



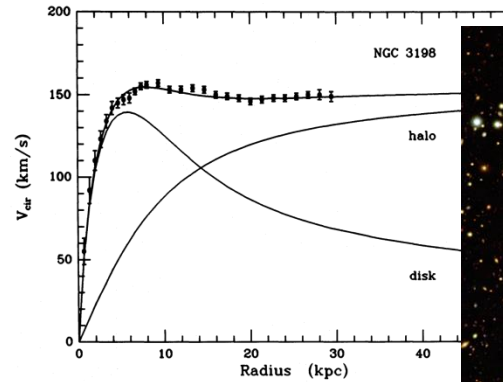
Max-Planck-Institut für Physik
(Werner-Heisenberg-Institut)



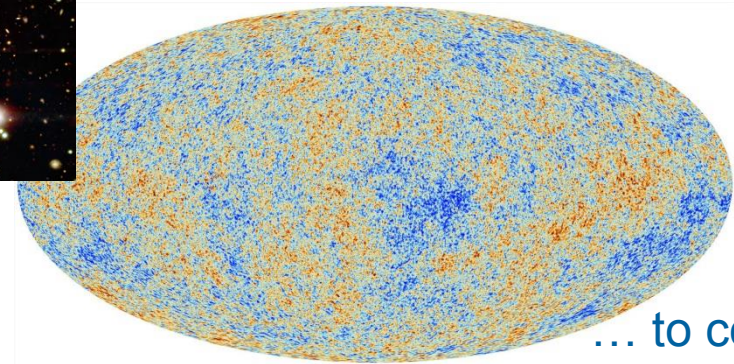
Current status of the CRESST experiment

Holger Kluck (TU Wien & HEPHY)
for the CRESST collaboration

- CRESST: Basic principles
- Latest results from CRESST-II phase 2
- Outlook to CRESST-III



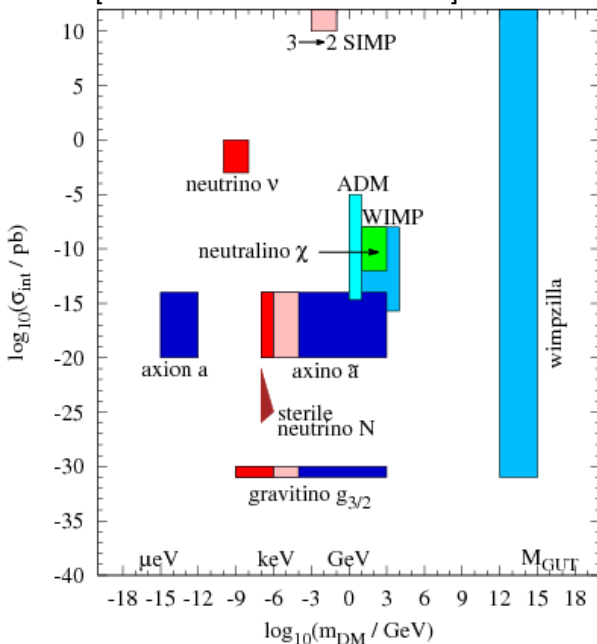
Several astrophysical and cosmological evidences for dark matter on different length scales:



... to cosmic

From galactic ...

