



SENSIC^{·CH}



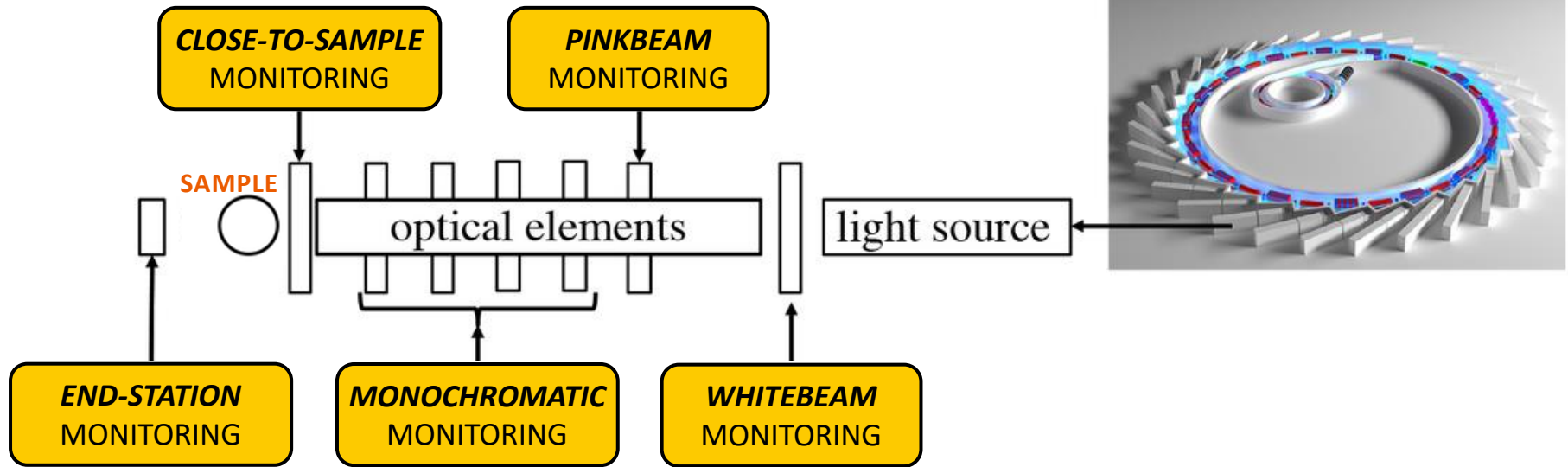
Silicon Carbide based X-ray beam monitoring

Massimo Camarda [SenSiC GbmH (sensors, CH) & STLab srl (electronics, IT)]

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1. Mission of *SenSiC GmbH (& STLab srl)*
2. Locations of X-ray beam monitors
3. Whitebeam (polychromatic) monitoring
 - I. Hole based sensors (orthogonal to the beam)
 - II. Blade based sensors (parallel to the beam)
 - III. Slit integrated sensors (orthogonal, but moveable)
4. Conclusions (+ presentation on controls + **join EU project**)

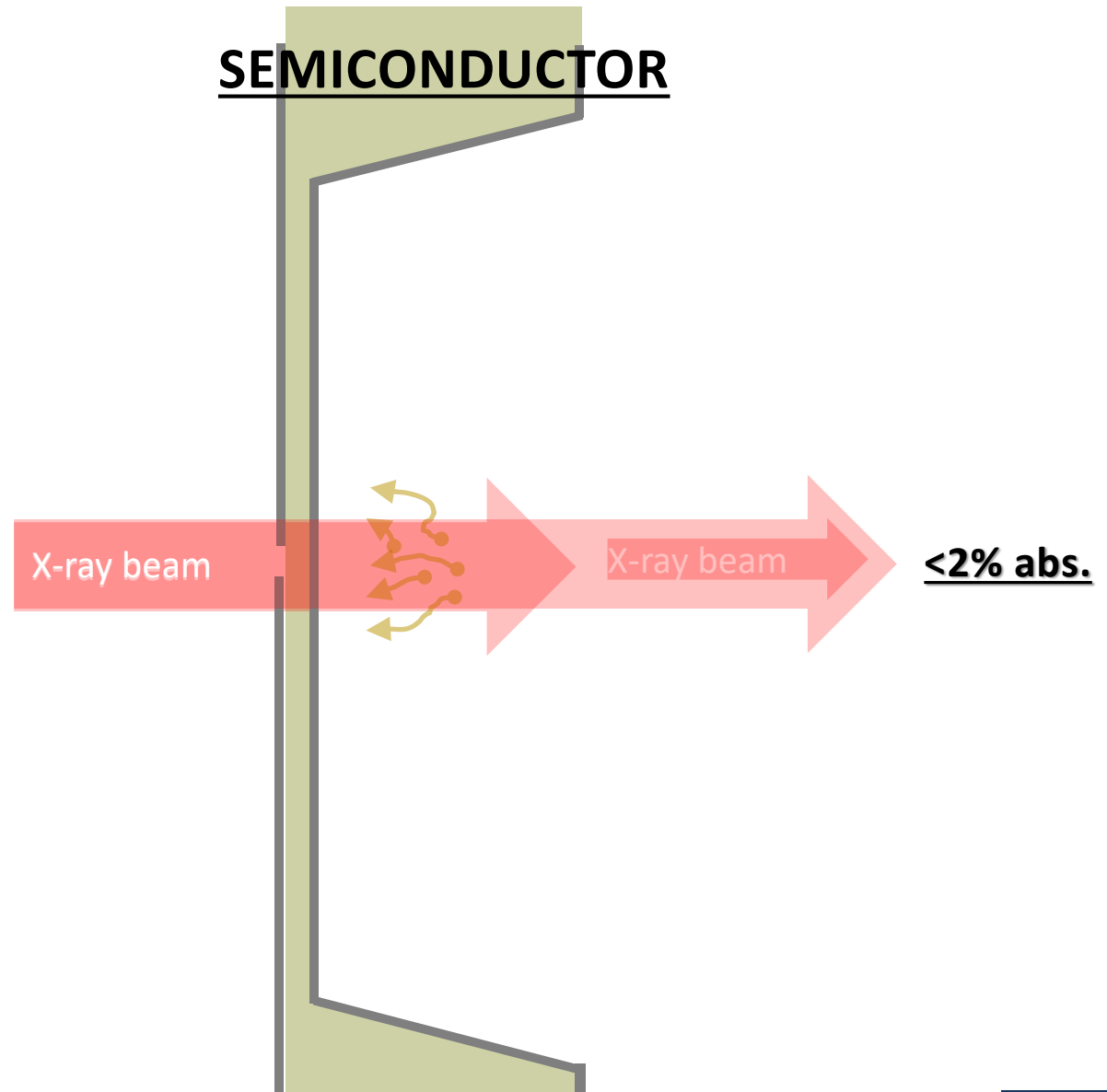
Generalities of Synchrotron X-ray beam monitoring



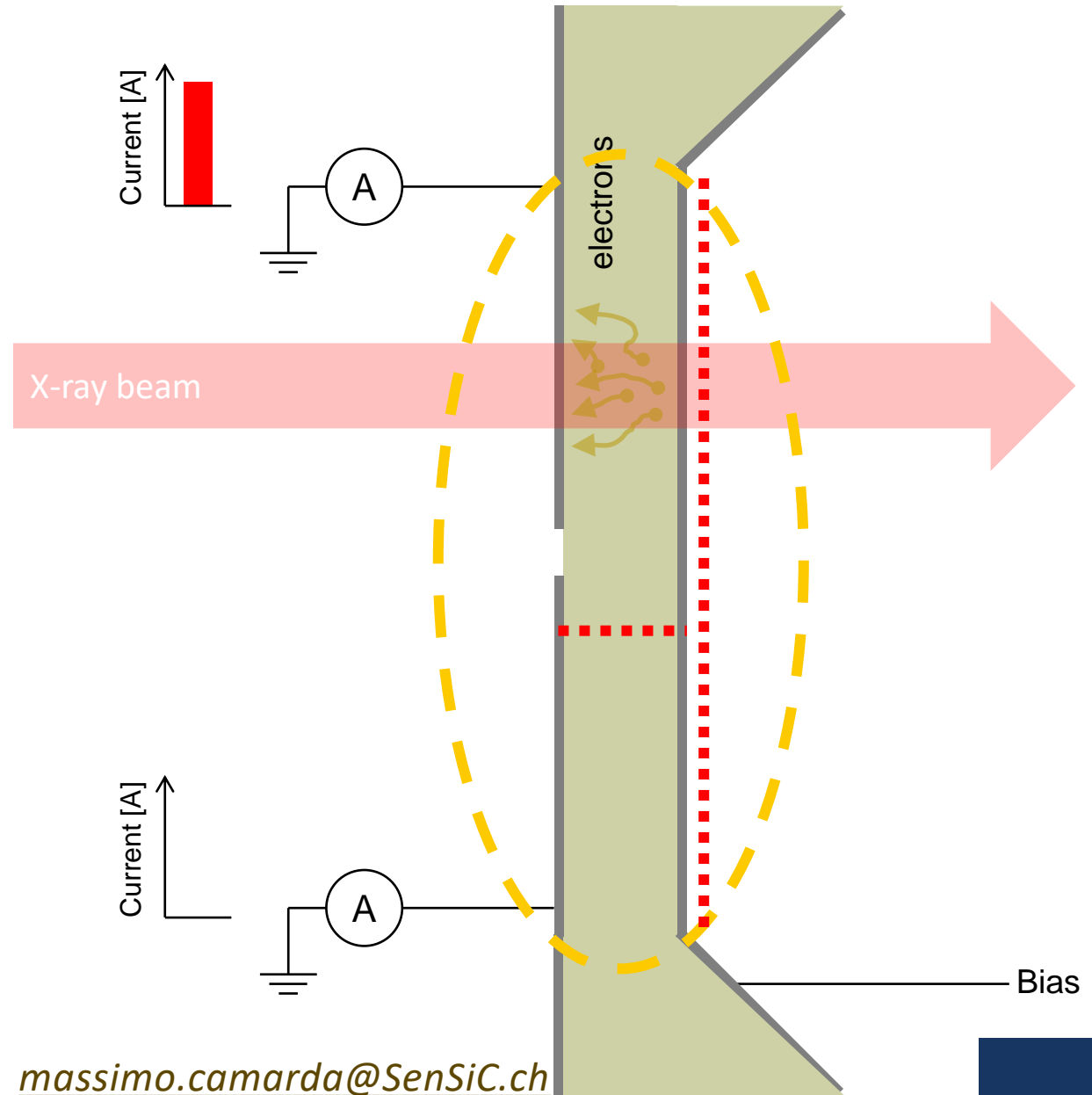
General requirements

- transparency (>98%)
- stability over time (whitebeam)
- good lateral resolution (<um)
- fast response (<ms, <us)
- large active areas (mm²)

