

Metadata curation efforts at KASCADE Cosmic-Ray Data Centre



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DPG Spring Meetings 2024

4 March 2024, Karlsruhe



KCDC - KASCADE Cosmic Ray Data Centre

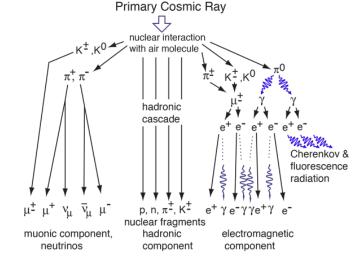
- KCDC is the public data centre for high-energy astroparticle physics
- Based on the data of the KASCADE experiment, contains as well data by KASCADE-Grande, LOPES, Maket-Ani, allows further extensions
- More than 433.000.000 events
- Established in 2013
- https://kcdc.iap.kit.edu/



KASCADE - KArlsruhe Shower Core and Array **DEtector**

- Location: 110 m a.s.l., 49° N, 8° E, KIT-Campus North, Karlsruhe, Germany
- Operation time: 1996 October 2010 May ⇒ e/γ detector liquid scintillator effective time ~ 4223.6 days
- Area: $200 \times 200 \text{ m}^2$,
- E = 100 TeV 80 PeV
- 252 scintillator detectors

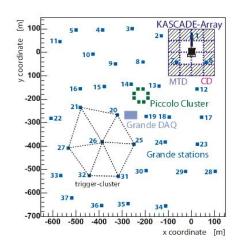








More open datasets at KCDC



GRANDE (KArlsruhe Shower Core and Array DEtector-Grande) is an extension of the KASCADE experiment. By this the energy range KASCADE was extended to 10^{14} – 10^{18} eV. 35 310 393 events are available

LOPES (LOfar PrototypE Station) is an experiment, which measures the radio emission of cosmic ray air showers in the frequency range from 40 to 80 MHz. 3 058 events

COMBINED is a combined dataset, made of data by 'KASCADE' and 'GRANDE' detector components for multi-messenger analysis. 15 635 550 events

MAKET-ANI is an extensive air shower experiment placed on Mt. Aragats (Aragats Cosmic Ray Observatory, Armenia). 2 682 264 events





Functionality

- Provides free, unlimited, reliable open access to datasets in high-energy astroparticle physics
- Serves as information platform: physics and experiment backgrounds, tutorials, reference information





What is FAIR?



Definitions

- Data is *potential* information
- Metadata record is a container for data about an object

Towards FAIR data



What is FAIR?



Why FAIR?

- Enable the discovery and reuse of information by humans and machines
- It allows knowledge to be derived from this information and applied across domains
- Collaboration opportunities

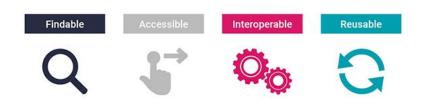
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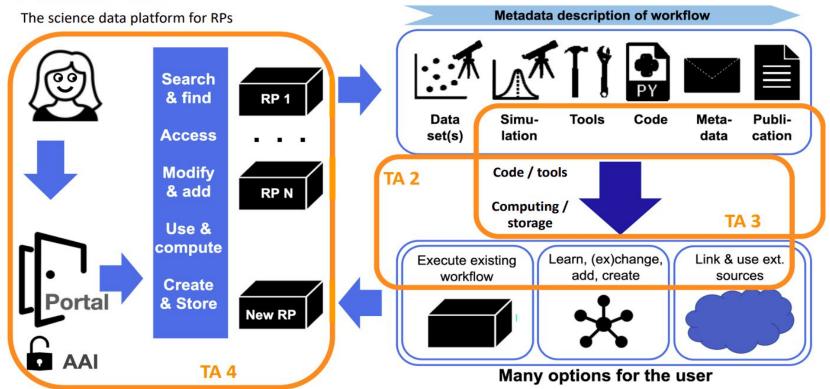
- Data is *potential* information
- Metadata record is a container for data about an object
- Digital Research Products (DRP) include: experiment and simulations data, code snippets, research papers, plots, workflows and the other products of research data life cycle, existing in digital form





