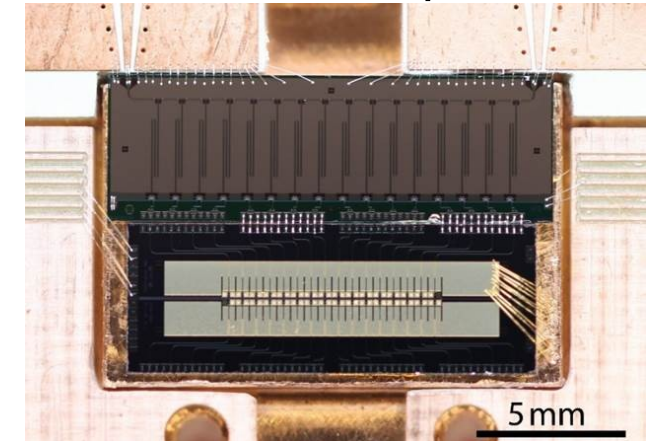


[bibliothek.kit.edu]

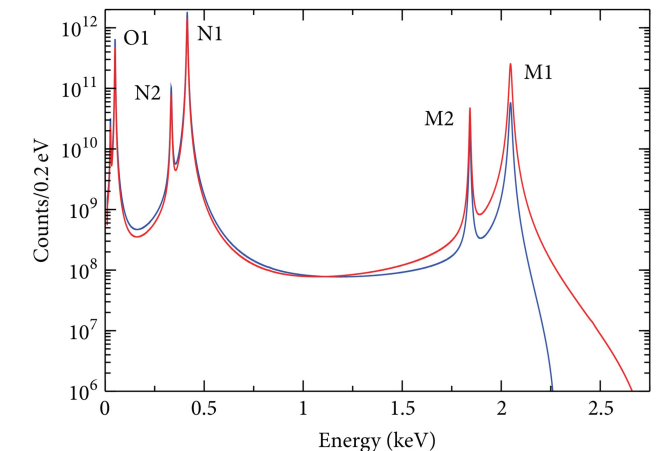
Electron Capture in ^{163}Ho : ECHo

- Electron Capture in ^{163}Ho
(L. Gastaldo et al., EJP (2017))
- Sensors: magnetic microcalorimeters
- Neutrino mass cutoff through decay spectrum
- 12.000 pixel parallel readout
microwave SQUID multiplexing
- Goals of ECHo-100k: Measurement sensitivity of $< 5\text{eV}$
Technology demonstrator

ECHo chip:

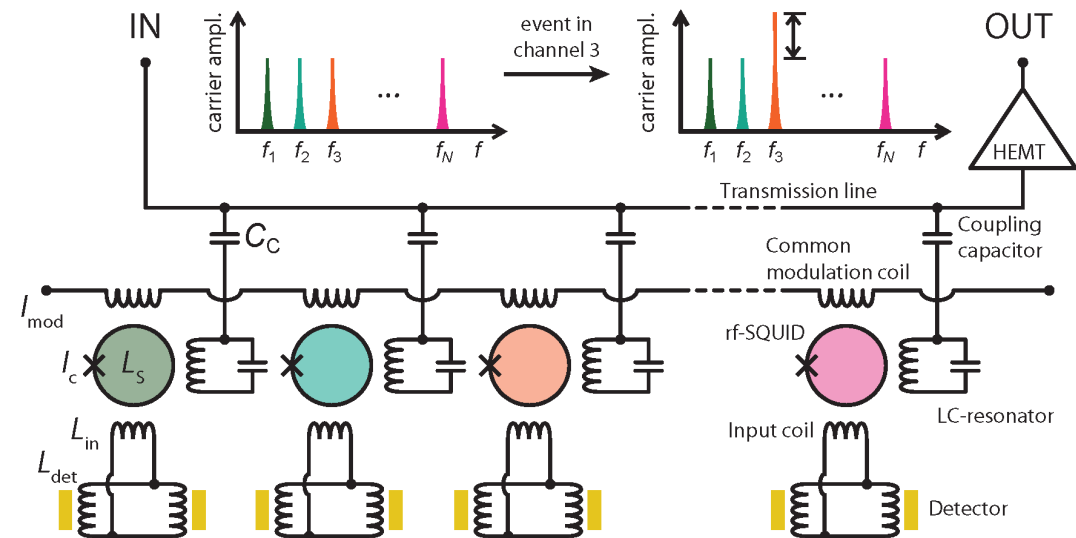
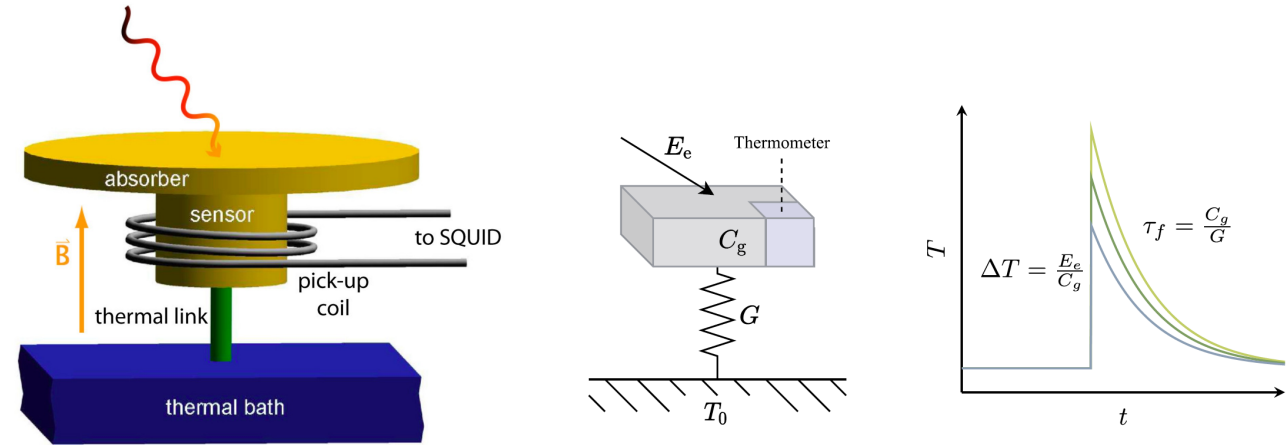


Ho 163 spectrum:



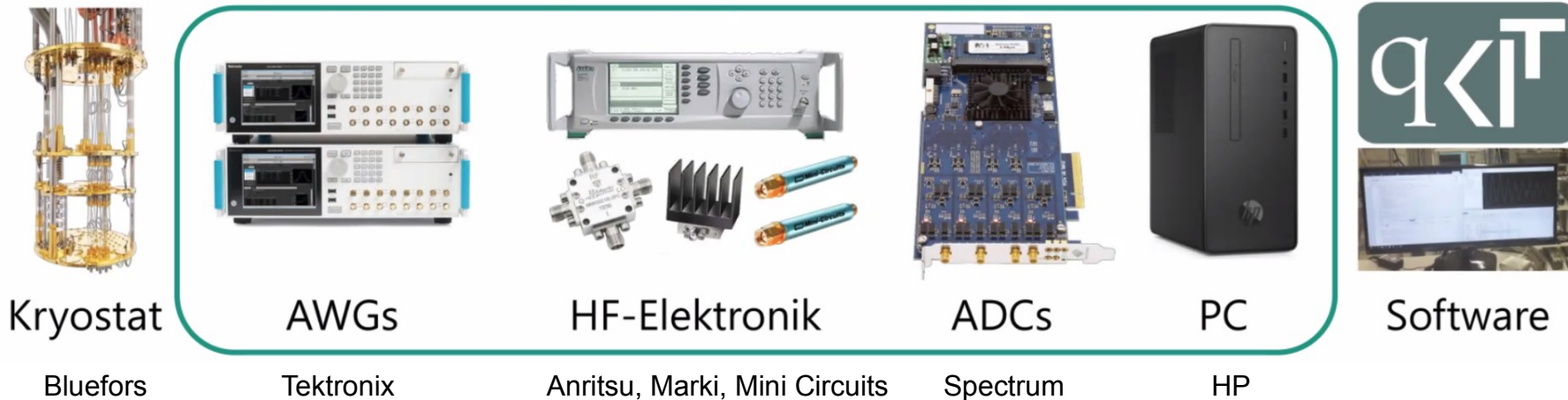
ECHO: Magnetic Microcalorimeters

- Detector pixel:
 - Implanted absorber metal
 - Paramagnetic doping in sensor
- Thermal capacity & weak link means step + decay
- Magnetometer = Thermometer
- Couple flux to coils & SQUIDs



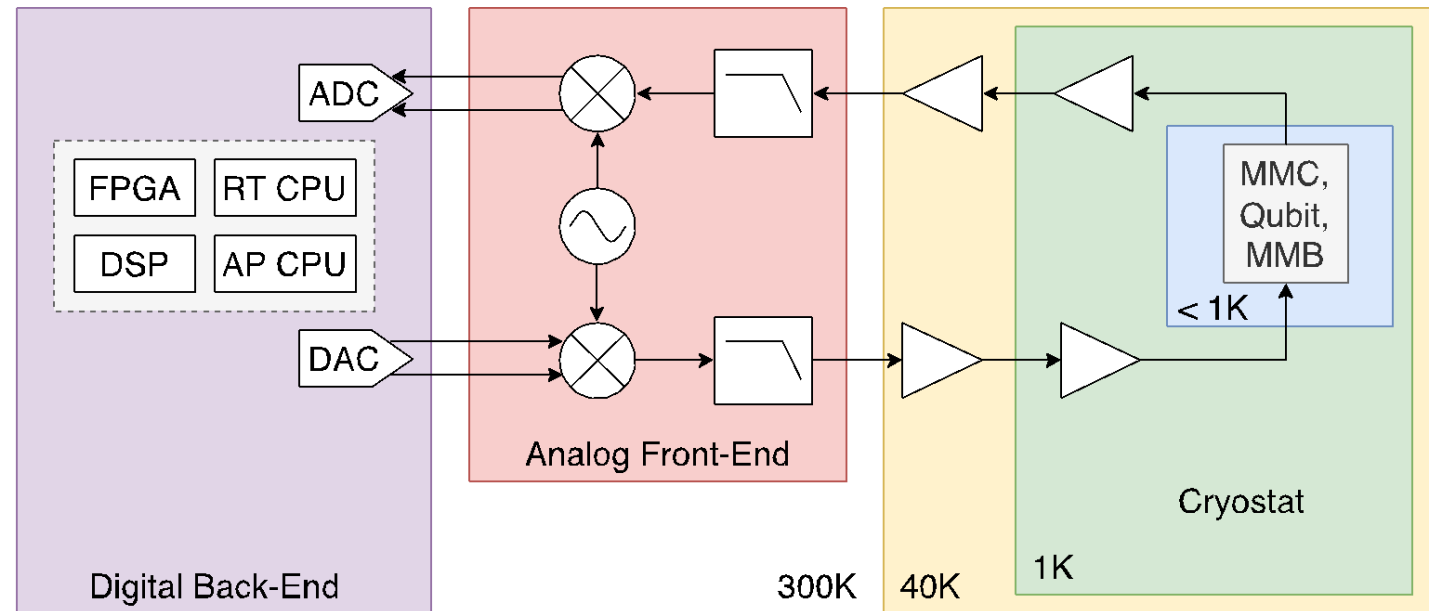
Unified Readout

- Generic lab electronics can do the job
- Maximum flexibility through interconnects
- Inherent latency and limited throughput
- Decimation tricky