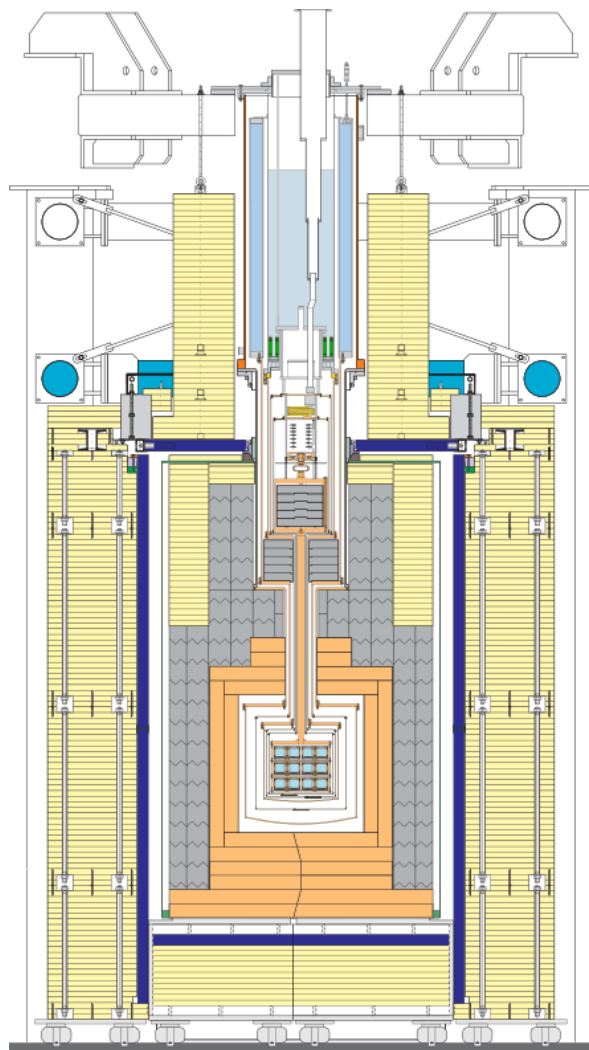
[H. Baer et al. arXiv1407.0017]



Particle candidate could be lighter than standard WIMP, e.g. asymmetric dark matter (ADM).

→ CRESST is ideally suited to search in the low mass range $m_{\text{DM}} \leq 10 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

CRESST: background suppression



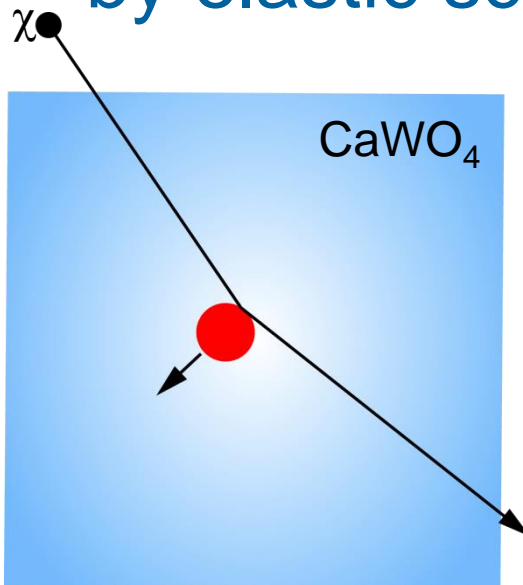
- Underground @ LNGS, 3500mwe



- μ veto + shields against n's (45cm PE, inner n shield) and γ (20 cm Pb, 14cm Cu)

CRESST: target

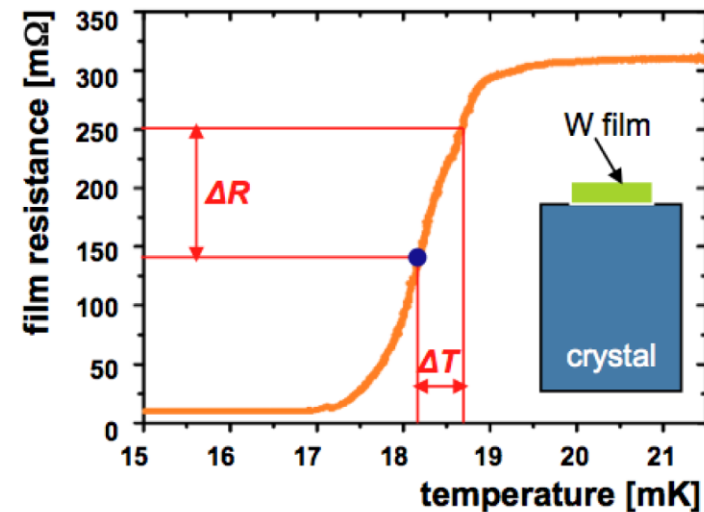
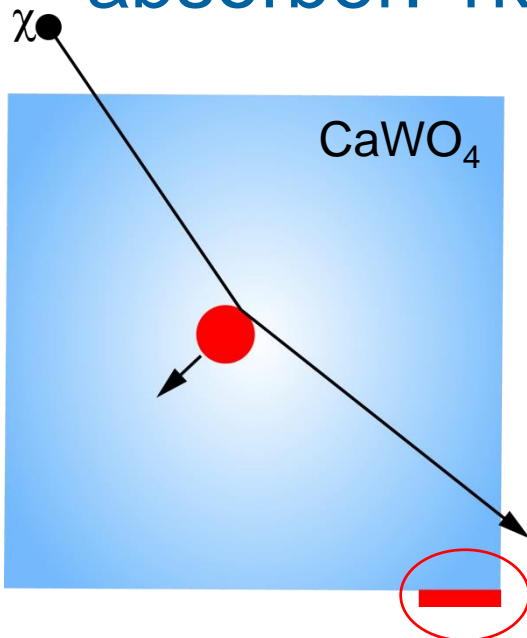
- Searched signal: single nuclear recoil caused by elastic scattering of e.g. WIMPs.