“Thin-membrane” solid state XBPM



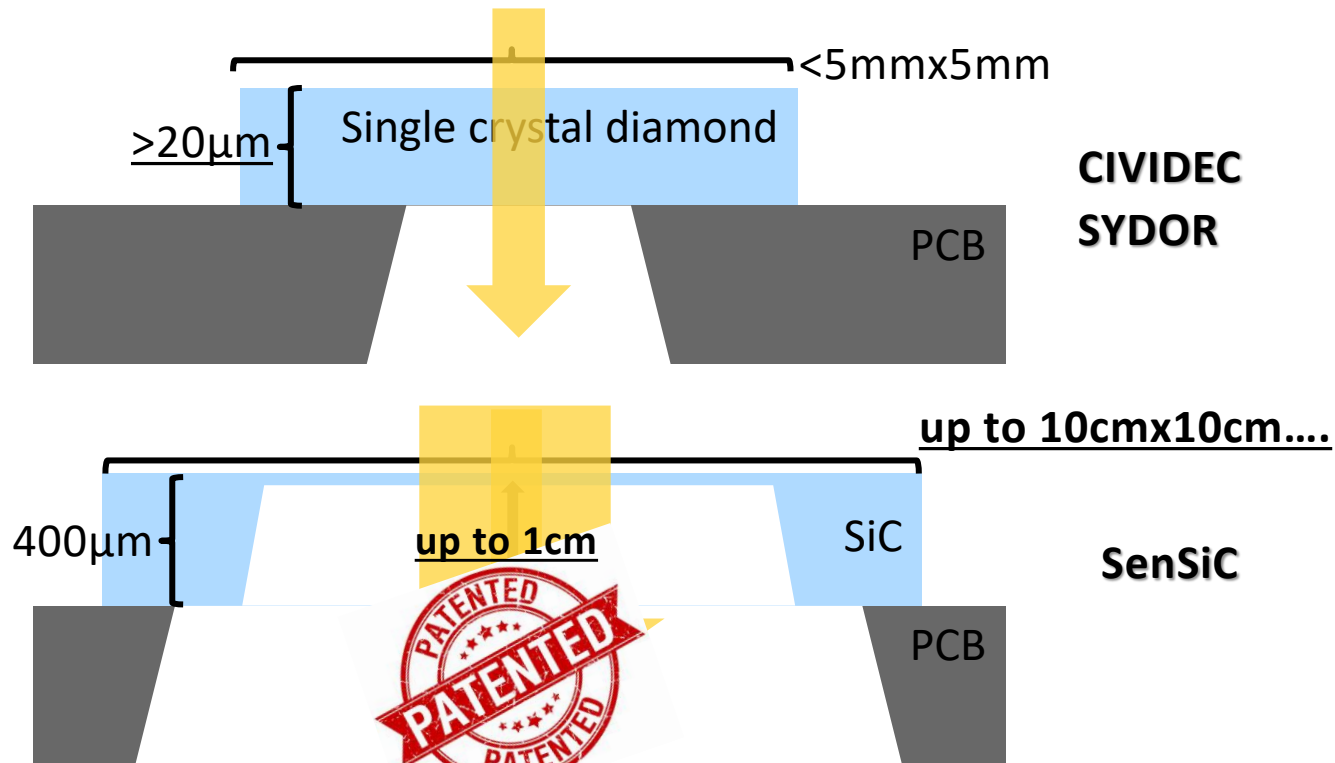
Standard "thin-membrane" XBPM



Comparison between Diamond and Silicon Carbide XBPM

“A comparison between single crystal diamond and SiC X-ray beam position monitors”

HOUGHTON, Diamond Light Source, SRI/JSR



■ down to <math>< 0.3\ \mu\text{m}</math> thick! (from soft to hard X-ray)

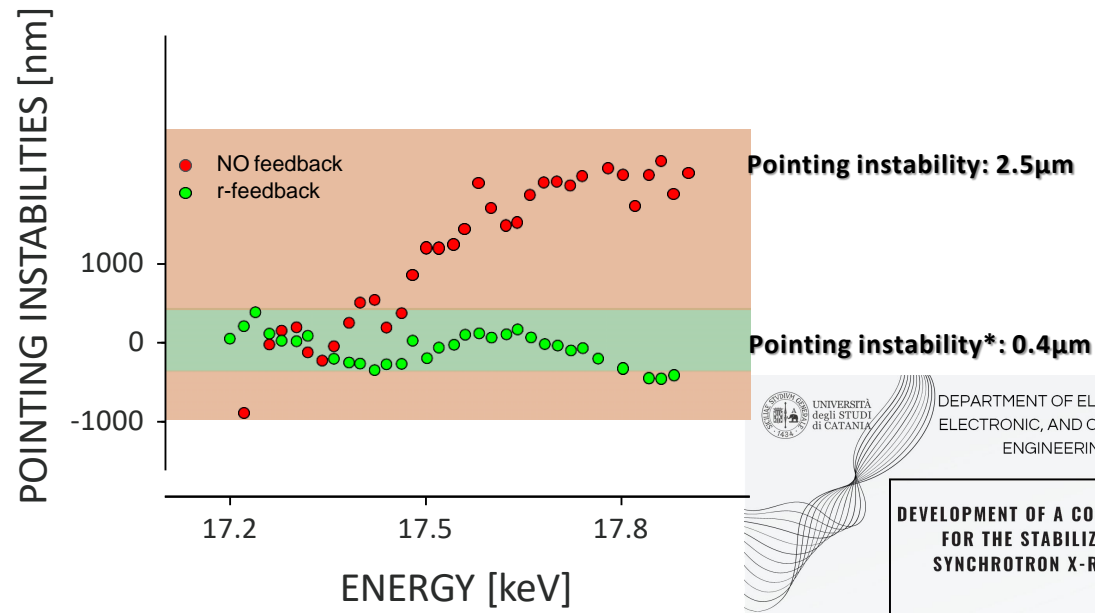
ultra-thin (framed) membrane!

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*up to instrumental limits

Monochromatic XBPM

successful SiC XBPM feedback-loop schema



UNIVERSITÀ degli STUDI di CATANIA

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC, AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

STLAB SENSIC

DEVELOPMENT OF A CONTROL SYSTEM FOR THE STABILIZATION OF SYNCHROTRON X-RAY BEAMS

NICCOLÒ LA ROSA

PROF. MAIDE BUCOLO
DR. MASSIMO CAMARDA

ENG. SAMUELE MOSCATO

PhD in Energy, Computer, and Telecommunications Systems Engineering

x5 Improvement using feedback system using SiC XBPM

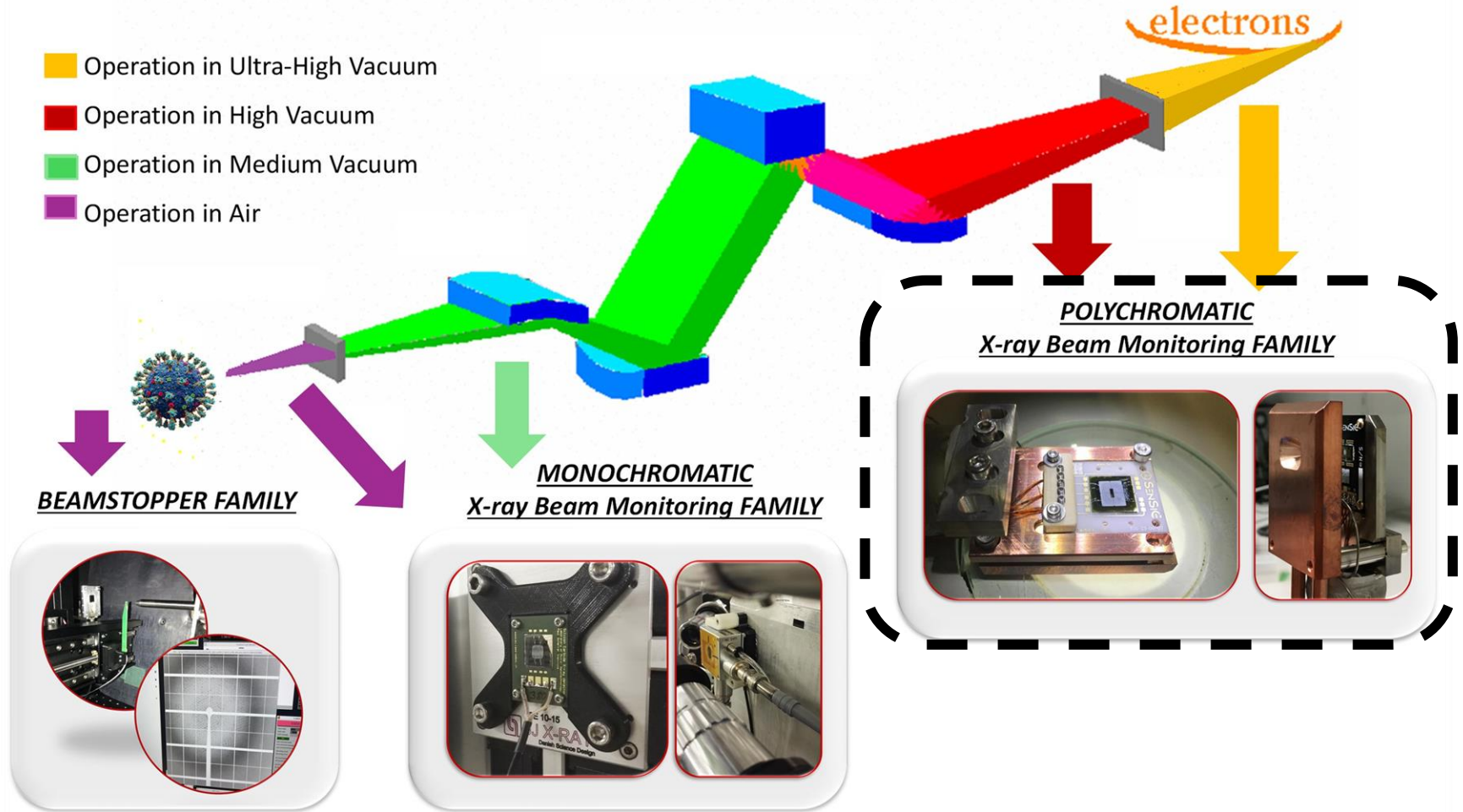
Control/feedback important in spectroscopy measurements to compensate for energy induced drifts!