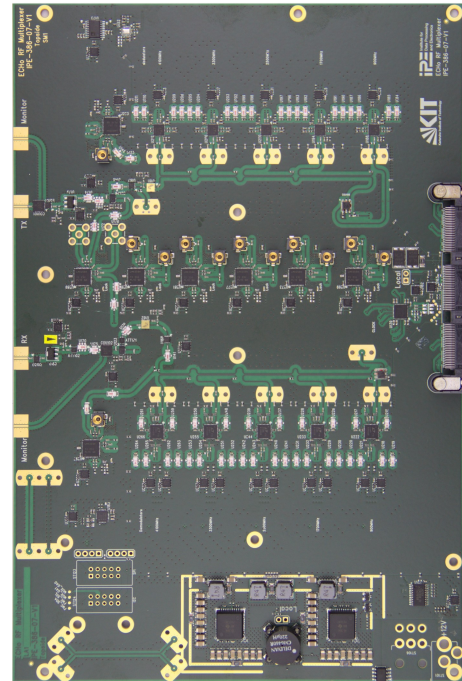
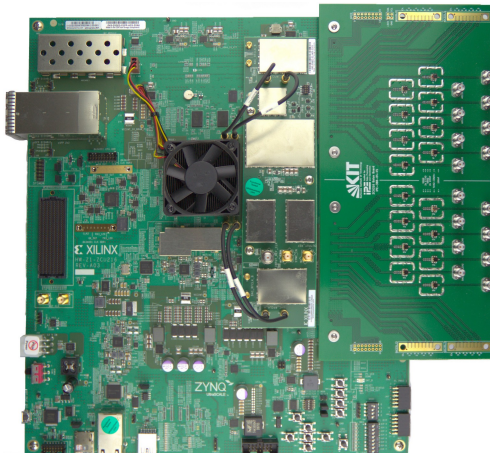
Software Defined Radio

- Glorified sound card: play what you want
- Requires computing power
 - Fast conversion to/from analogue
- Digital signal processing enables ideal transforms
- Parallel processing required potentially low latency
 - => FPGA

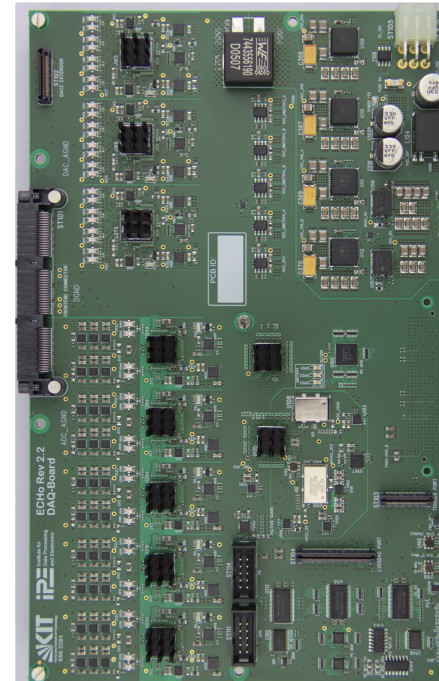


Physical Buildup

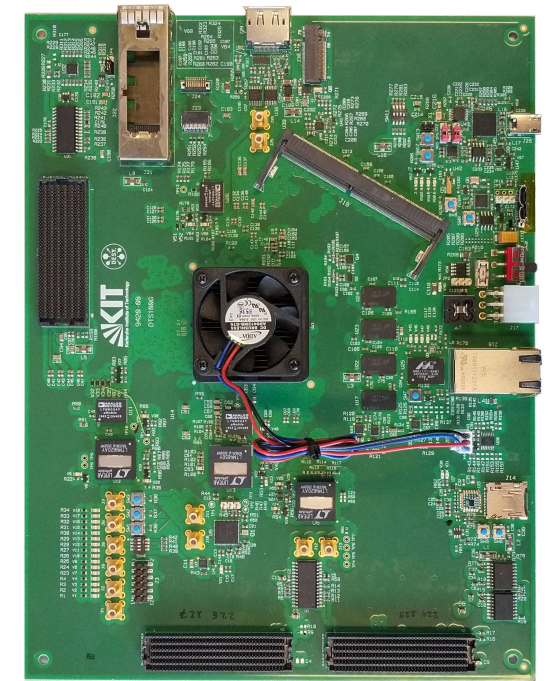
- Electrical engineering = printed circuit boards
- Custom and COTS
- Separate blocks (by function)



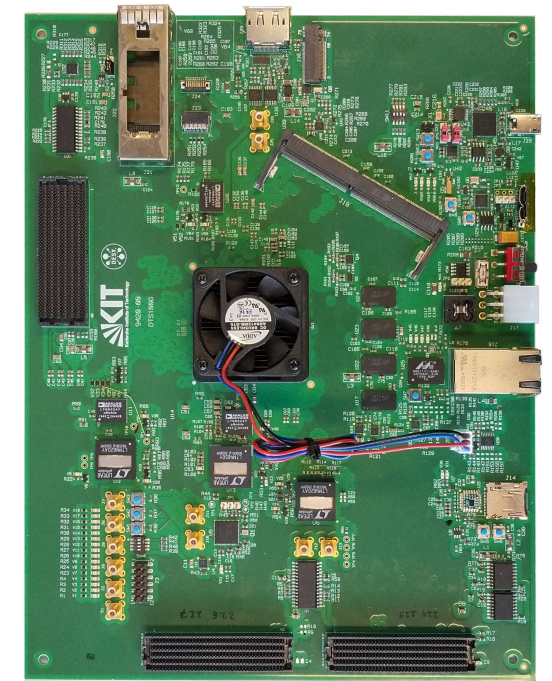
time traces of 16 detector pixels



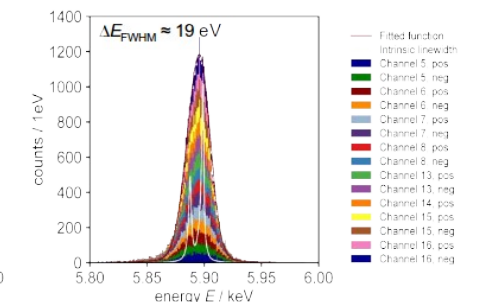
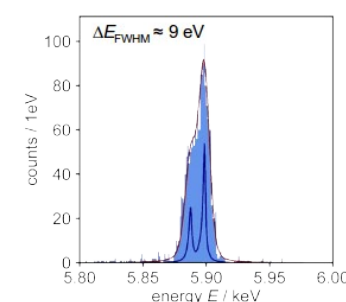
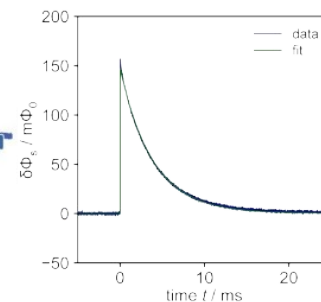
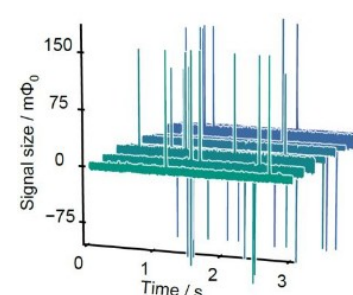
single raw data trace



'typical' spectrum

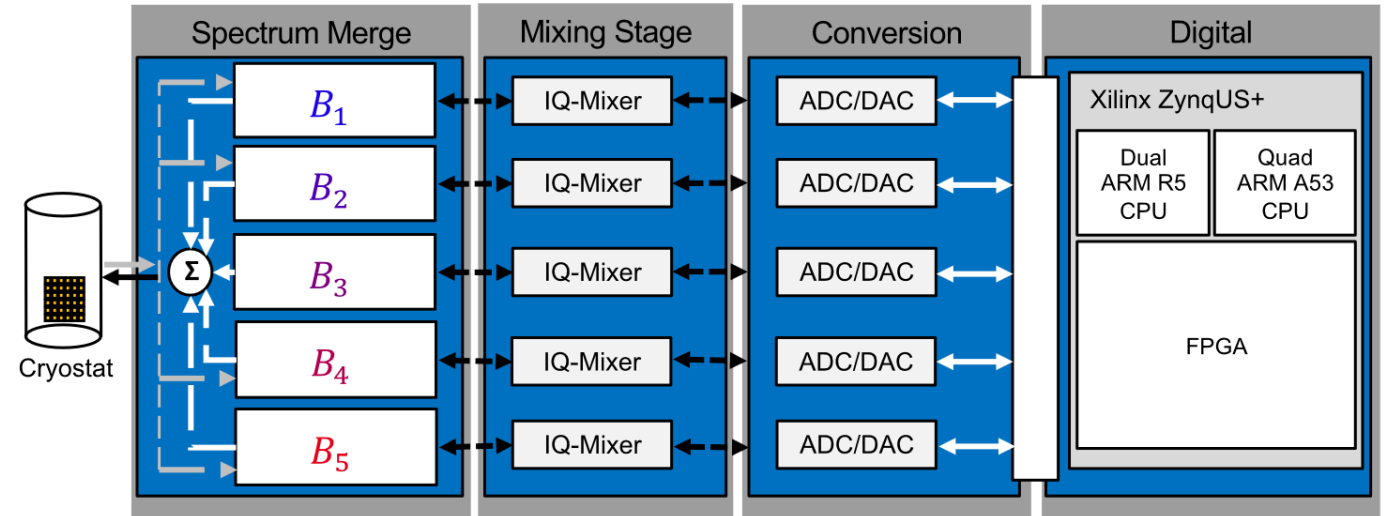


sum spectrum

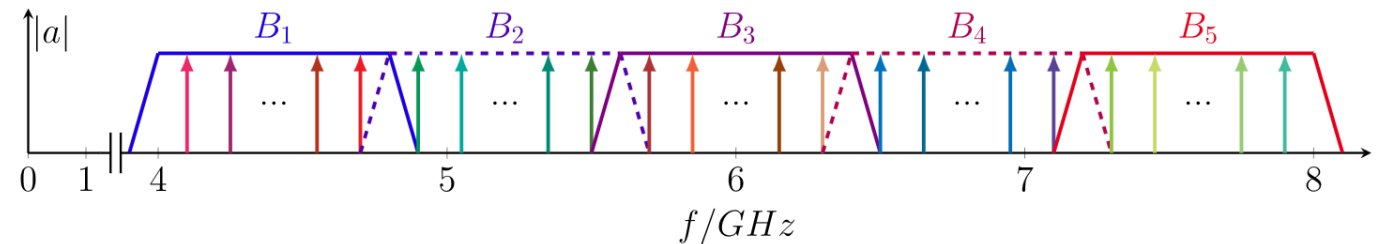


SDR Scaling

- Number of channels proportional to bandwidth
- Band \neq bandwidth
- How to increase?
 - Faster converters
 - Independent bands
 - Stitch frequencies together
 - Multiple concurrent systems