- Target: CaWO_4 (200g - 300g)
→ sensitive to low- and high-mass dark matter particles
- 2 signal channels:
 - Phonon signal
 - Light signal

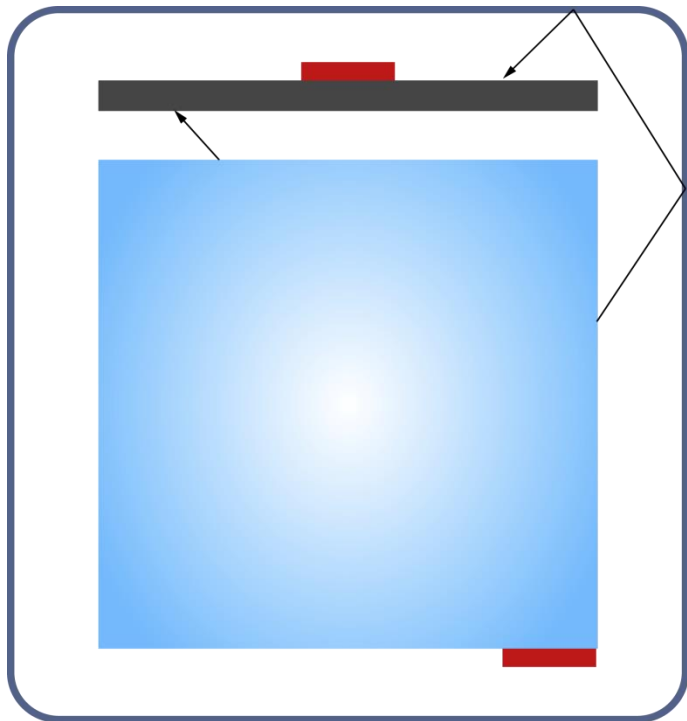
CRESST: phonon signal

- CaWO_4 crystals @ $\sim 10\text{mK}$ as calorimetric absorber: 1keV recoil $\sim O(1\mu\text{K})$