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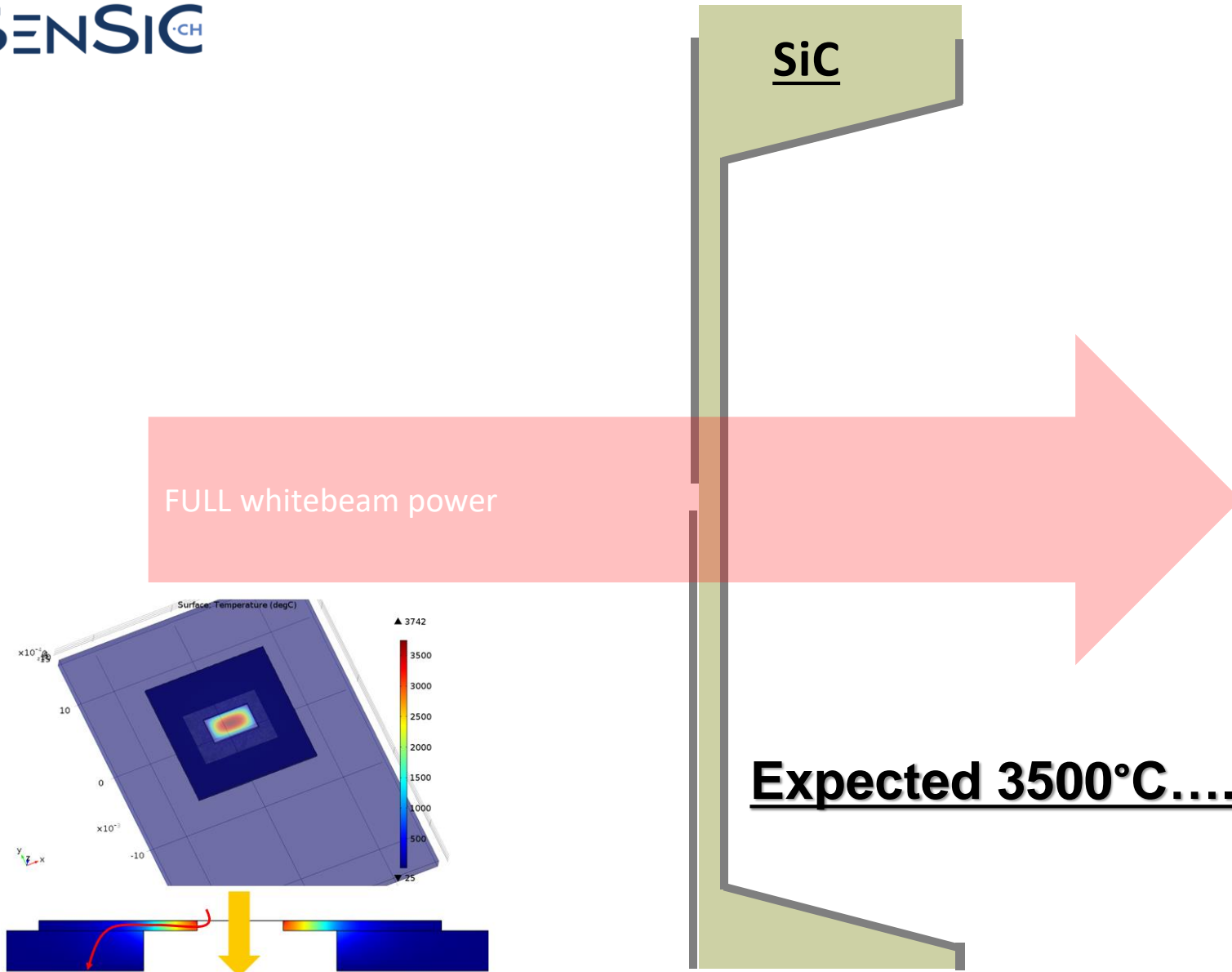
*sigma: <400nm

Silicon Carbide (SiC) In-line X-ray Detectors

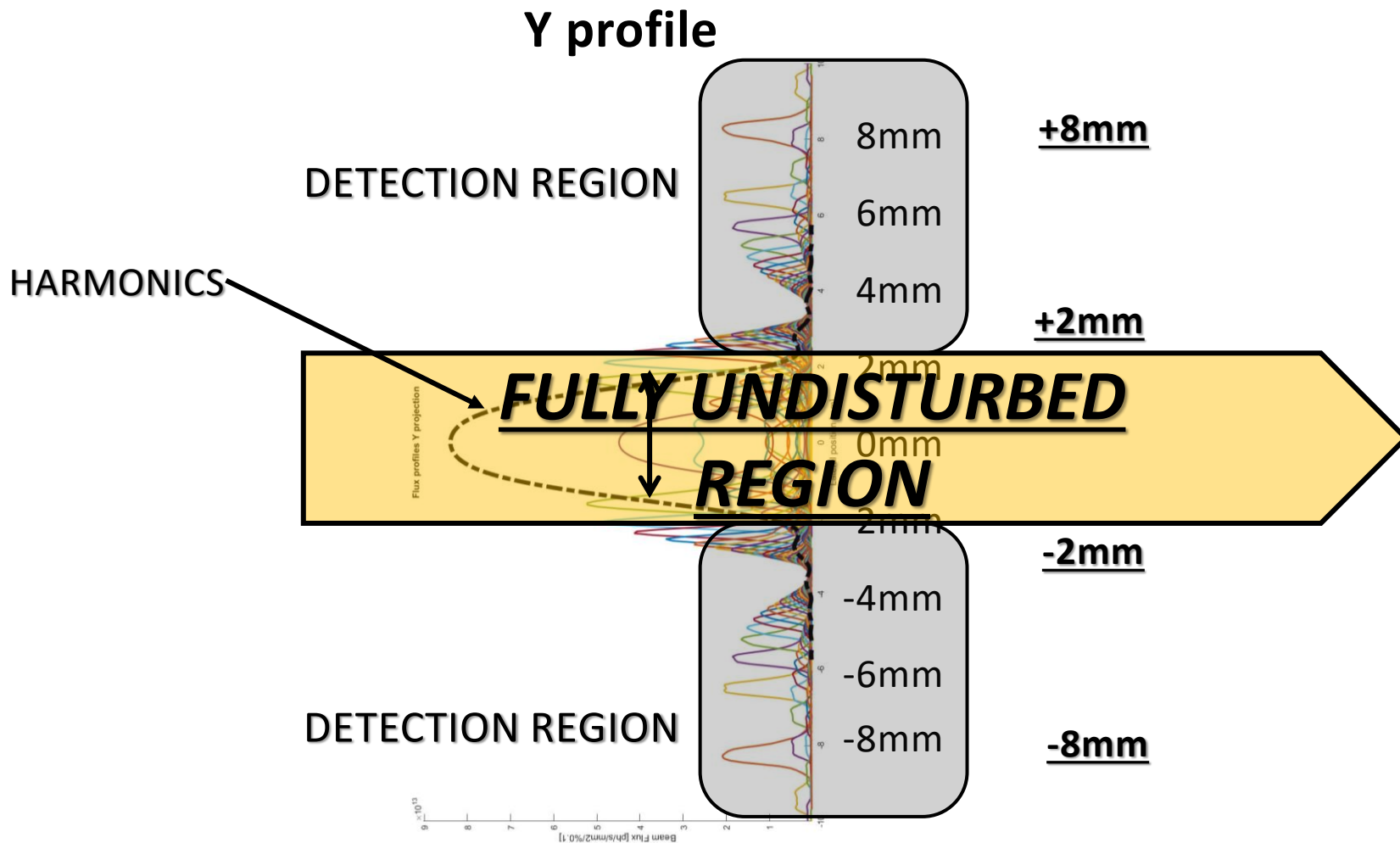
- Operation in Ultra-High Vacuum
- Operation in High Vacuum
- Operation in Medium Vacuum
- Operation in Air