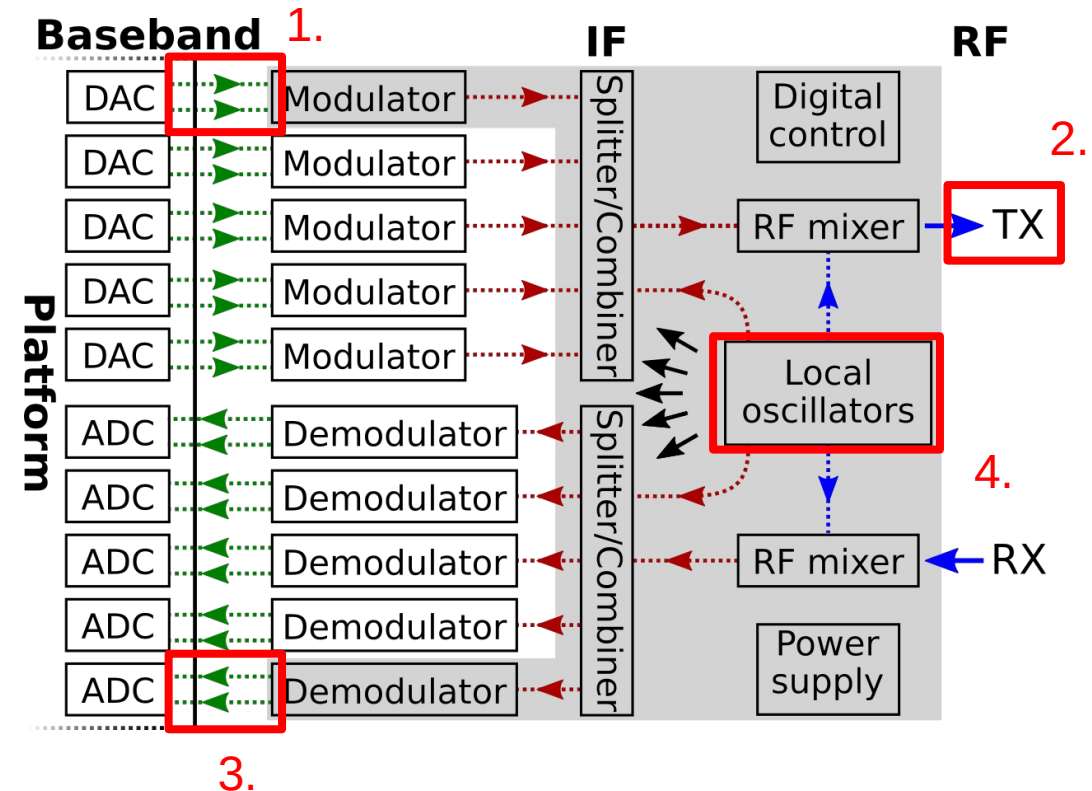


Software-defined Radio (SDR) system architecture



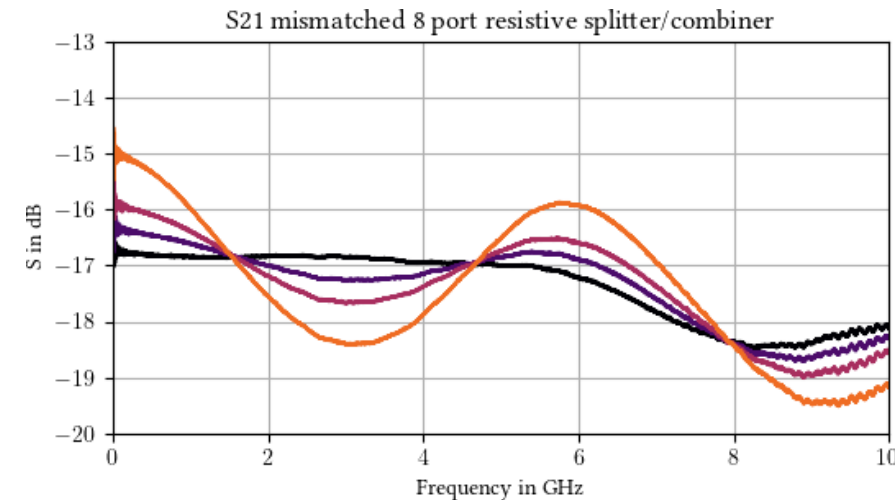
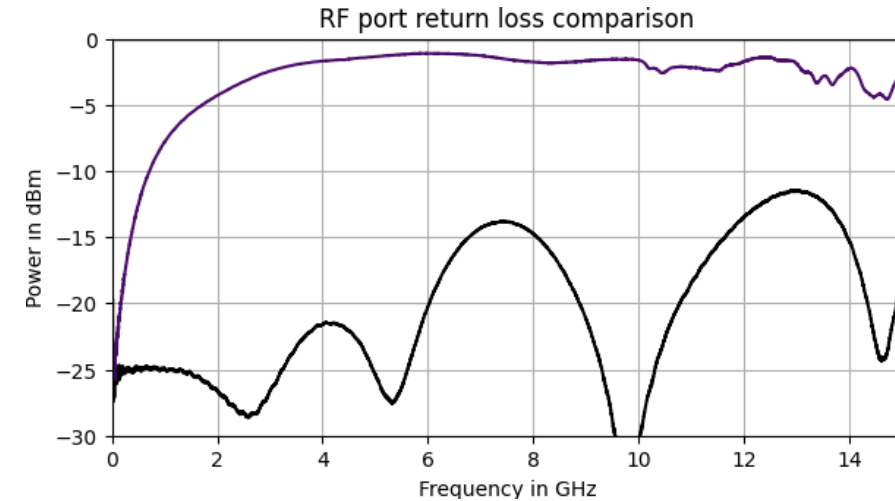
SDR Radio Frequency Conversion

- RF engineering:
 - layout and wiring essential
 - reduce size without crosstalk
- Frequency conversion
- Filtering and channelisation
- Level matching
- Key aspects: AM/PM noise, intermodulation, distortion, ...



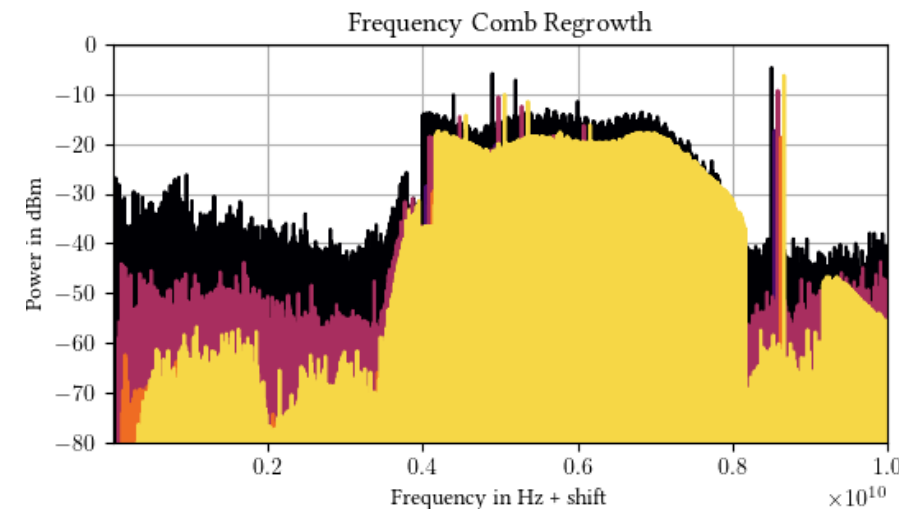
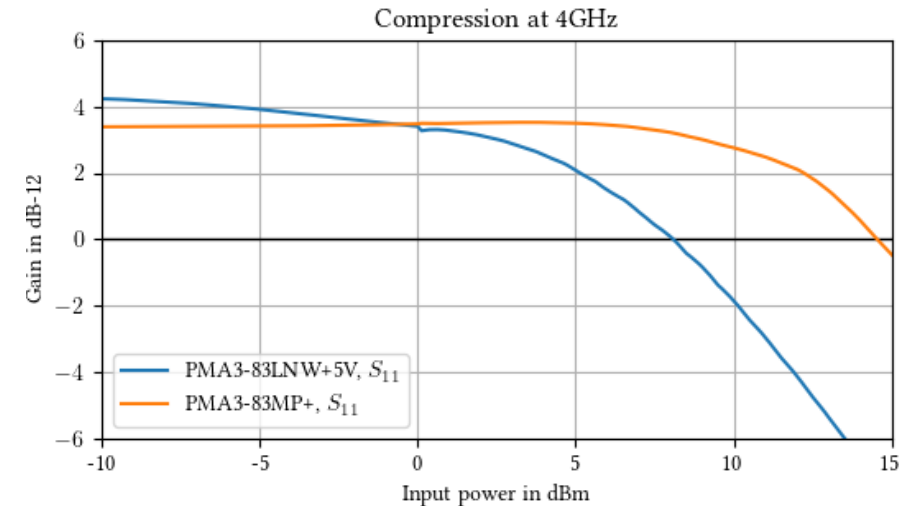
Step 1: Ingest Signal

- GHz frequency ~ cm wavelength
 - lumped element approximation breaks
- Wave behaviour ensues
 - nominal impedance imperative
 - else reflections
- Controlled dimensions
 - trace width & angle dictated
- System dominated by parasitics!



Step 2: Dispatch

- Gain = linear in-to-out relation
breaks at some point
- Single digit spec misleading!
“1dB compression point”
- Compression = distortion
worst case: clipping
- Result: spectral regrowth



Step 3: Mixing

- Shift frequencies by deliberate nonlinearity

simple geometric relations

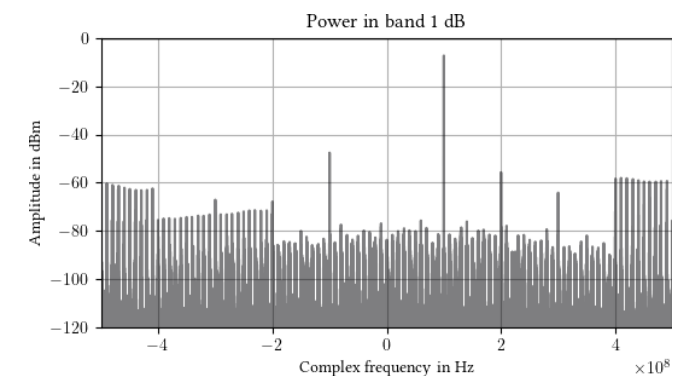
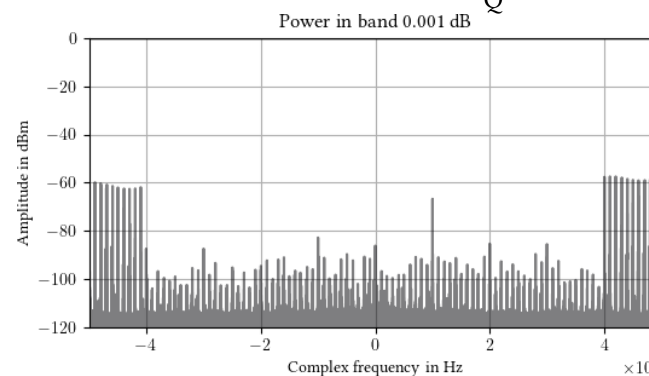
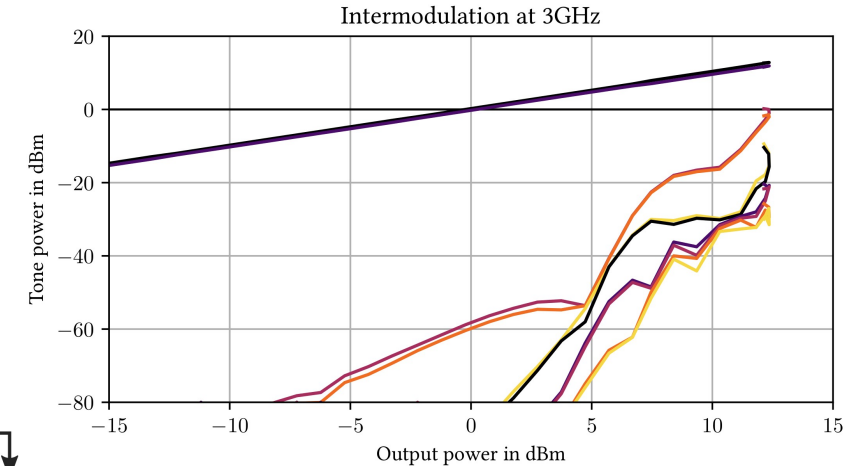
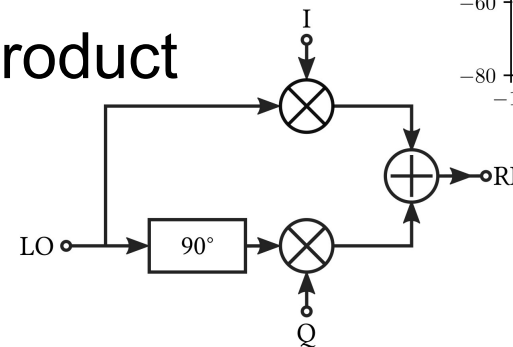
$$\cos(\omega_1) * \cos(\omega_2) \sim \cos(\omega_1 + \omega_2) + \cos(\omega_1 - \omega_2)$$