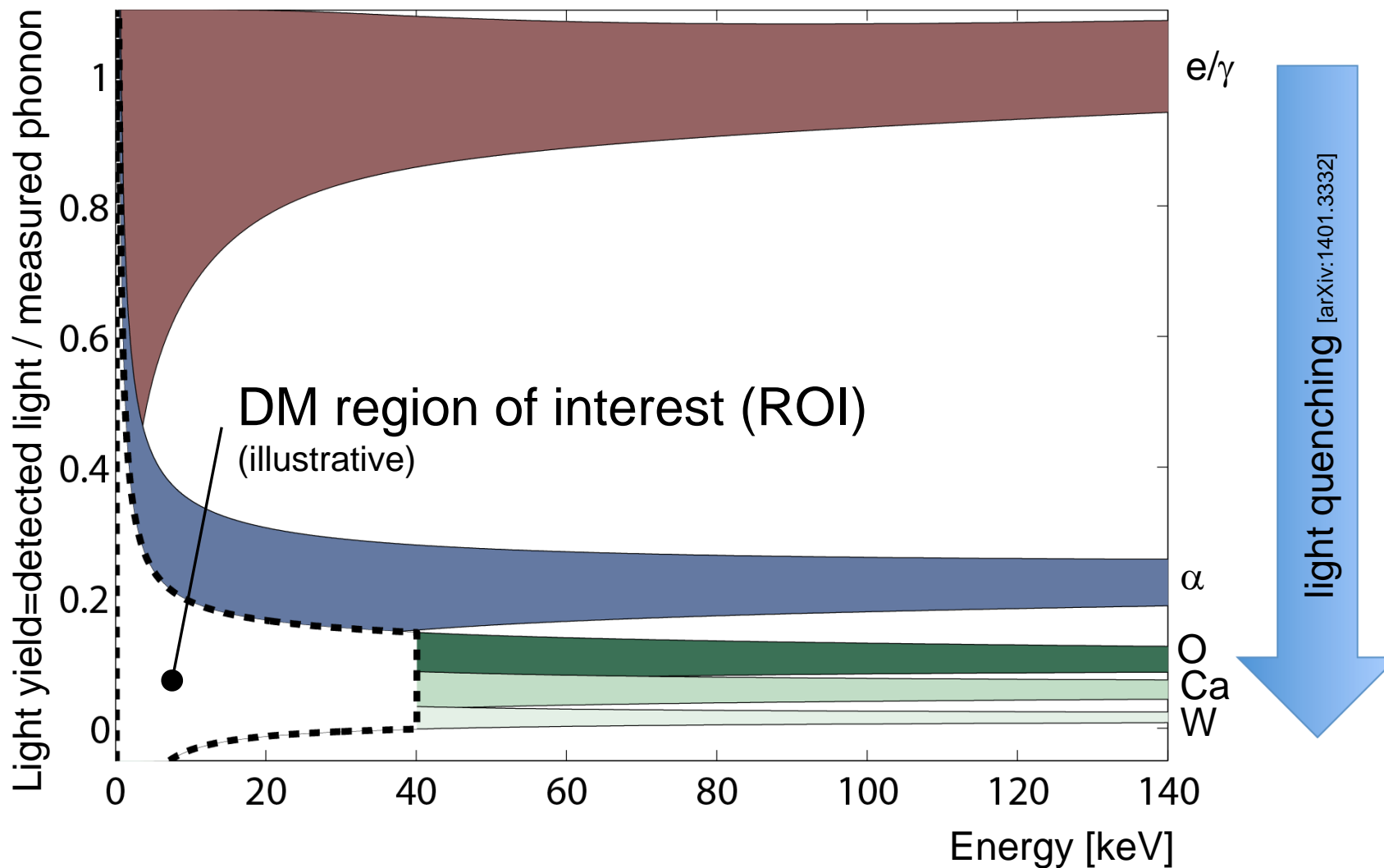
- Transition edge sensors (TES), SQUID readout
→ Get total deposited energy