PUNCH-SDP

Research product contains executable workflow



KCDC Digital resources



User-selected data



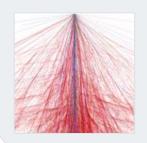
Quantity: ∞ API access: yes

Preselected datasets



Quantity: 39 API access: no

Simulated data



Quantity: 280 API access: no

Publications



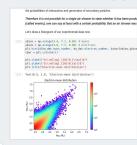
Quantity: 34 API access: no

Software



Quantity: 12 API access: no

Tutorials

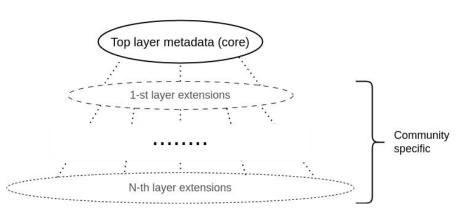


Quantity: 5 API access: no



Metadata standards

- Metadata scope: descriptive and some necessary administrative and legal metadata
- A metadata schema establishes and defines data elements and the rules governing the use
 of data elements to describe a resource
- Discovery, delivery and preservation needs of the project require usage of different metadata structure, content (syntax and vocabulary encoding schemes) and wrapper standards in order to present metadata information in layer scheme
- Observed general purpose schemas:
 Dublin Core, **DataCite**, MODS
- Advantages of DataCite:
 - o well-supported,
 - o provides interoperability,
 - widely used within data intensive physics community,
 - o can be mapped to DublinCore
 - Uses DOIs as permanent identifiers=> DOI minting





Common approaches:

- DataCite Fabrica
- RADAR KIT
- Side repositories: Zenodo, Arxiv, etc.

Alternative proposals:

- Partial solutions: ISBN existing for some publications, PIDs for software, etc.
- URLs
- UUID-5-based approaches

Metadata records creation

- Metadata records were created for all preselected datasets
- Sample metadata records were created for: simulations, publications, software snippets

```
<resource xsi:schemaLocation="http://datacite.org/schema/kernel-4 https://schema.datacite.org/meta/kernel-4.4/metadata.xsd">
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-<creators>
 -<creator>
  +<creatorName nameType="Organizational"></creatorName>
  </creator>
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 -<title xml:lang="en-US" titleType="Subtitle">
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   </title>
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 <publicationYear>2020</publicationYear>
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  classificationCode="678197d1-8bf1-4c16-86cc-8133fba03b86">Cosmic rays & astroparticles</subject>
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    <contributorName nameType="Organizational">KASCADE-Grande Collaboration
    <affiliation affiliationIdentifier="https://ror.org/04t3en479" affiliationIdentifierScheme="ROR" SchemeURI="https://ror.org">Karlsruhe Institute of Technology</affiliation>
   </contributor>
 </contributors>
-<dates>
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 </sizes>
-<formats>
  <format>ROOT</format>
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    End User Licence Agreement for using the KCDC IAP webportal and the KCDC data (EULA)
   </rights>
 </rightsList>
-<descriptions>
```

Metadata records integration

- Several metadata records for preselected datasets were integrated into PUNCH Metadata Catalog
- DOI search available, search by object's title is in work

```
ictoria@victoria-ThinkPad-E490:~/Metadata catalog access try-client$ ./try-mdc -punch -list
[ws_show] 'HASH
 #API = 'REST
 #Check = 'OK'
 #Code = '200 OK'
  #0p = 'P0ST'
  #URL = 'https://euldg.physik.uni-bielefeld.de/ildg/mdc/datacite/query'
  result -> H[4]:
        elements -> A[82]:
                 10.1103/PhysRevLett.113.072001
                 10.22323/1.214.0186
                 10.1088/1742-6596/509/1/012098
                 10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2006.11.159
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.95.074505
                 10.1016/S0370-2693(01)01114-5
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.106.014510
                 10.1088/0954-3899/35/10/104093
                 10.22323/1.020.0163
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.103.094505
                 10.22323/1.105.0214
                 10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2014.08.073
                 10.1016/j.physletb.2019.05.013
                 10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2016.01.008
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.95.054504
                 10.4119/unibi/2985954
                 10.1143/PTPS.186.563
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.88.094021
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.80.014504
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.90.094503
                 10.22323/1.032.0021
                 10.5506/APhysPolBSupp.14.241
                 10.1016/S0010-4655(02)00327-2
                 10.1103/PhysRevD.68.014507
                 10.22323/1.363.0223
```

Conclusion



- KCDC's digital resources were revised
- Metadata strategy was mapped out
- DataCite schema was selected as metadata standard for shallow core metadata
- DataCite Fabrica was chosen for DOI minting
- Sample metadata records were prepared
- Shallow metadata, complying with the DataCite schema, were created for all preselected datasets
- Selected metadata records were integrated into PUNCH Metadata Catalog

Future steps

- Selection of suitable metadata standards for further layers of metadata
- Implementation and testing of DOI minting
- Organisation of metadata harvesting employing OAI-PMH
- Preparation metadata usage guidelines
- Further population of PUNCH Metadata Catalog

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Thank you for your attention! Questions?

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