- Complex signal eliminates second product

two voltages as real + image

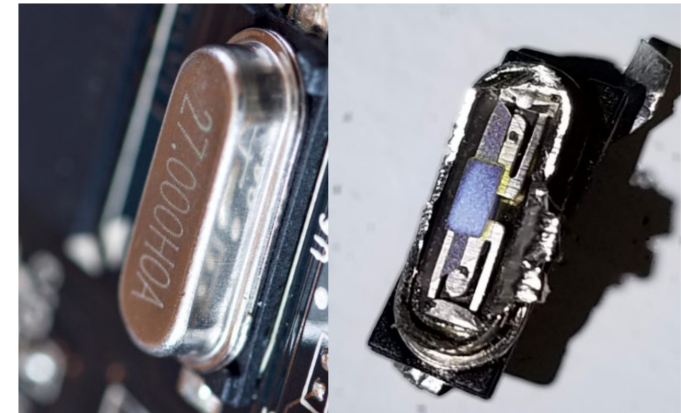
- IQ-imbalance

- Precise power planning

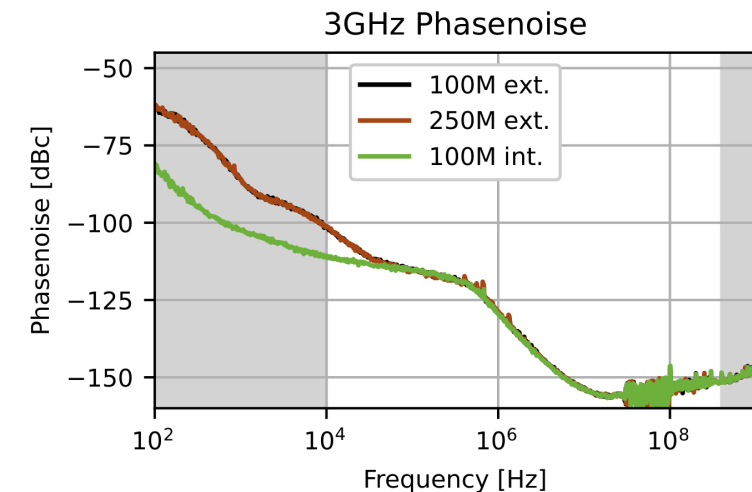
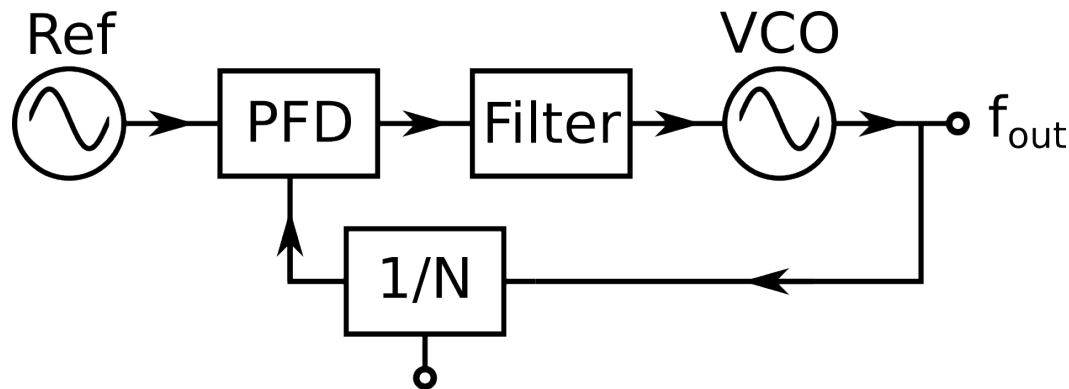


Step 4: Reference

- GHz reference frequencies necessary
no fundamental precision oscillator
- Multiply by dividing: phase locked loop
- Stability essential: phase noise/jitter



[wikimedia.org]



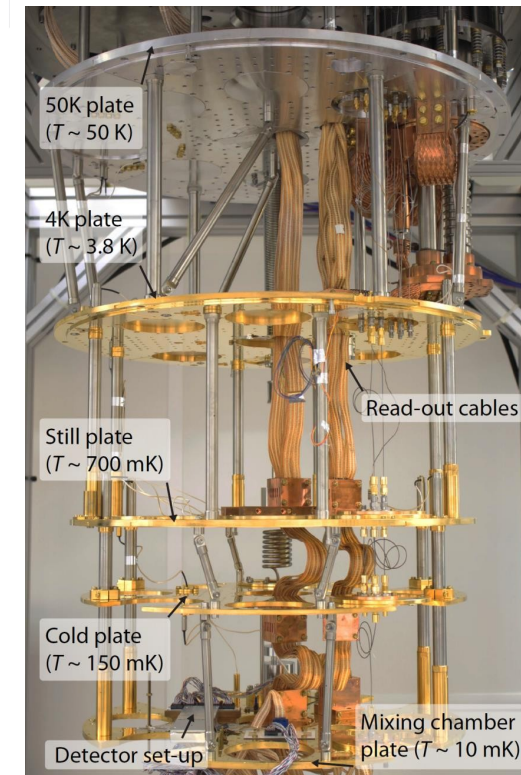
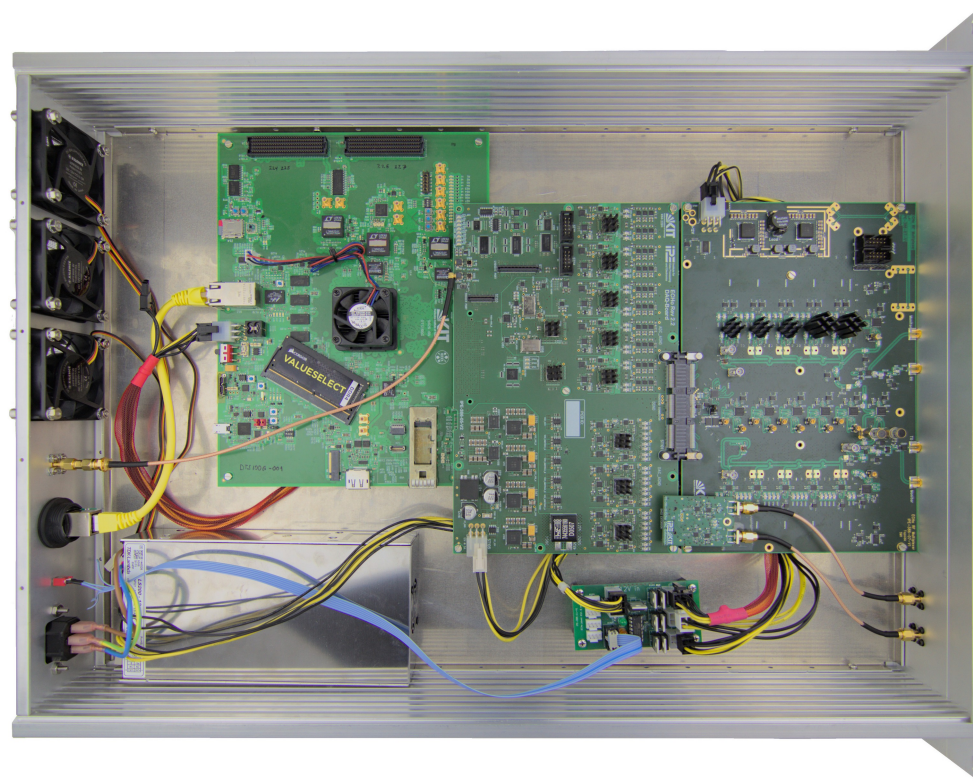
ECHo Deployment Incoming

Current status:

- Ready for operation; fully contained in 19" box!
- Noise level below cryogenics
- Preliminary accuracy:
6.28 eV @ 3.31 keV

Outlook:

- 15x Assembly by 7/2024
- Full-scale FPGA-board
- In-house measurements

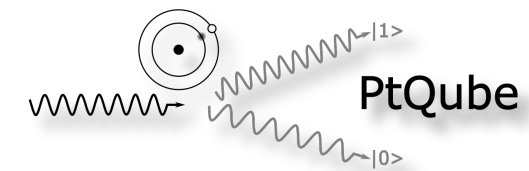


Future Developments

- Successful development & deployment



- Many users and parties of interest



- Path for longterm evolution



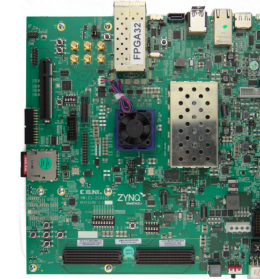
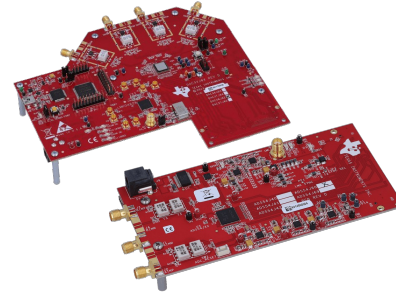
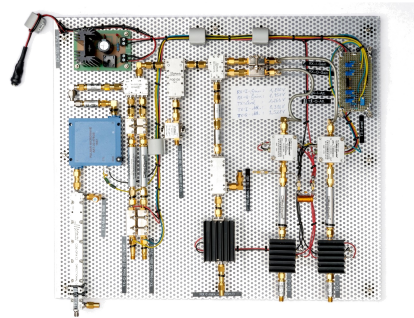
- Synergy of RF developments



Backup

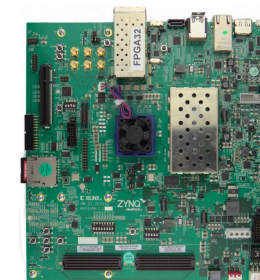
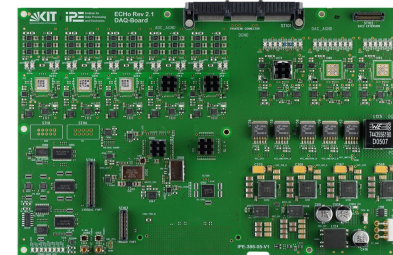
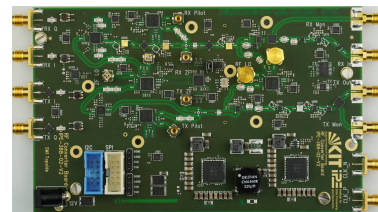
ECHo Hardware Versions

Evaluation (V0):
2018 (2019)



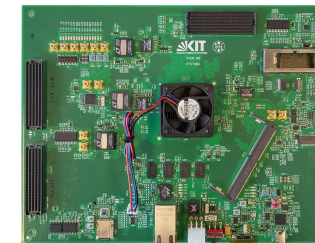
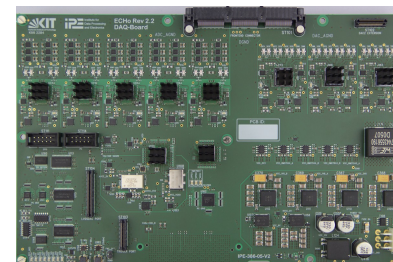
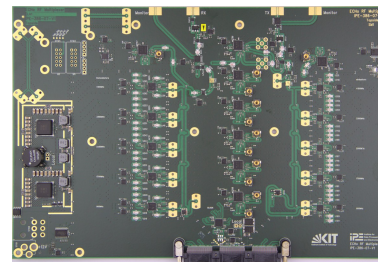
80 Resonator
800 MHz

Prototype (V1):
2020 (2021)



