

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology



Results of 2024: Key Elements for Future Metrology at IMT

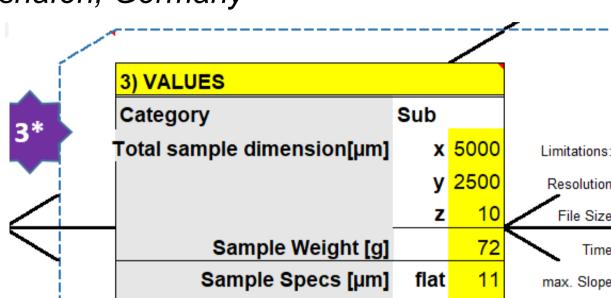
<u>Richard Thelen^{1,2}</u>, Maximilian Kabbe^{1,2}, Hendrik Hölscher¹, Jan G. Korvink¹, Jürgen Brandner^{1,2}

1) Standardized Flow See MSE Day Poster Richard Thelen

¹ Institute of Microstructure Technology (IMT) Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Eggenstein-Leopoldshafen ² Karlsruhe Nano Micro Facility KNMFi, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Eggenstein-Leopoldshafen, Germany

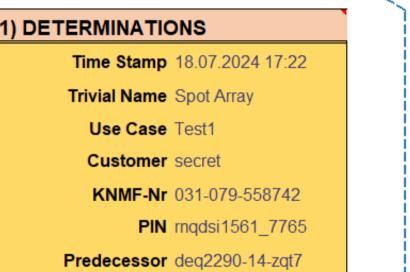
2) Guided Dialogue (.xls Model) to convert research question into metrology process flow

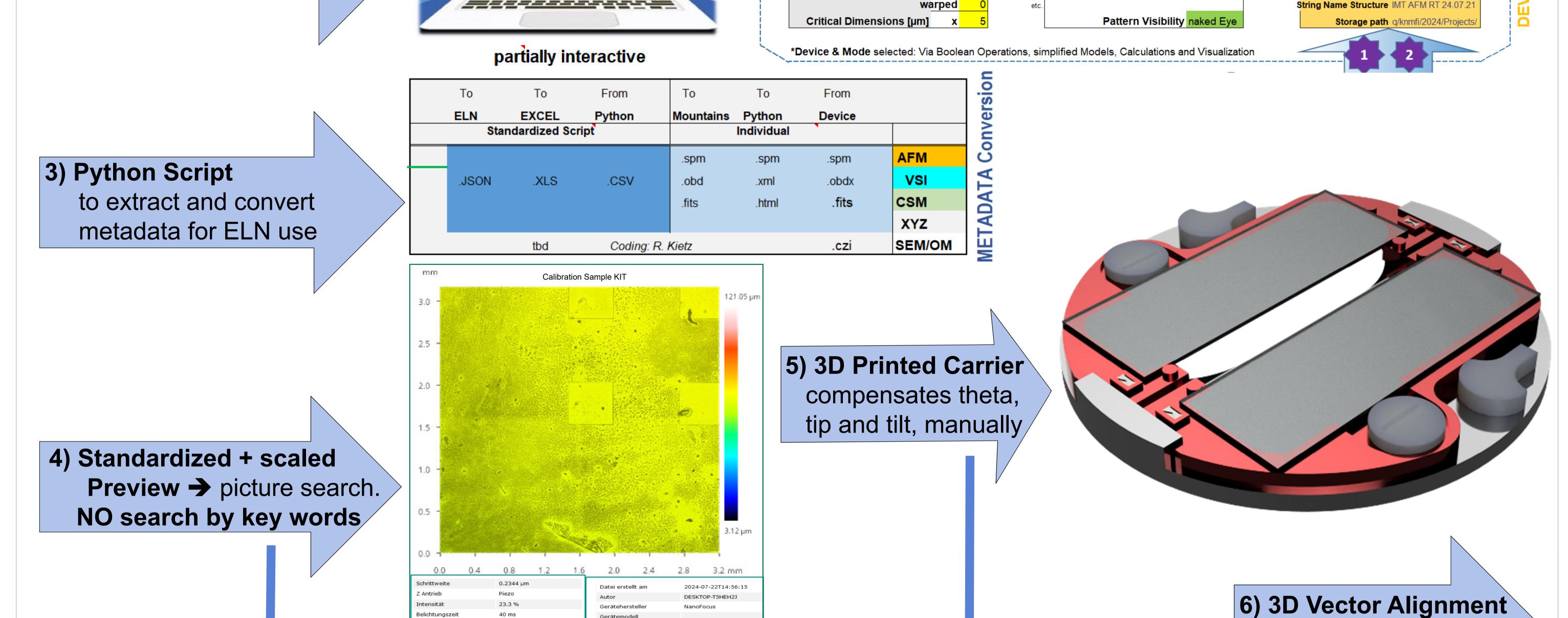




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Extracted from "Request Sheet.xls" 2) SELECTIONS Measurement Confidence Systematic Visualization 3D Surface Position Arbitrarily Sample Apperance Clean





ntensität	23.3 %	Gerätehersteller	NanoFocus
elichtungszeit	40 ms	Gerätemodell	
Bain	0 dB	Seriennummer	600330
linning	1×1	Messgerättyp	NonContacting
Igorithmus	MaxPeakCenterOfGravity	Messverfahren	confocal DSCM
titching	2 x 2	Softwareversion	8.8.2.34760
titching AlphaX	-0.05139	Länge X	3140 µm
titching AlphaY	-0.0571	Punktabstand X	1.353 µm
titching Mode	2	Länge Y	3133 µm
titching	Nulltransform	Punktabstand Y	1.352 µm
reprocessingAlgo		Messposition X	26.66 mm
titching Overlapp	80	Messposition Y	65.43 mm
etzte Kalibrierung	2024-06-27T13:29:37	Messposition Z	2.527 mm
lardwareversion	1105232NF_CTRL /5.0.0.5	Optik	1600S (10x / 0.30)
	,	Messbereich	116.3 µm

See MSE Day Poster Max Kabbe

Future MDMC Metrology Topics at IMT

Sample Navigation System

Human-machine communication and optimized algorithms for quality improvement in high-precision measurement processes using animated navigation to define measurement points on a sample surface

The devices will perform with best possible compensation using integrated machine learning. The necessary multiparameter optimization will be supported by AI to determine the best path and convert it into a machine-readable form. This concerns the design of the mechanical interface and the actuators as well as the determination of the method for the best possible compensation.

Motorized Carrier

Universal and compact carrier with integrated mechanics for converting position data into correction values in the event of position deviation over several degrees of freedom.

The device-independent carrier with active compensation of position deviations offers a universal solution to the problem of lacking alignment options. Without requiring access to the often proprietary manufacturer software or further investment in improving the individual device stages for additional degrees of freedom DoF.



KIT – The Research University in the Helmholtz Association