CRESST: light signal

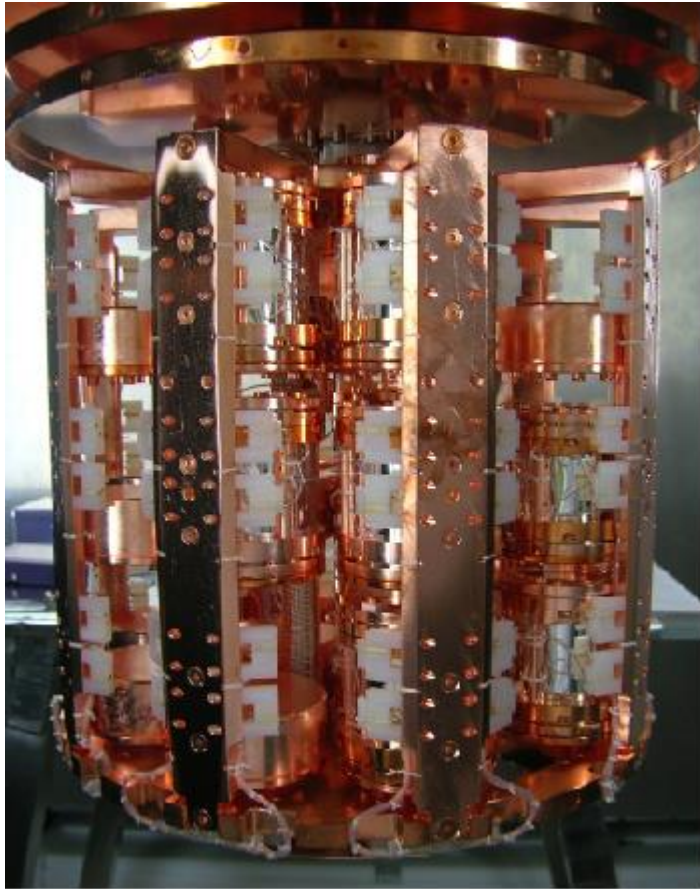


- CaWO_4 scintillates
- Silicon-on-sapphire as light absorber, equipped with 2nd TES.
- Light yield is particle specific
→ particle ID

CRESST: event categories



CRESST-II phase 2 (2013-2015)



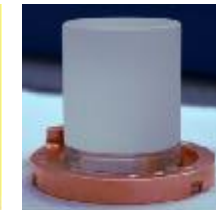
- 18 modules mounted (~5kg),
17 are fully operational
End of run: August 2015
- 6 modules with active veto
(3 designs)