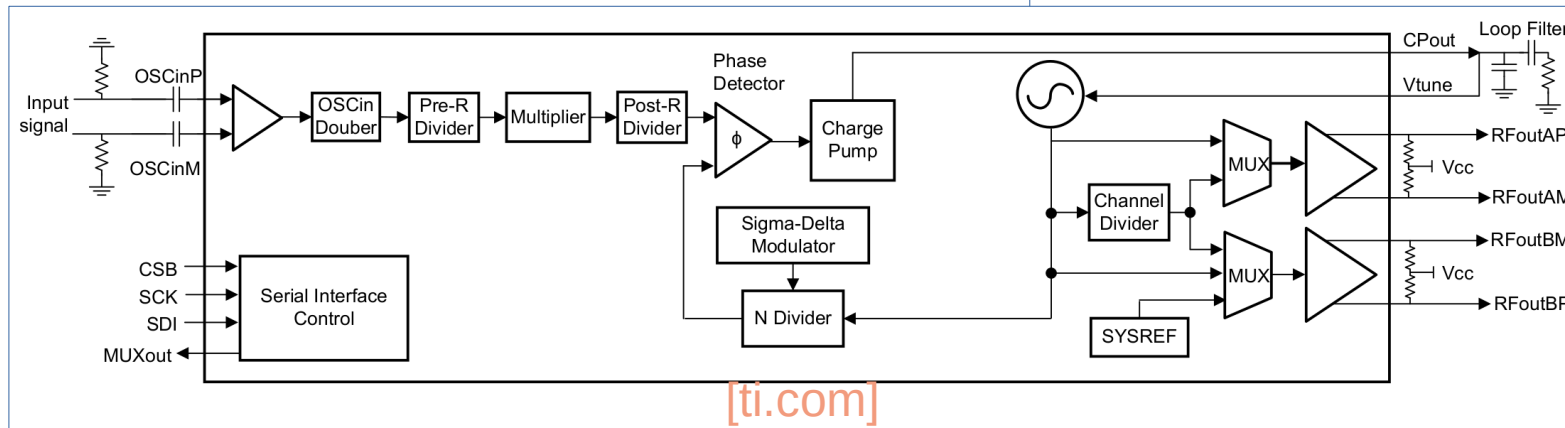
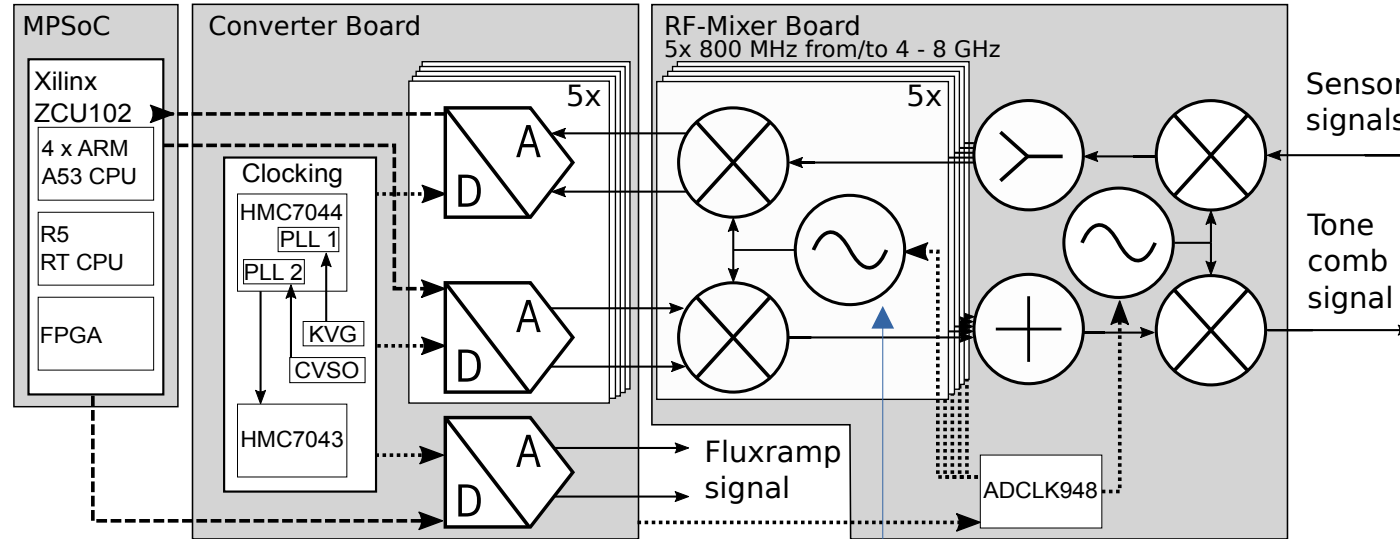
80 Resonator
800 MHz

Full Scale (V2):
2021 (2024)

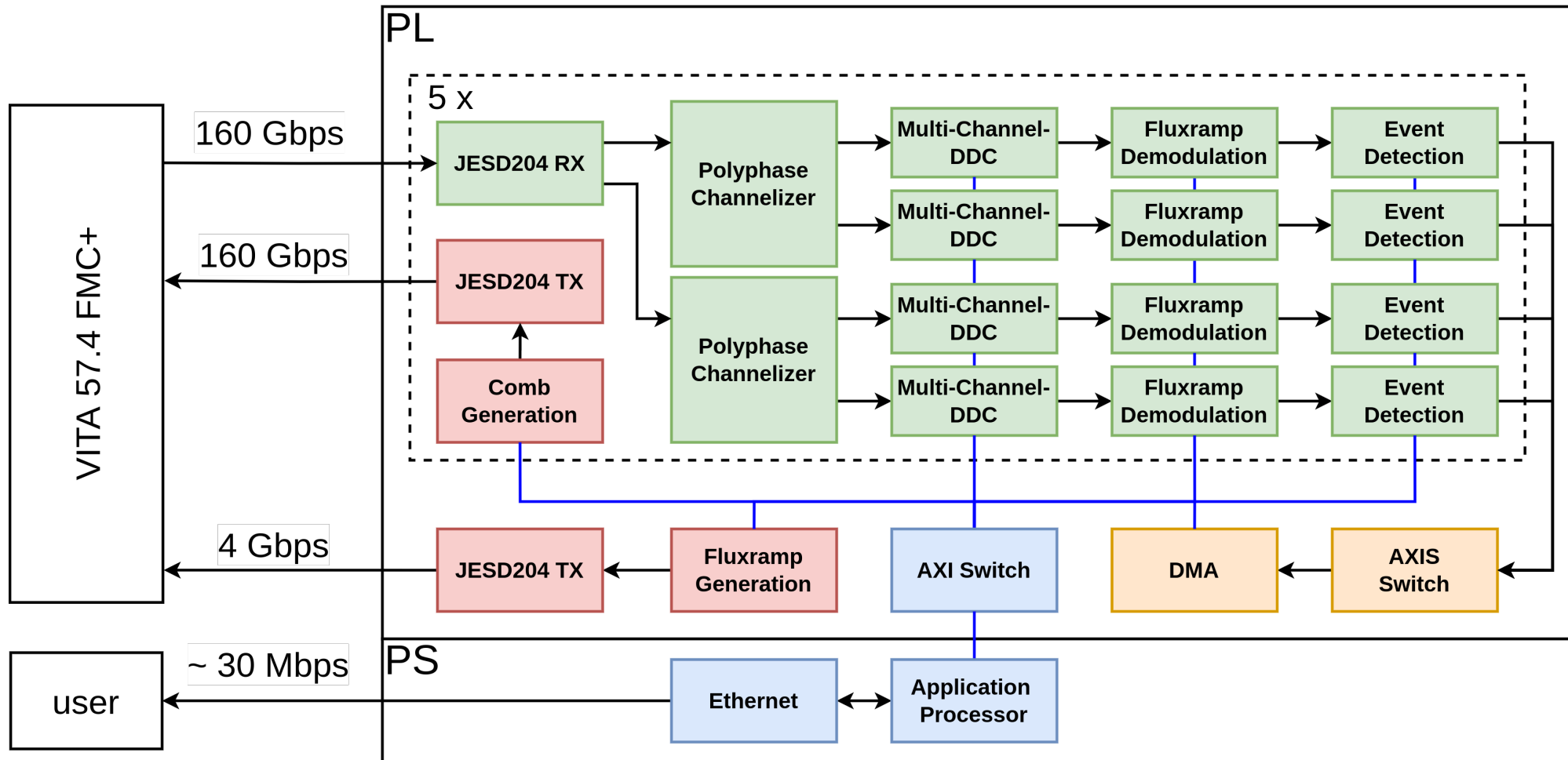


400 Resonator
4 GHz

ECHo Clock Schematic



ECHo Firmware



ECHo Data Decimation

Digitalization of frequency comb

ADC with internal DDC

Tone separation into TDM-Scheme

Channelization stage

Recovery of raw sensor signal

Fluxramp Demodulation

Extraction of relevant samples

Event Detection

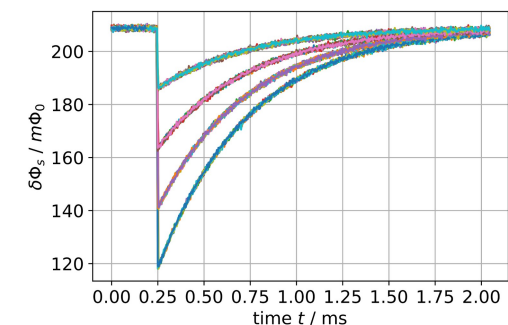
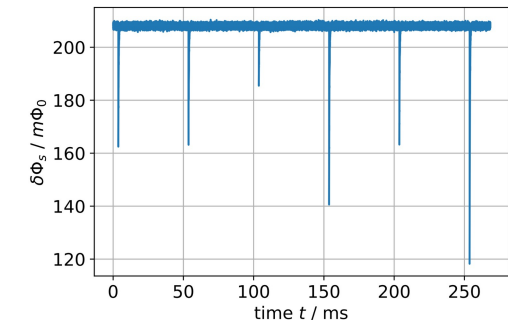
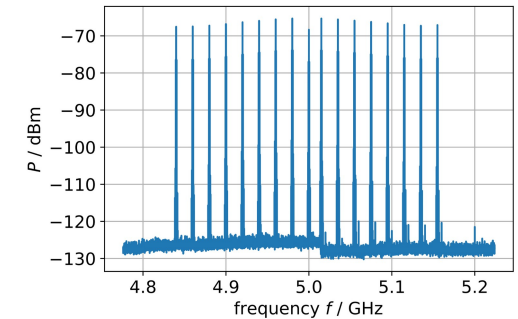
Data rates:

10 parallel data streams
à 500 MSPS (20 GB/s)

20 parallel TDM streams
à 32 x 15.625 MSPS (40 GB/s)

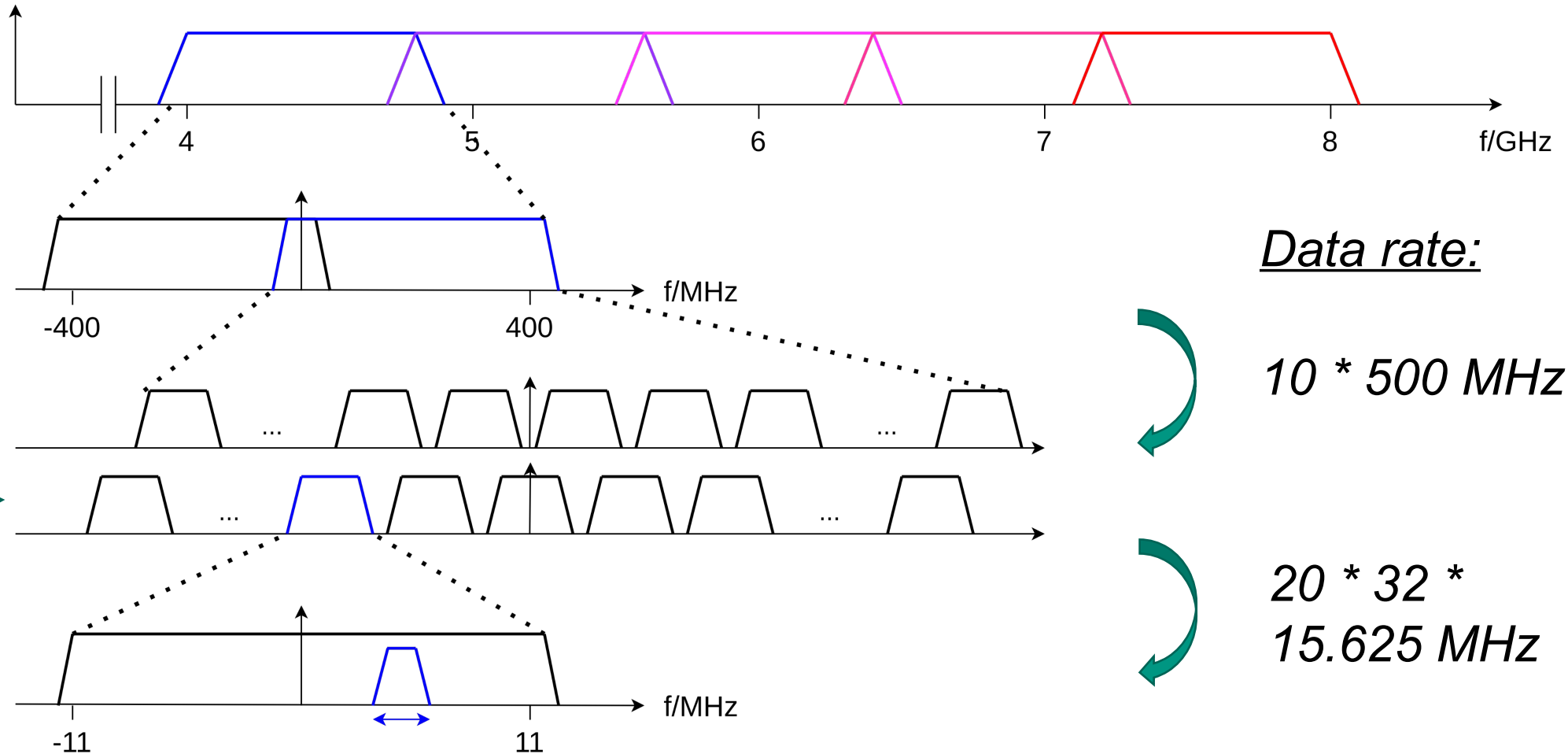
20 parallel TDM streams
à 32 x 1.953 MSPS (10 GB/s)