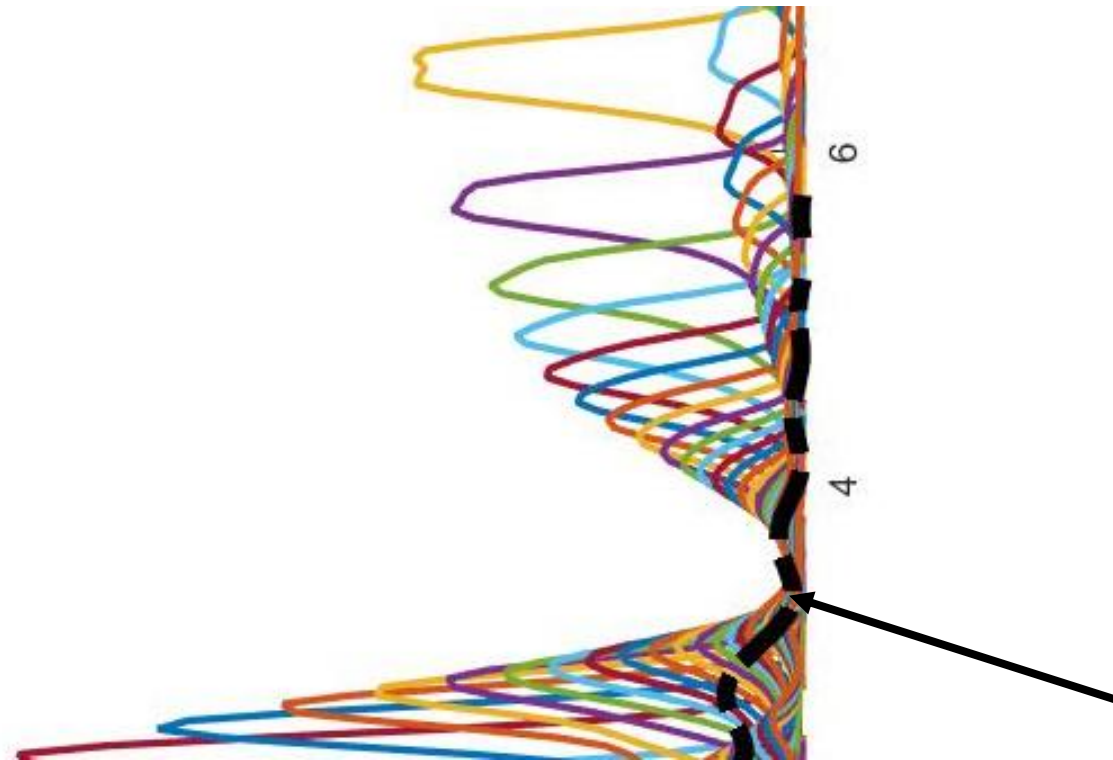
“Thin-membrane” solid state XBPM



Generalities of whitebeam monitoring



Generalities of whitebeam monitoring

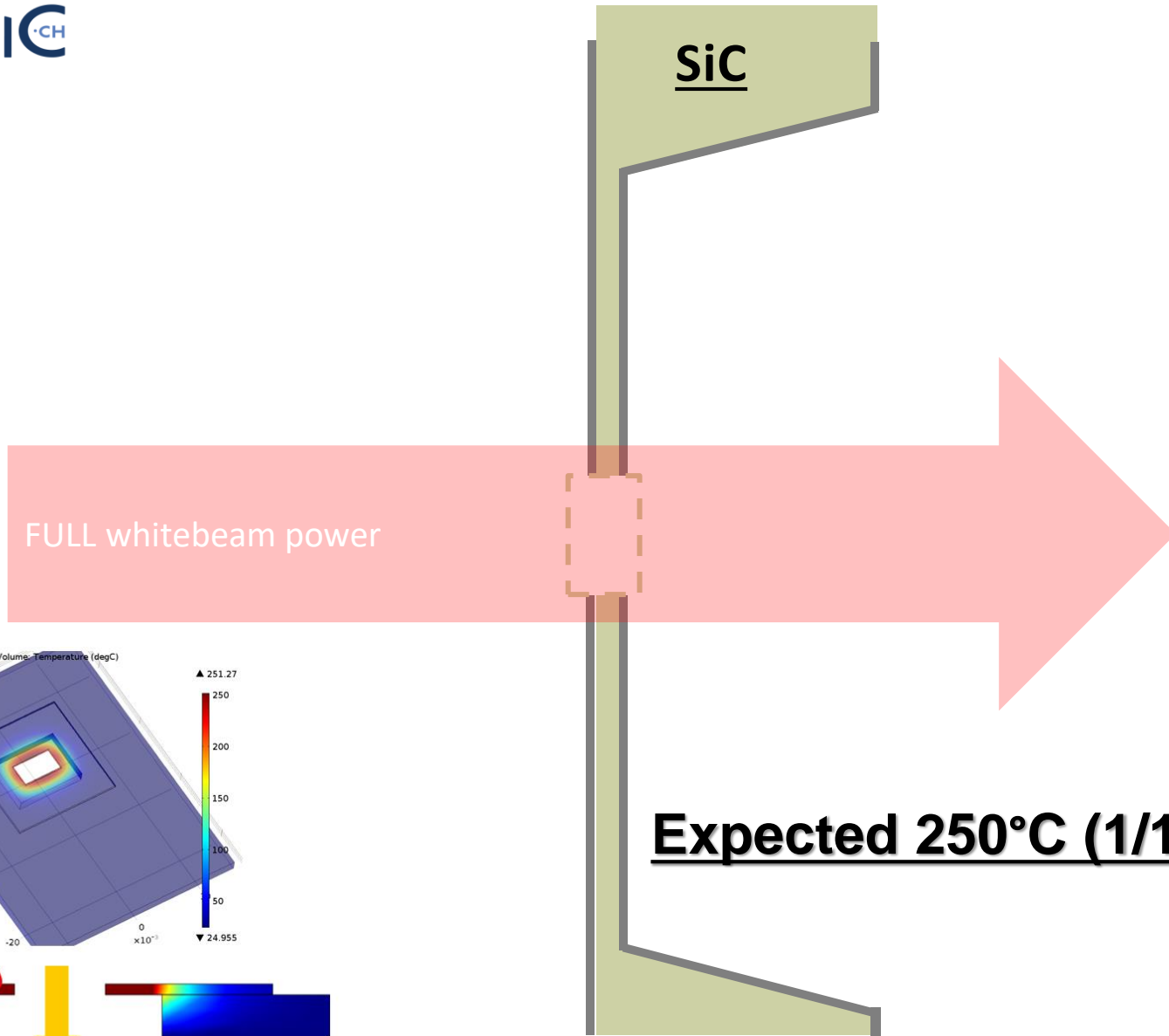


WE ARE NOT MEASURING THE «TAILS» OF THE BEAM

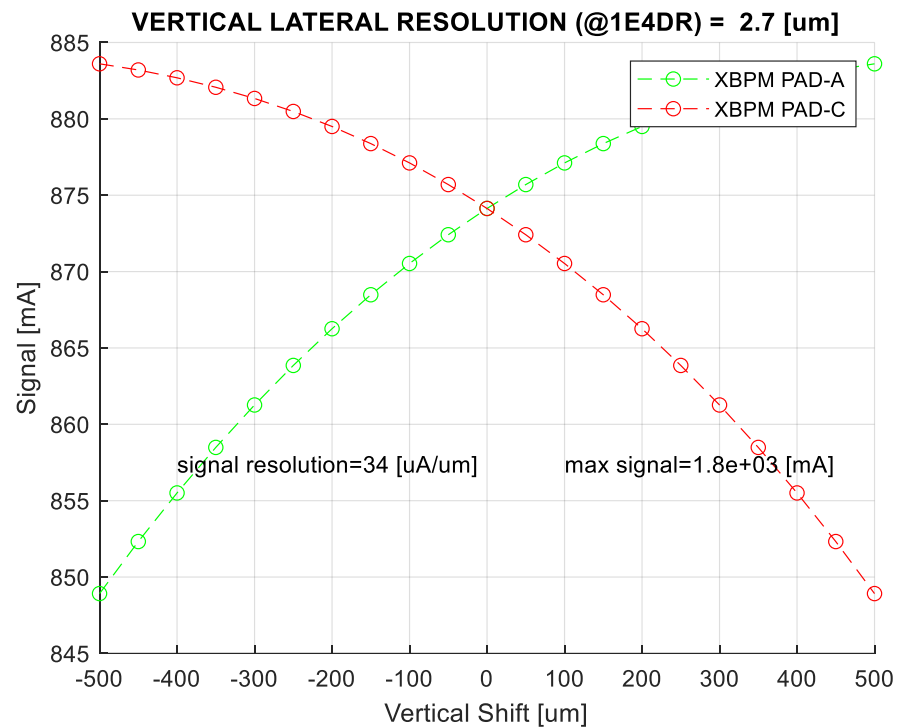
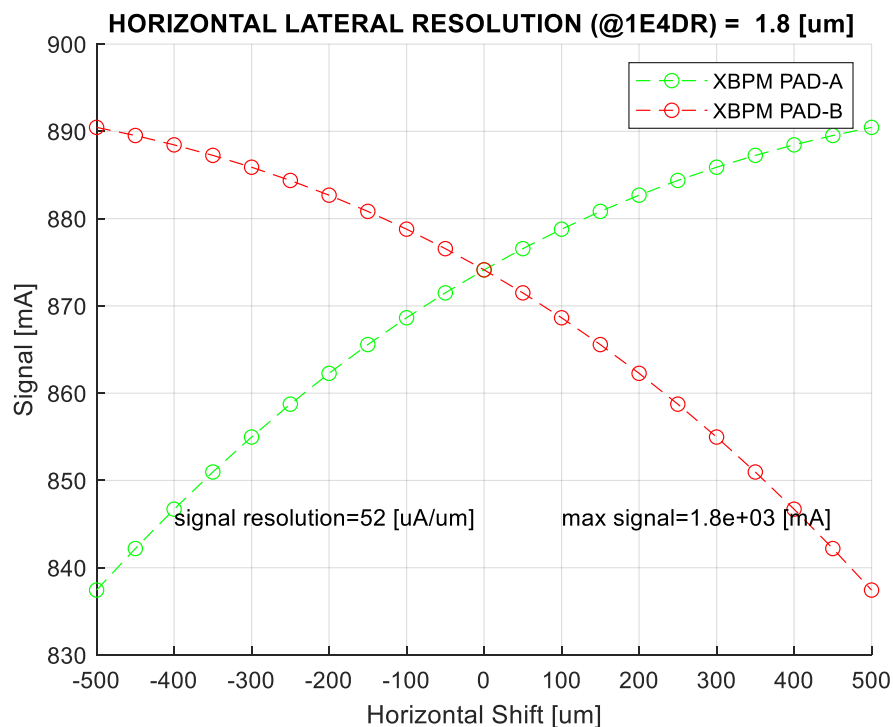
WE ARE REALLY MEASURING THE «OFF HARMONIC» COMPONENTS!