CaWO₄ sticks



beaker

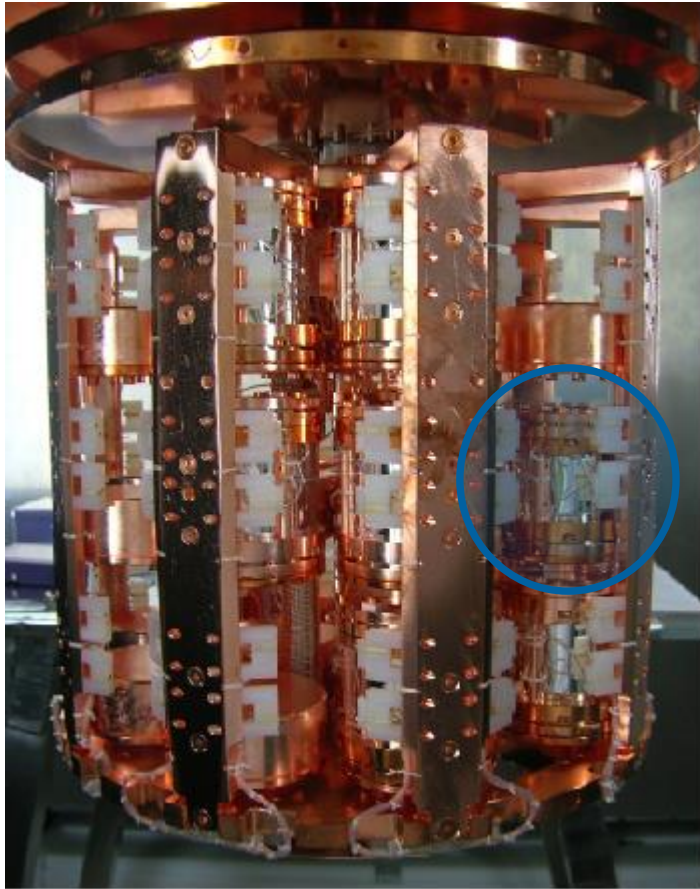


carrier

- 11 conventional modules (improved)
 - Radiopure clamps
 - Radon prevention



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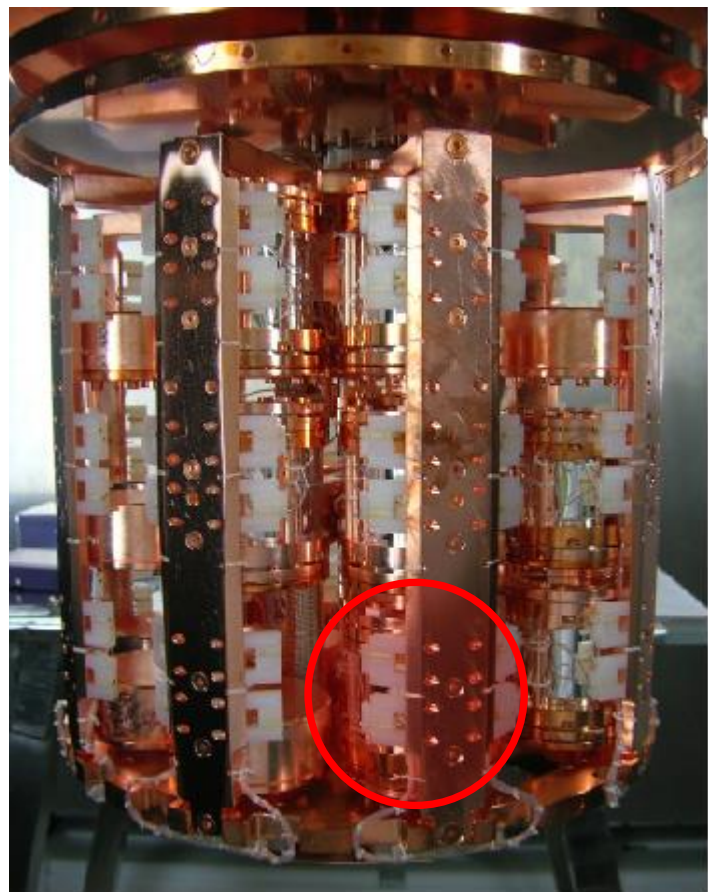


2014 result:
Module 'TUM40'
29 kg.d exposure
[Eur. Phys. J. 74(2014)3184]

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CRESST-II phase 2 (2013-2015)



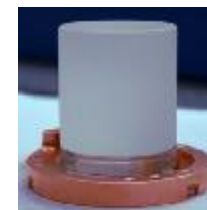
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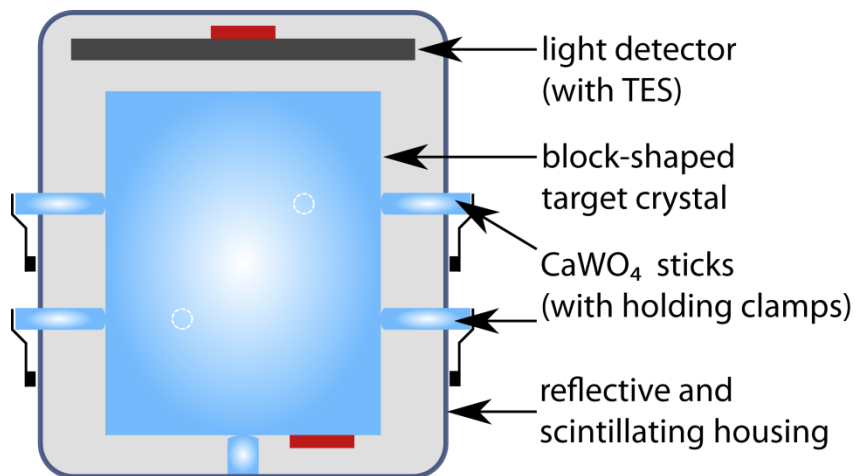
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This talk:
 - Module 'Lise'
 - 52 kg.d exposure
 [arXiv:1509.01515]



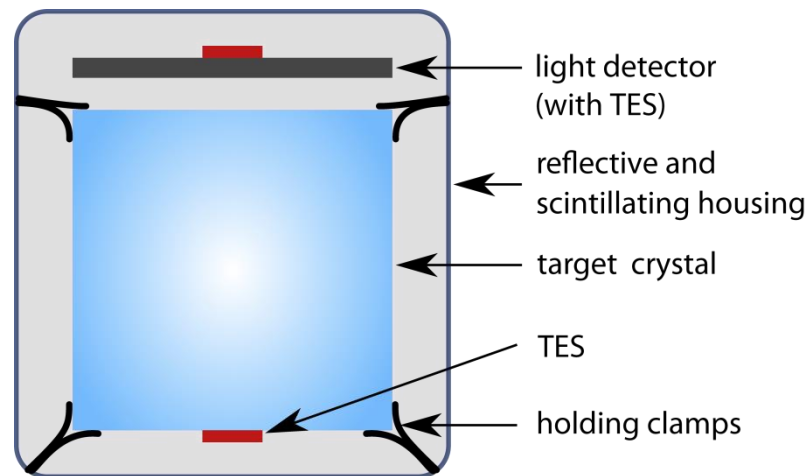
Comparison TUM40 vs Lise

Stick: TUM40 (2014)