Single data stream
with 8 MSPS (32 MB/s)



[DOI: 10.1007/s10909-022-02858-x](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10909-022-02858-x)

ECHo Band Structure

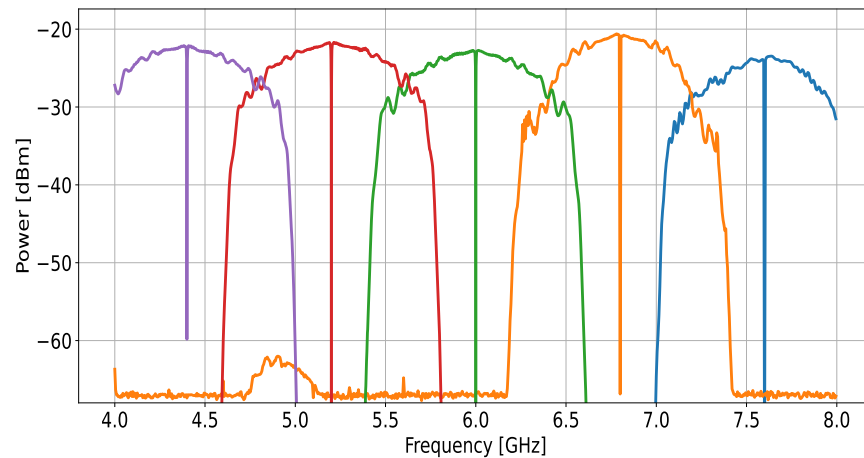


Crosstalk



Analog domain

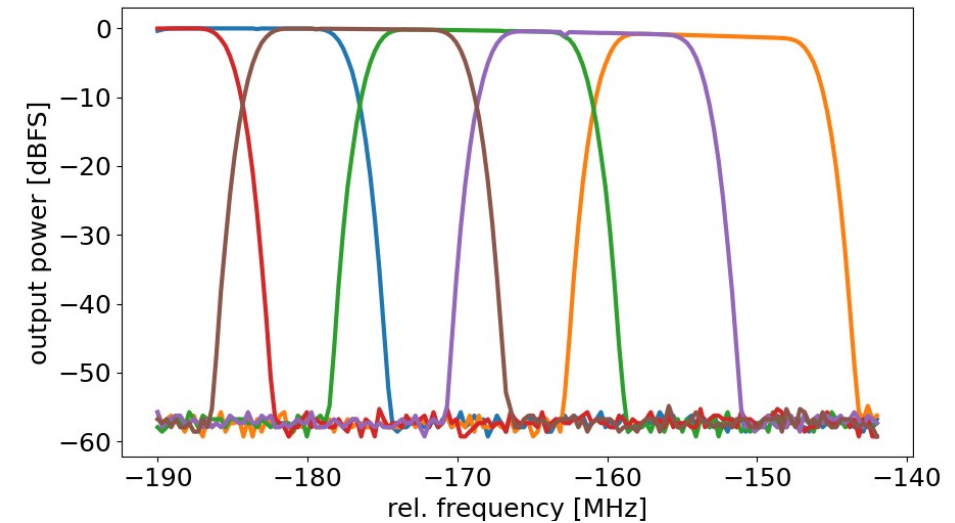
Crosstalk between subbands



- Crosstalk (Band 1-3): **-50 dB**
- Band 4: Alias filter
- Band 5: Matching network

Digital domain

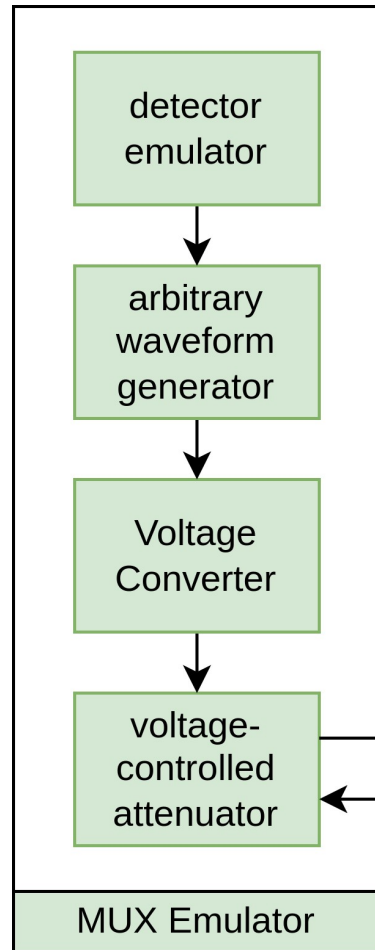
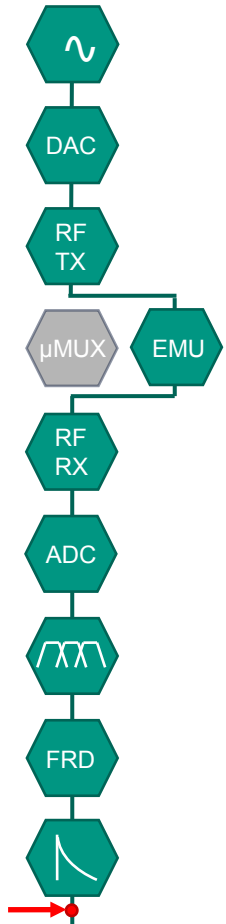
Crosstalk between channels



- Baseband: **-65 dB**
- RF-frontend: **-58 dB**



ECHO Room Temperature Verification

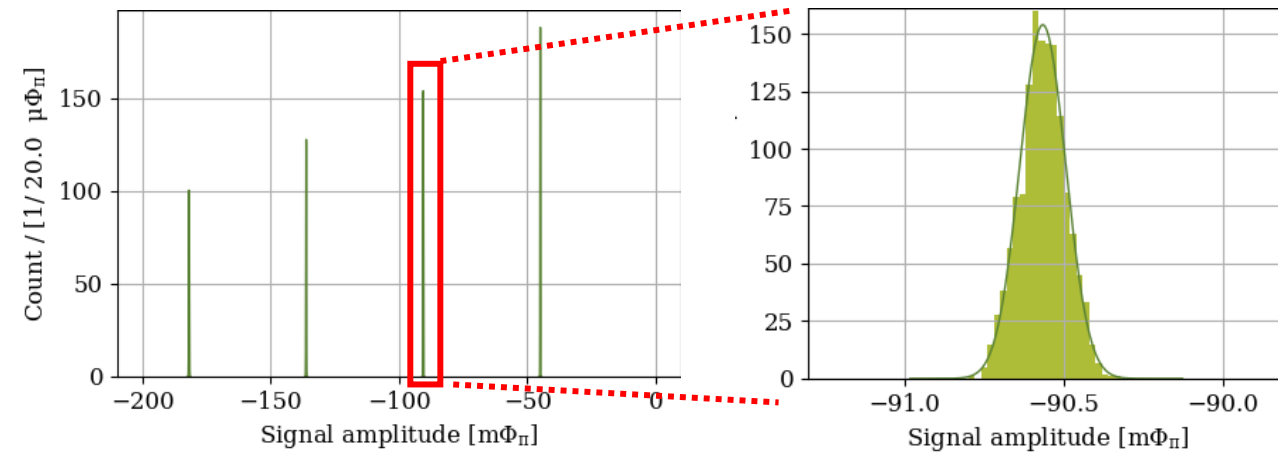
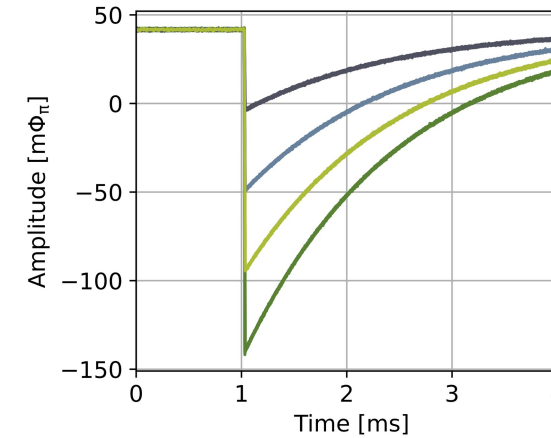
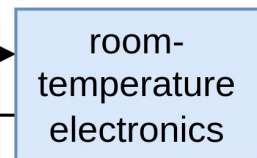