CROSS-CHROMATIC MONITORING

“Thin-membrane” solid state XBPM



Knife-edge scan at center “*HOLE-type*” 2 μ m SiC XBPM, microXAS

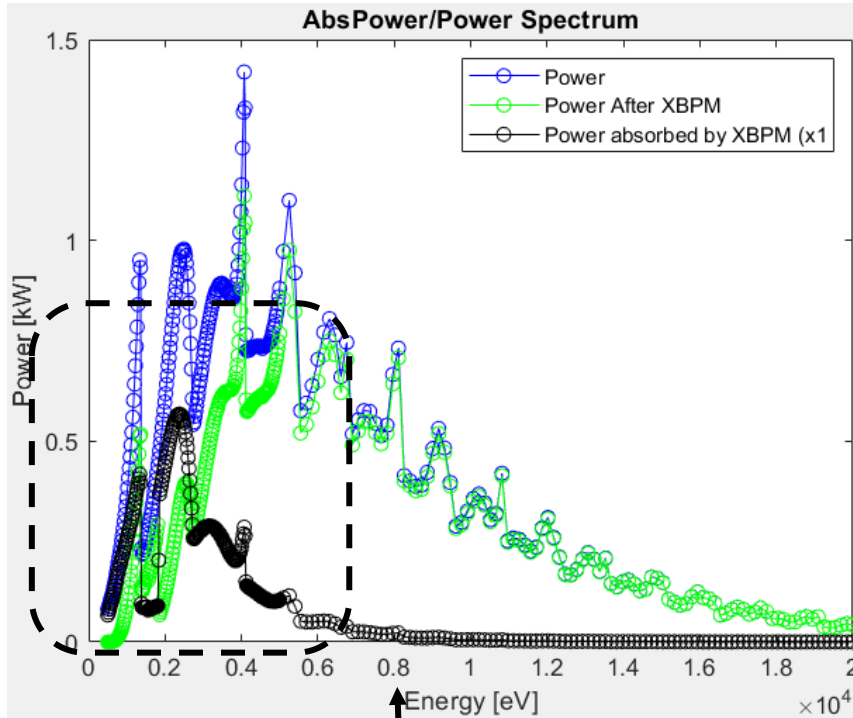


Lateral resolution of [1.8 μ m,2.7 μ m]

(\approx x2 improvement!!)

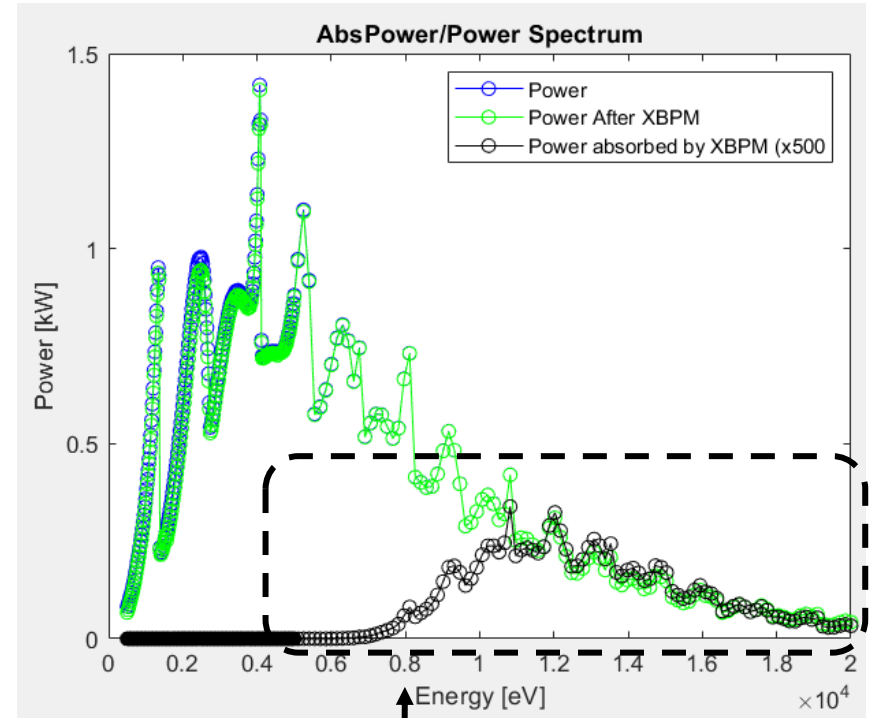
HOLE-type whitebeam sensors: FILTERING METHOD

STANDARD HOLE SiC XBPM



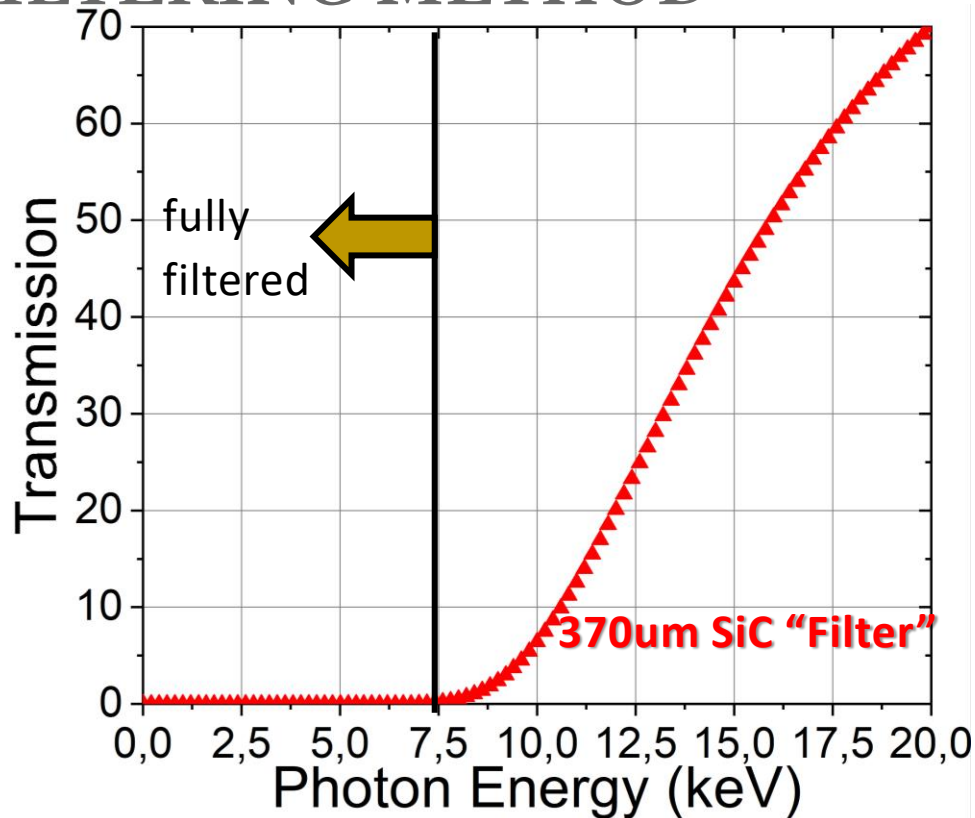
main signal contribution
coming from <8keV photons

FILTERING HOLE SiC XBPM



main signal contribution
coming from <8keV photons

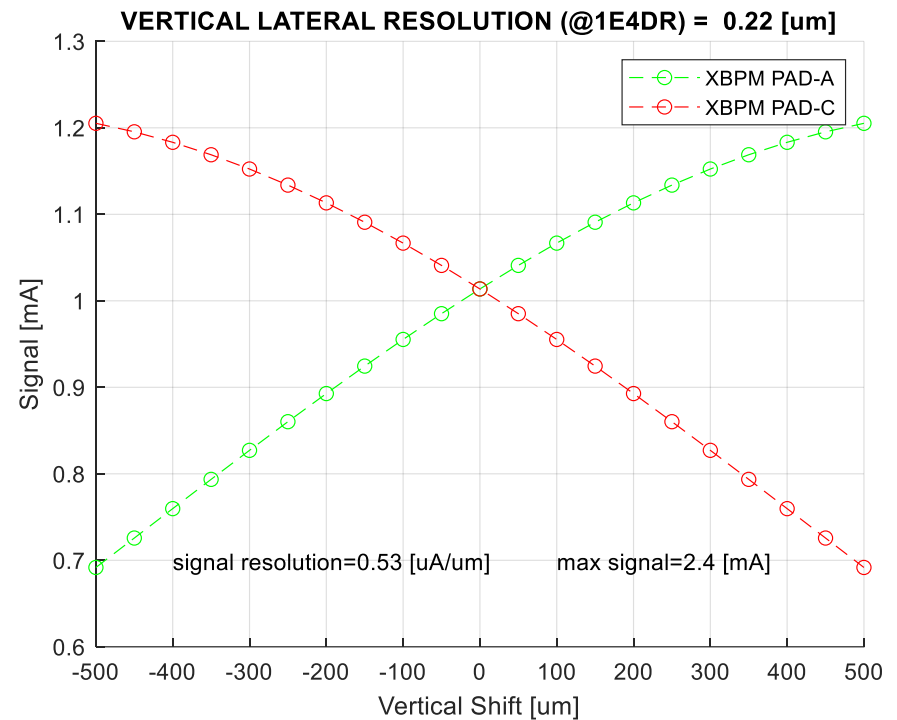
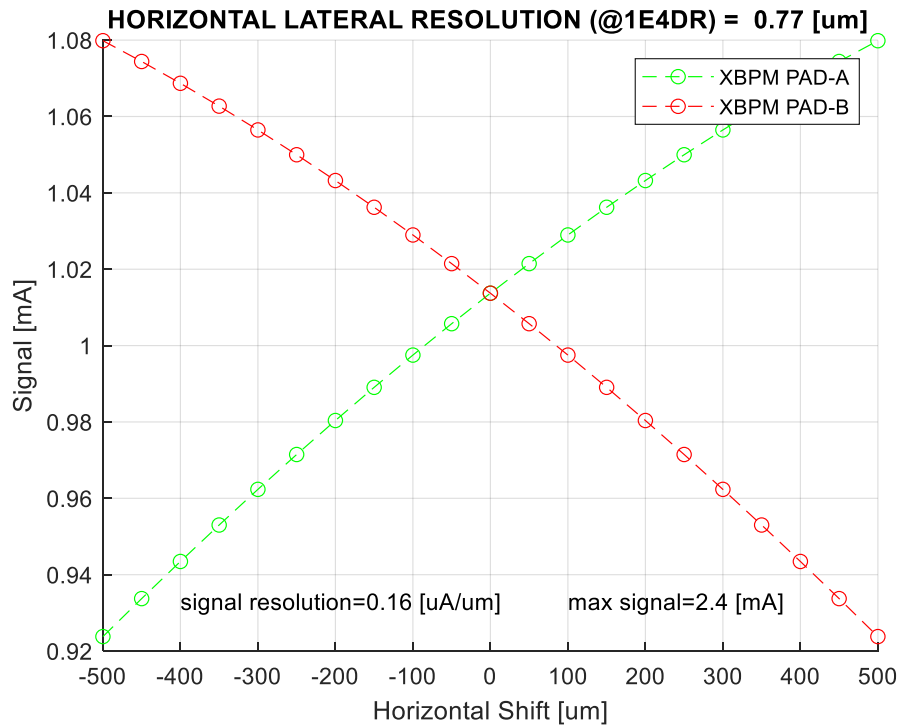
HOLE-type whitebeam sensors: FILTERING METHOD