Arbitrary spectrum



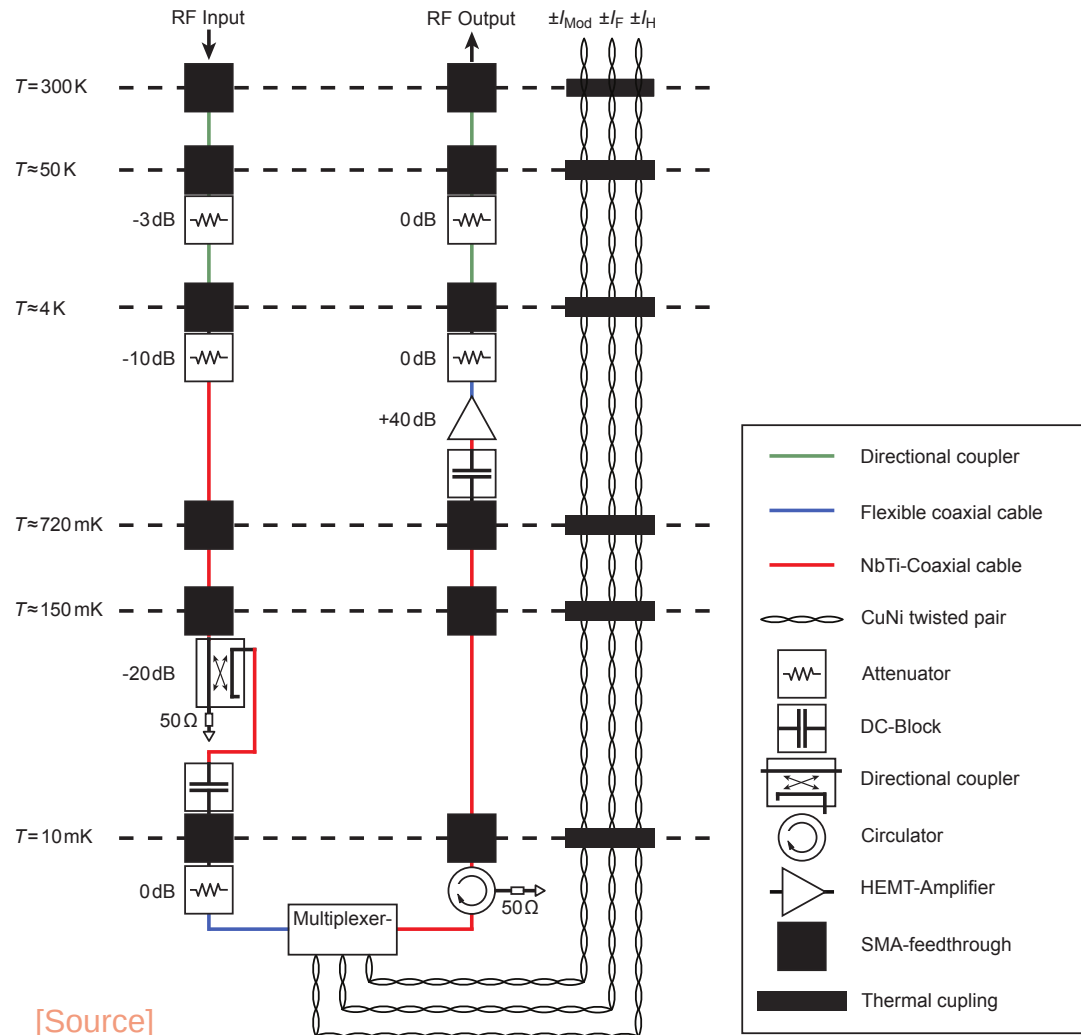
Phase modulation

Synthesis of SQUID signal



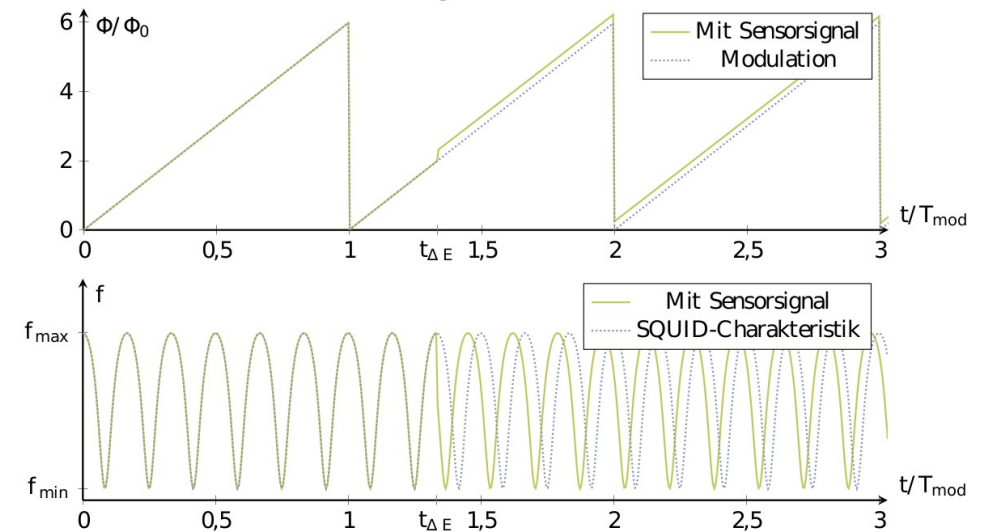
Preliminary FWHM: 6.28 eV @ 3.35 keV

Sample Wiring Diagram

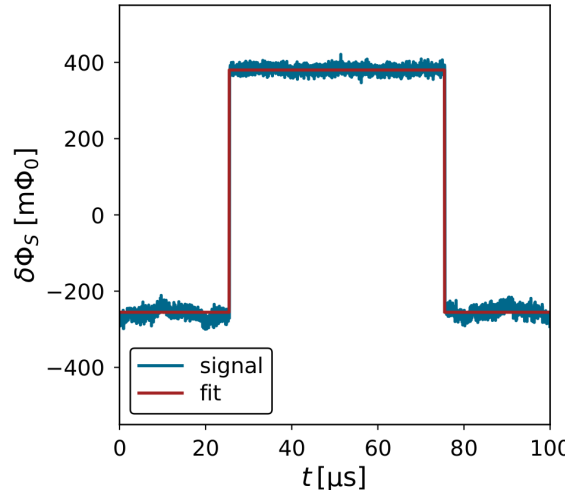
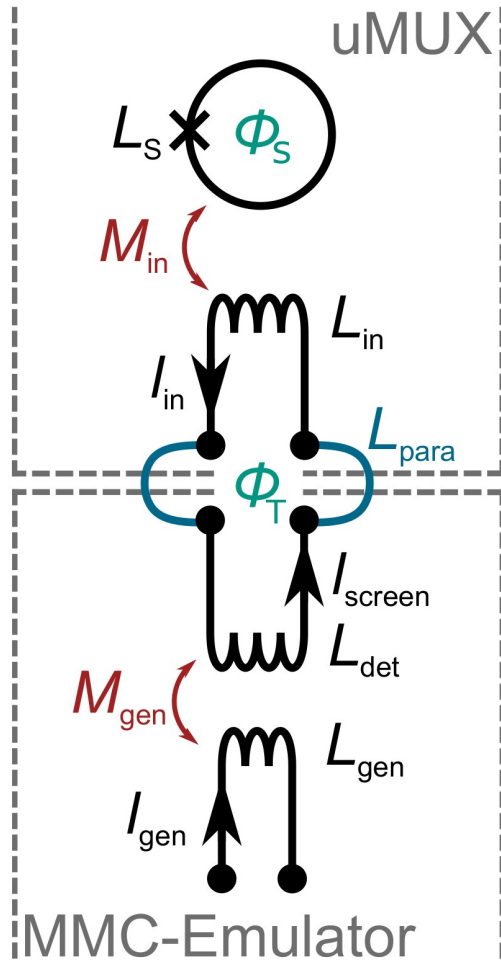


[Source]

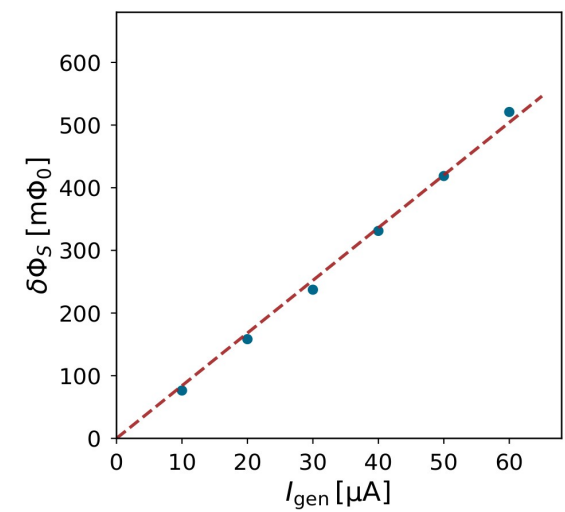
Flux to SQUID modulation



ECHo Experimental Linearity (preliminary)



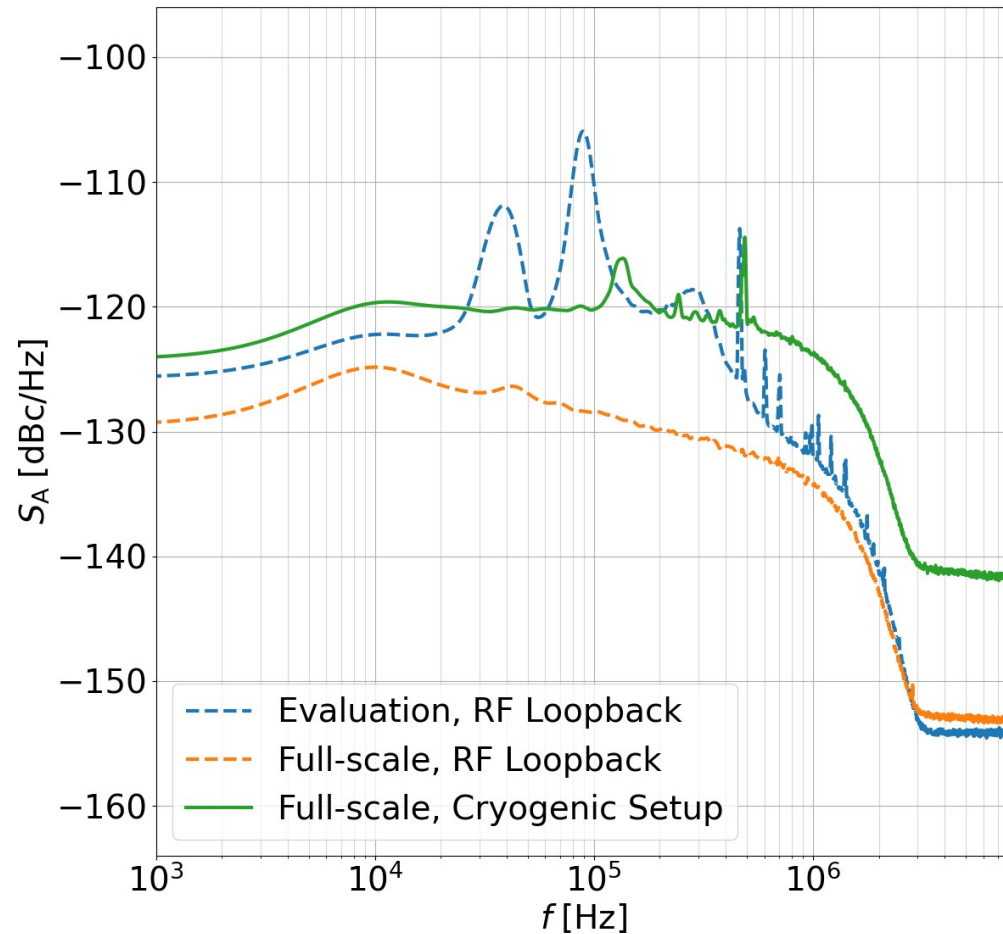
Averaging amplitude of fluxramp demodulated square wave signal



Linearity:

84.04 $\mu\text{A}/\Phi_0 \pm 0.12$

ECHo Room Temperature Verification



Measurement procedure:

- Generation of a single tone
- Downconversion of carrier signal
- Signal PSD of noise

Results:

- room-temperature loopback shows lower noise than with cryogenic interface
- **SDR is not the limiting factor**