filtering everything below 7.5keV → cross-chromatic monitoring

filtering everything below 7.5keV → bendig magnet radiation


Whitebeam monitoring “FILTERED Blade-type” 2um SiC XBPM, microXAS



Max current on device (diaphragm) 2 [mA] (>x1000 reduction)

Lateral resolution of [0.7um,0.22um] (>x3-10 improvement*)

Knife-edge scan at center for microXAS

- “Standard” 2um SiC XBPM**
 - Lateral resolution of [2.7um– 3.7um]
 - Max current on device 3[A]
 - Max temperature 3600°C
 - “BLADE” SiC XBPM**
 - Lateral resolution of [1.8um– 2.7um]
 - Max current on device 1.7[A]
 - Max temperature 250°C
 - “FILTERED BLADE” SiC XBPM**
 - Lateral resolution of [0.7um(!)– 0.22um]
 - Max current on device 1[mA]
 - Max temperature 250°C
- 



Pinkbeam sensors: hole-type sensors



COPPER/COOLING

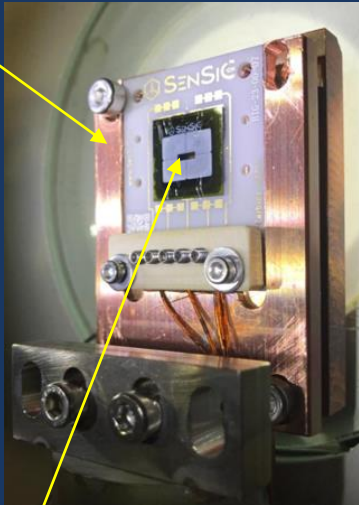
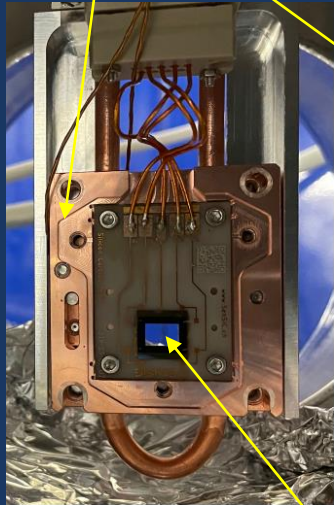
SLS

HEPS

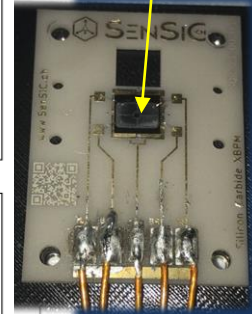
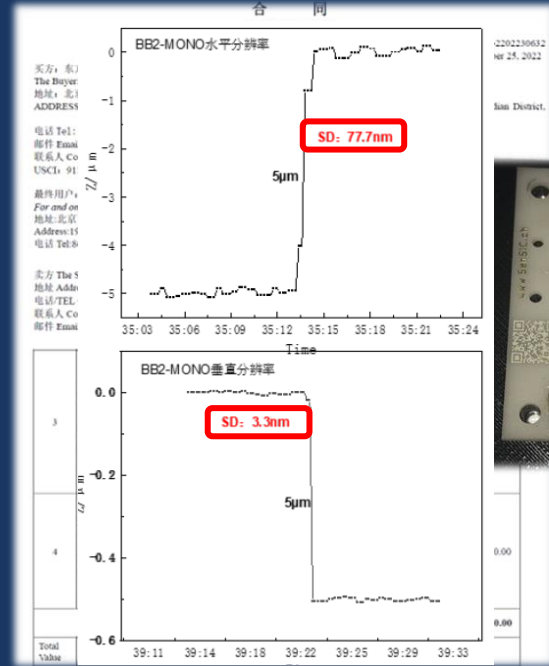
(very small)
HOLE

SIMS (softX)

MS (hardX)



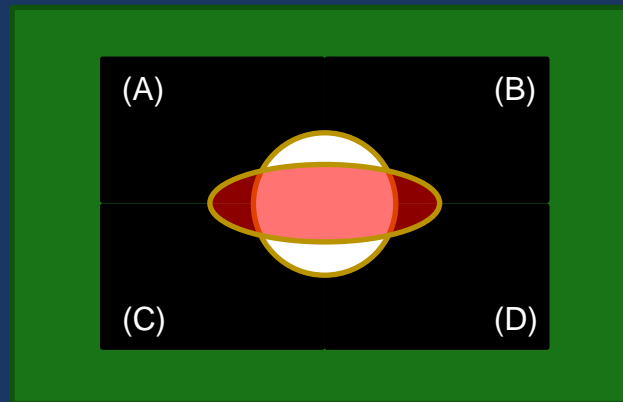
HOLES



submicron resolution achieved!

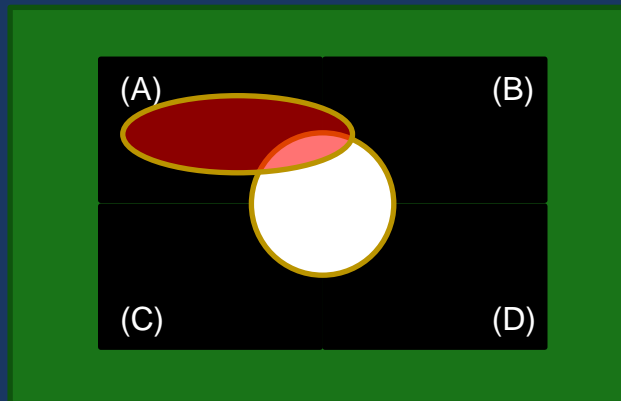


Limits of hole-type sensors

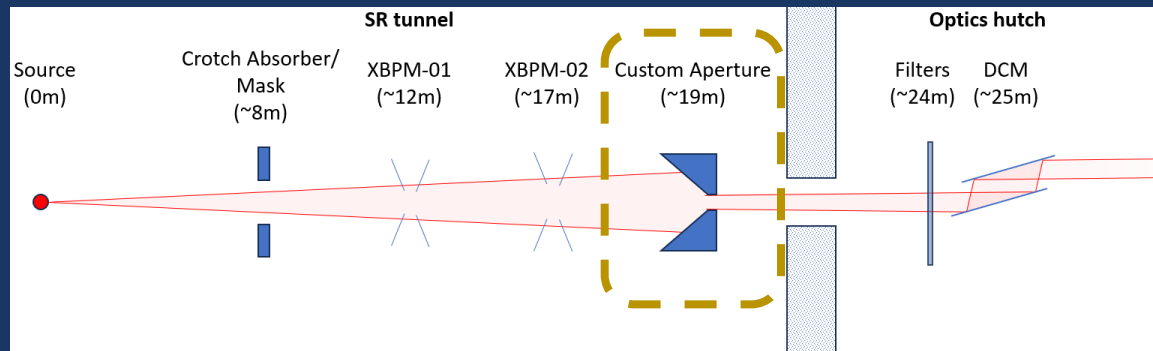
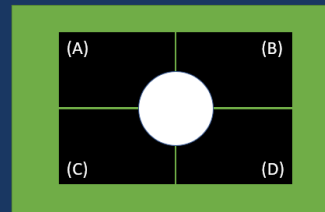




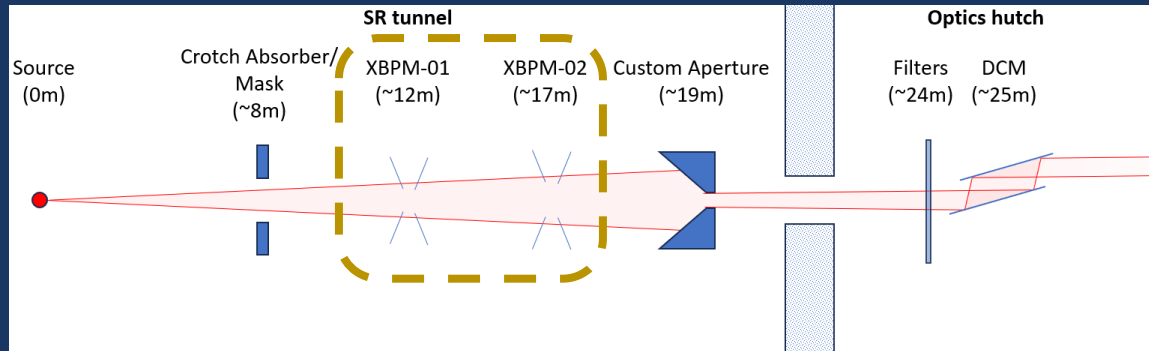
Limits of hole-type sensors



Limits of hole-type sensors



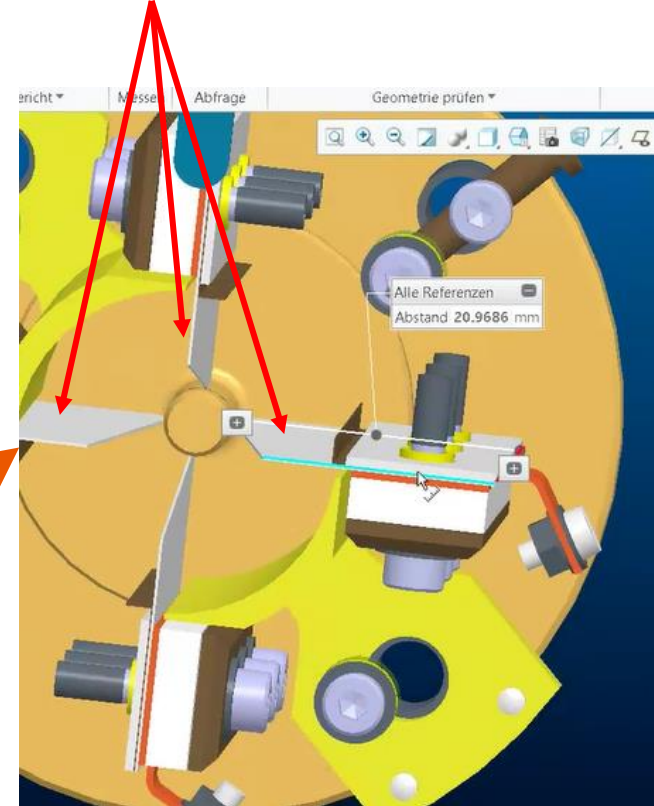
Metal (Tungsten) blade monitors



Currently available whitebeam monitors METAL BLADES SENSORS

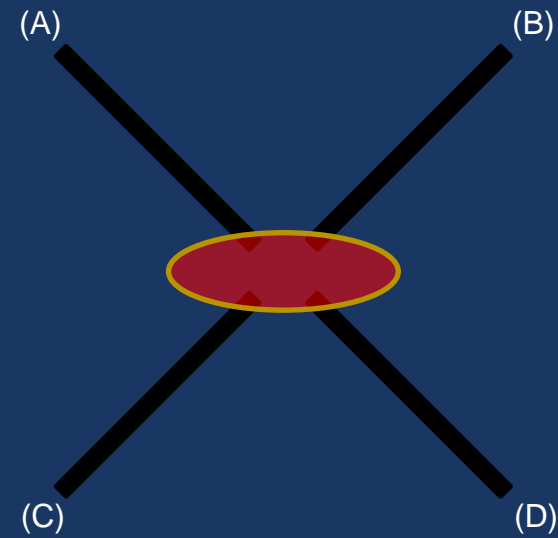
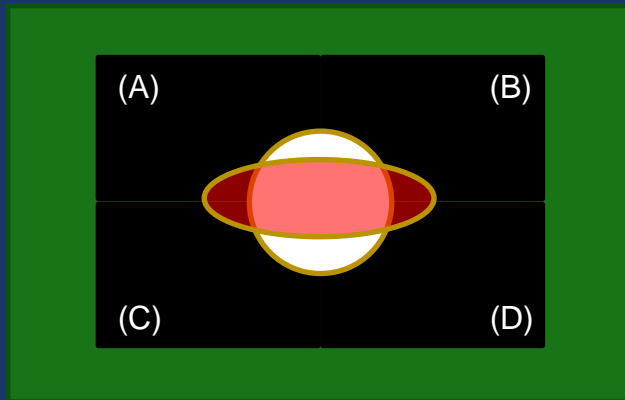


METAL BLADES



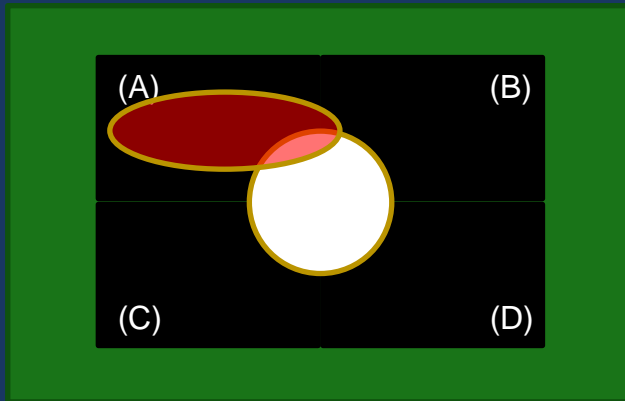


Sensors comparison

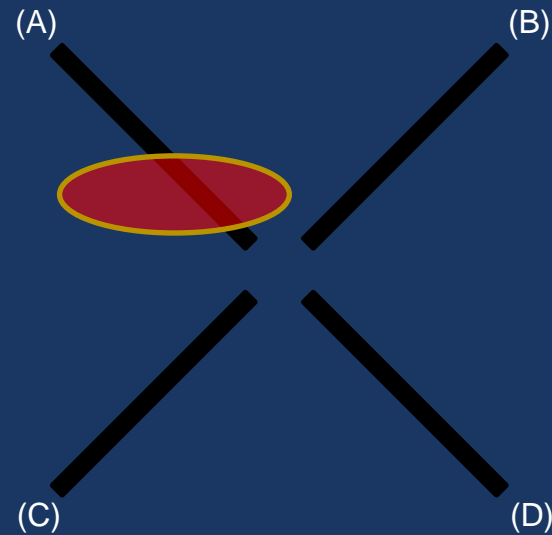




Sensors comparison



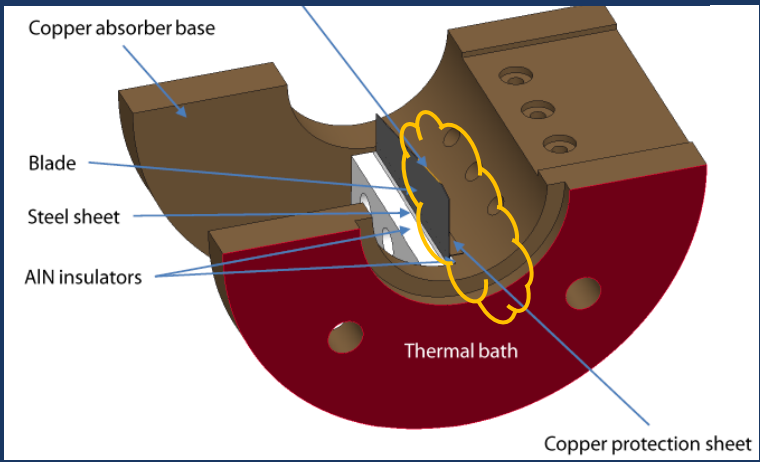
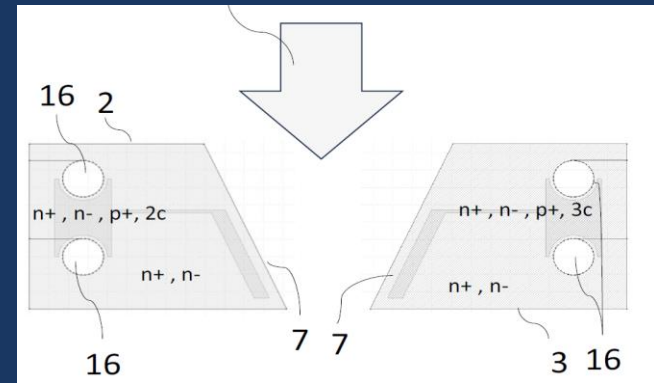
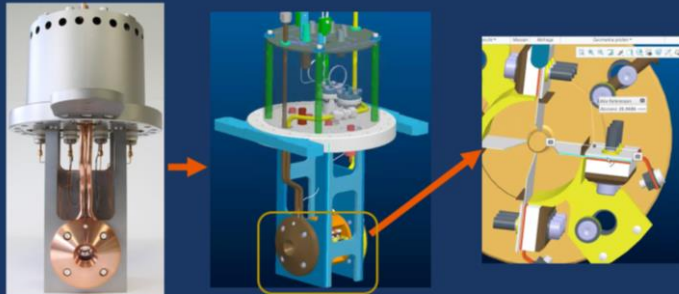
CRITICAL HEATLOAD



NON-CRITICAL HEATLOAD



New Semiconductor-based SiC Blades



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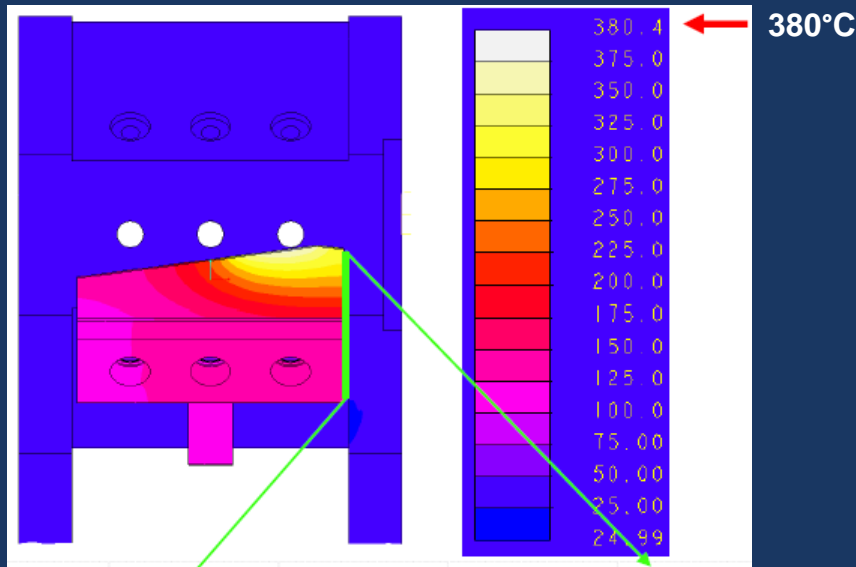