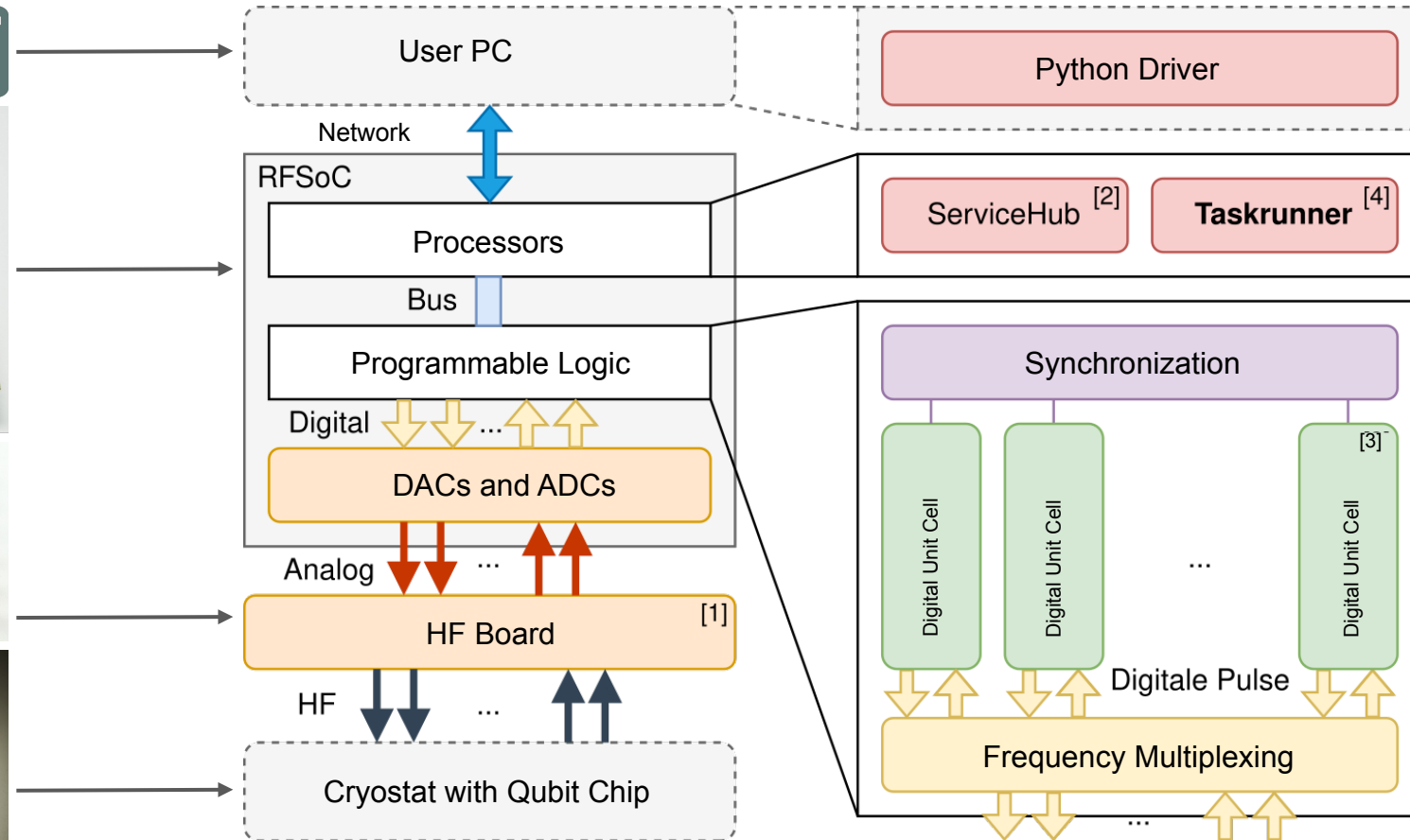
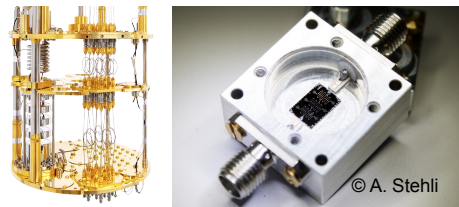
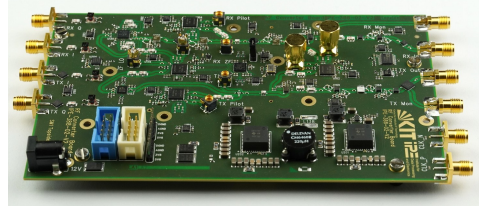
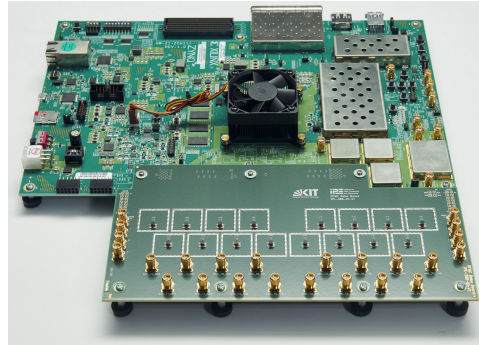
IPE EPS group (SDR branch)

- Group Lead: P.D. Dr.-Ing. Oliver Sander
- Post-Docs
 - Dr.-Ing. Luis Ardila-Perez
 - Dr.-Ing. Luciano Ferreyro (USAM-KIT)
- Doctoral Students
 - Timo Muscheid
 - Lukas Scheller
 - Marvin Fuchs
 - Robert Gartmann
 - Torben Mehner
 - Manuel Garcia (USAM-KIT)
 - Juan Salum (USAM-KIT)
- Previous Members
 - Dr.rer.nat. Richard Gebauer(*)
 - Dr.-Ing. Nick Karcher(*)
 - Dr.rer.nat. Francesco Valenti



(*) Received Helmholtz Awards 2023 for doctoral thesis.

SDR for Qubit Applications



[1] Gartmann, Karcher, Gebauer et al., JLTP, 2021

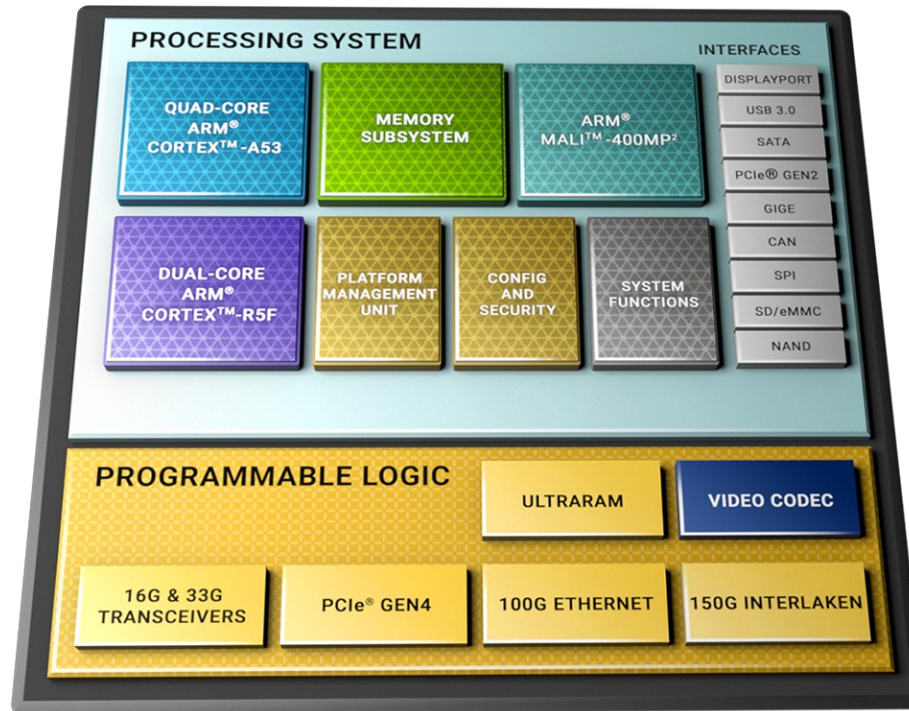
[2] Karcher, Gebauer et al., IEEE TNS, 2021

[3] Gebauer et al., ICFPT, 2021

[4] Gebauer et al., IEEE SOCC, 2021

Heterogeneous Devices

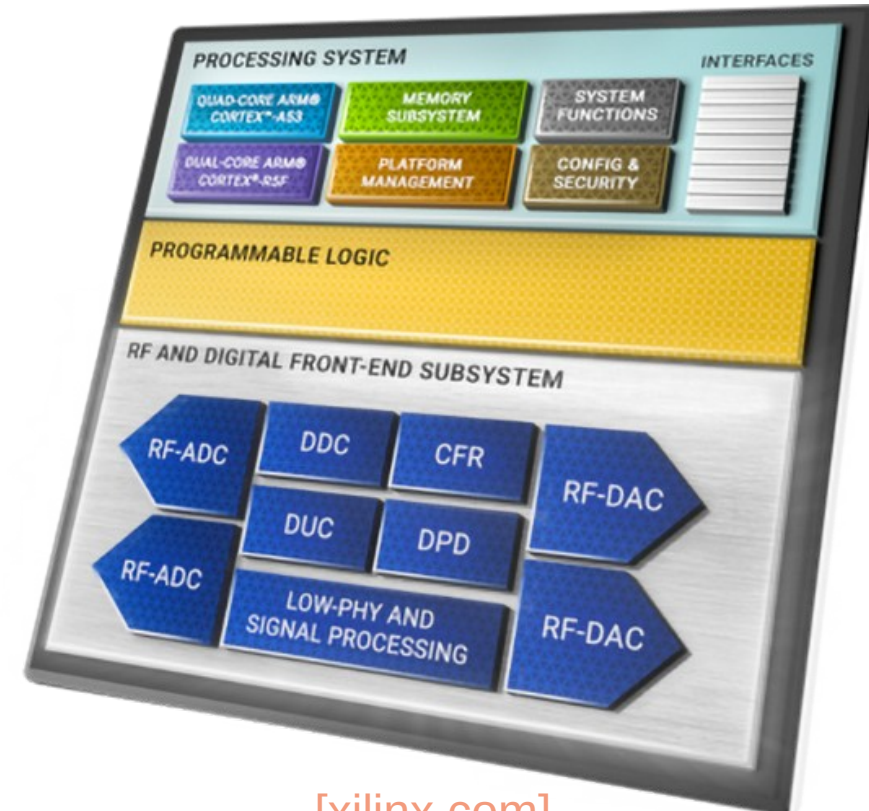
ZynqUS+ MPSoC



[xilinx.com]

hard processors and programmable logic

ZynqUS+ RFSoc

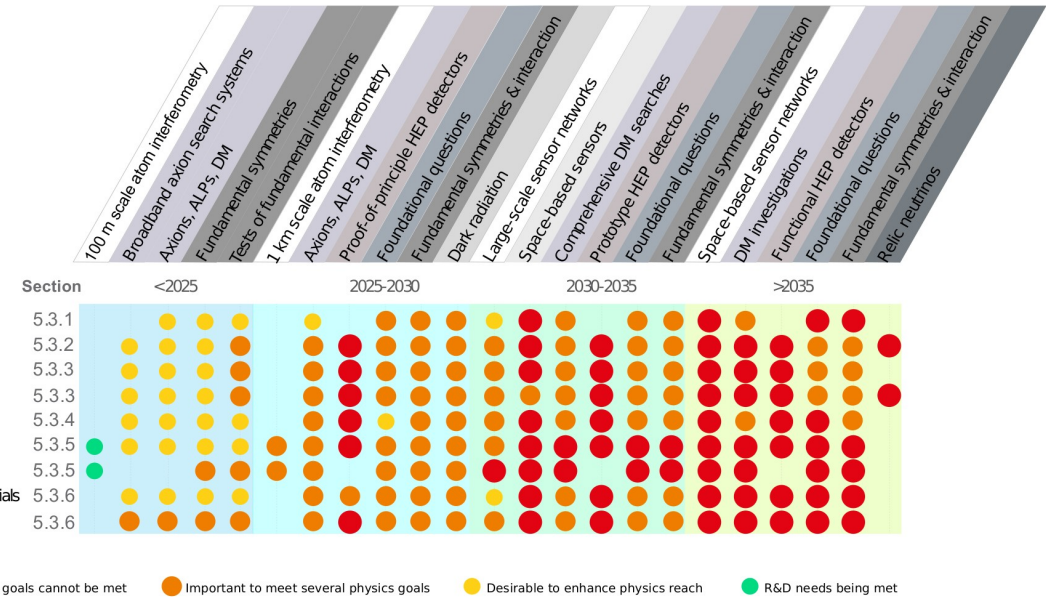


[xilinx.com]

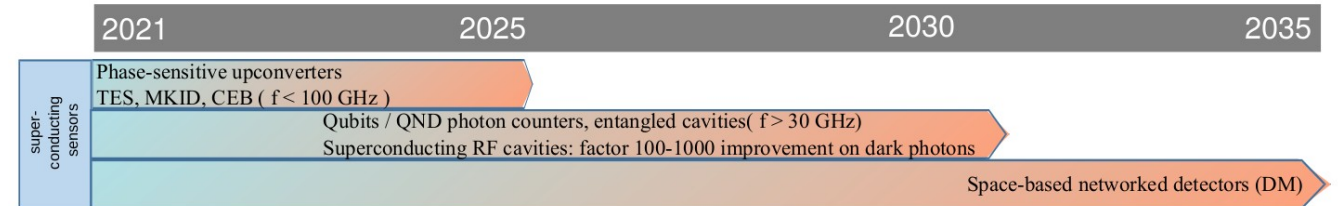
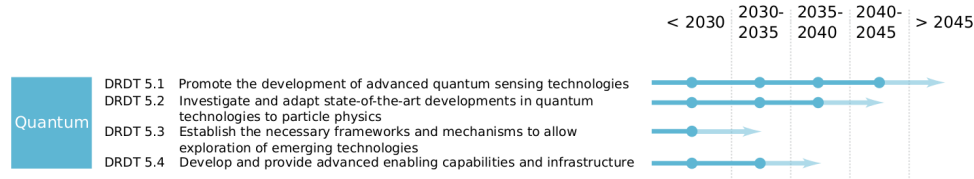
Integrated high-speed analog converters

ECFA Roadmap

- SDR easily repurposed
- More projects TBD
- DRDT 7.3 & DRDT 5.3.3
- Lots of work ahead!



DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT THEMES (DRDT)



[cern.ch]