New Semiconductor-based SiC Blades

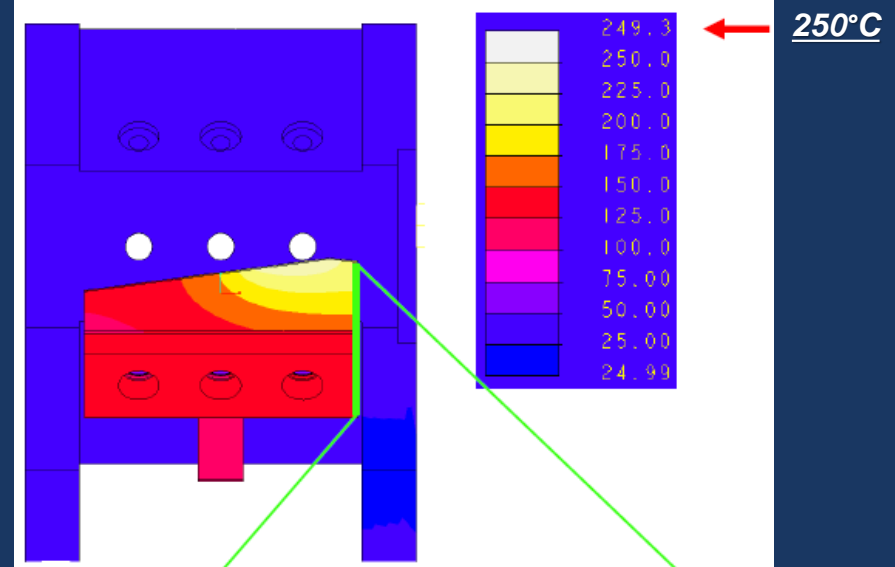


34% temperature reduction

TUNGSTEN BLADE



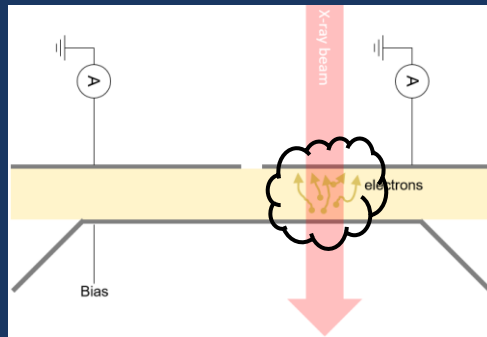
Silicon Carbide BLADE



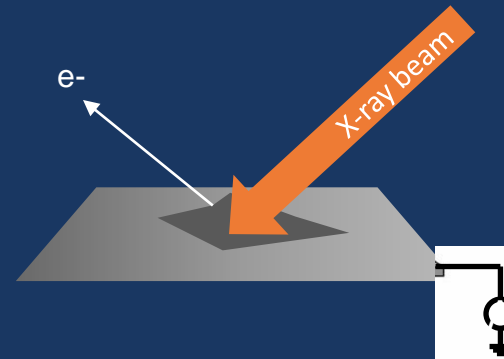


New Semiconductor-based SiC Blades

semiconductor based
internal photoemission



metal based
external photoemission



1. 34% temperature reduction
2. MUCH HIGHER (>X100) SIGNALS (internal charge multiplication)
3. NO SIGNAL CHANGES DUE TO SURFACE CONTAMINATIONS
4. POSSIBILITY OF FILTERING BACKGROUND SIGNAL



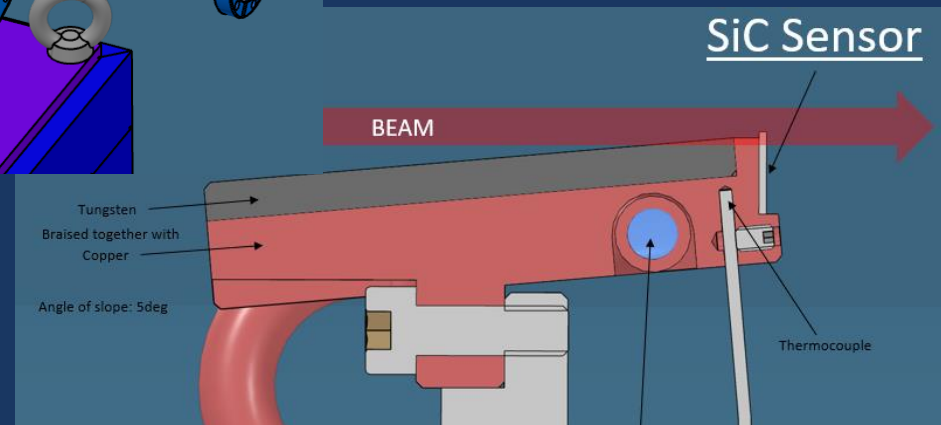
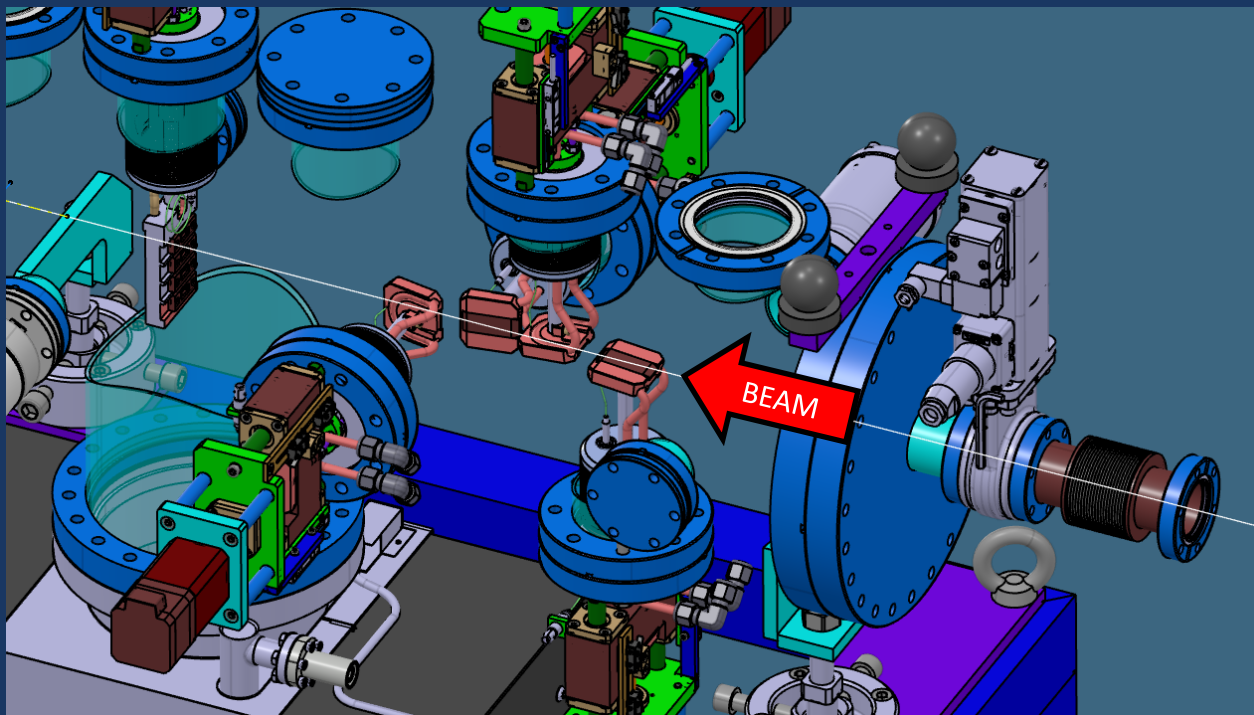
Substitution of metal blades to SiC ones / agreements



- POSSIBILITY OF RETROFITTING ALL-INSTALLATIONS
- AGREEMENT WITH FMB-BERLIN TO TEST NEW SYSTEM
- AGREEMENT WITH DLS (UK) TO INSTALL NEW SYSTEM
- AGREEMENT WITH PSI TO INSTALL NEW SYSTEM (after DLS/DT)



Whitebeam sensors integrated in movevable slits (PXI-SLS)



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conclusions



- SenSiC (sensors) and STLab (readout&controls*) are pursuing (with all difficulties...) development of diagnostic elements at all X-ray stages

**Dr. N. La Rosa Wednesday 17:25*

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conclusions



- SenSiC (sensors) and STLab (readout&controls*) are pursuing (with all difficulties...) development of diagnostic elements at all X-ray stages
- Whitebeam represents a hot development, aiming to fulfill a technology gap, to support beam stabilization(s) [X-ray, downstream, electrons, up stream]

**Dr. N. La Rosa Wednesday 17:25*

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conclusions

- SenSiC (sensors) and STLab (readout&controls*) are pursuing (with all difficulties...) development of diagnostic elements at all X-ray stages)
- Whitebeam represents a hot development, aiming to fulfill a technology gap, to support beam stabilization(s) [X-ray, downstream, electrons, up stream]
- We are developing three different sensors types:

(1) HOLE TYPE



Validated at PSI & IHEP
submicron resolution

(2) BLADE TYPE



retrofit of FMB-chambers

(3) SLITS INTEGRATED



- *We are also developing readout & control electronics

- We are looking for interested institutions for EU project proposal



Dr. N. La Rosa Wednesday 17:25
“Development of control systems for the stabilization of synchrotron X-ray beams”



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**DEVELOPMENT OF A CONTROL SYSTEM
 FOR THE STABILIZATION OF
 SYNCHROTRON X-RAY BEAMS**



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EUREKAT-EUROSTAR EU PROJECT



“Precision Active Control of X-ray Beamlines” (PAC-X)

- 500k€-1000k€ /2-3years project
- Grants covering up to [40% (FR) / 70% (SE) / 100% (DE)] of project costs
- Deadline 12th September
- Beamtimes from facilities will allow testing/development of sensors+readout+control (turn-key) solutions
- Developed systems will be owned by facilities/beamlines at the end of the project(!)
- SOLEIL, ELETTRA, PTB/BETTY-II already IN (as single beamlines)