- Veto for recoil backgrounds
- Background level: ~3 counts / keV kg.day
- 600eV threshold
- 100eV resolution

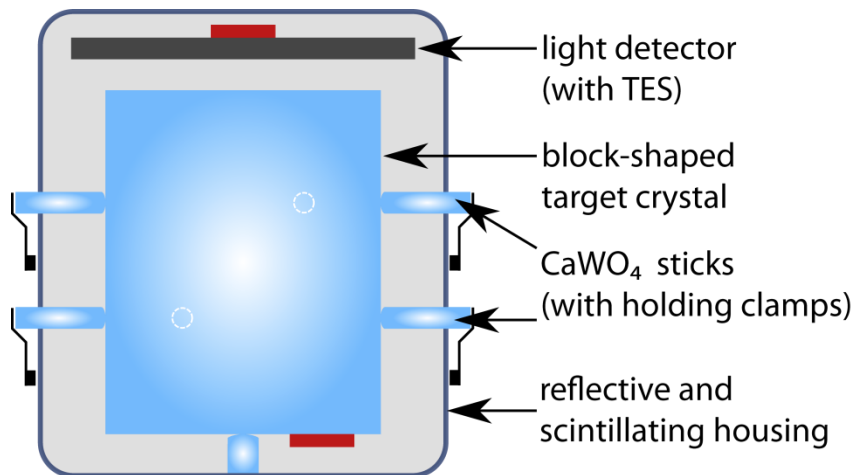
Conventional: Lise (preliminary)



- **No** veto for recoil backgrounds
- Background level: ~7 counts / keV kg.day
- 300eV threshold
- 60eV resolution

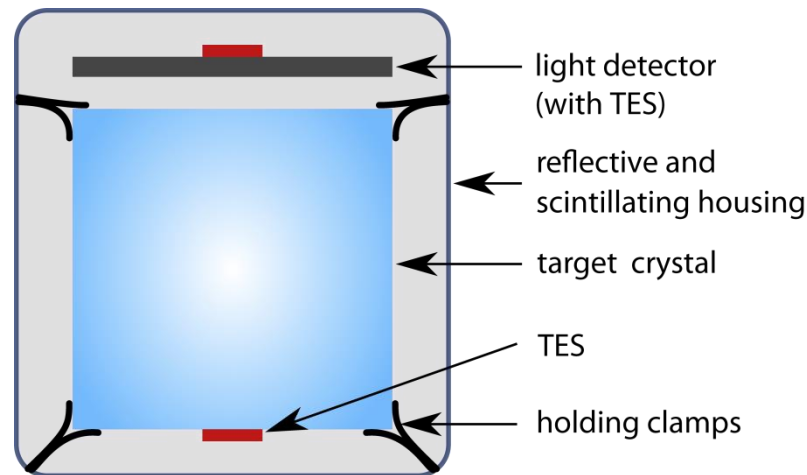
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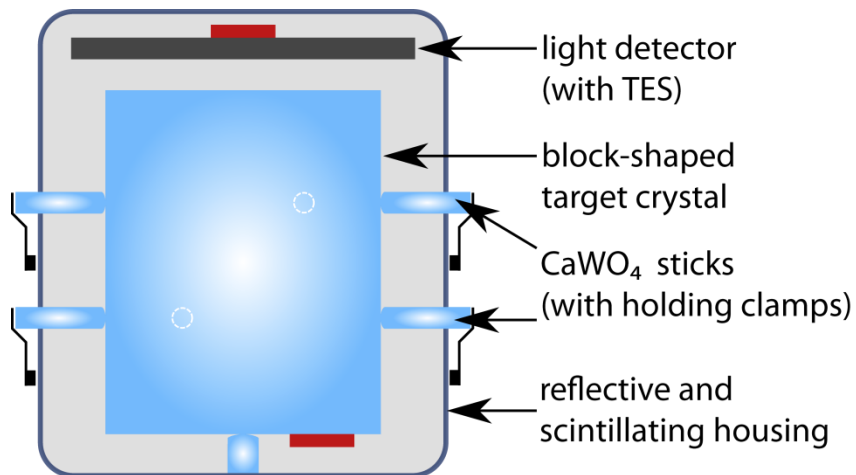


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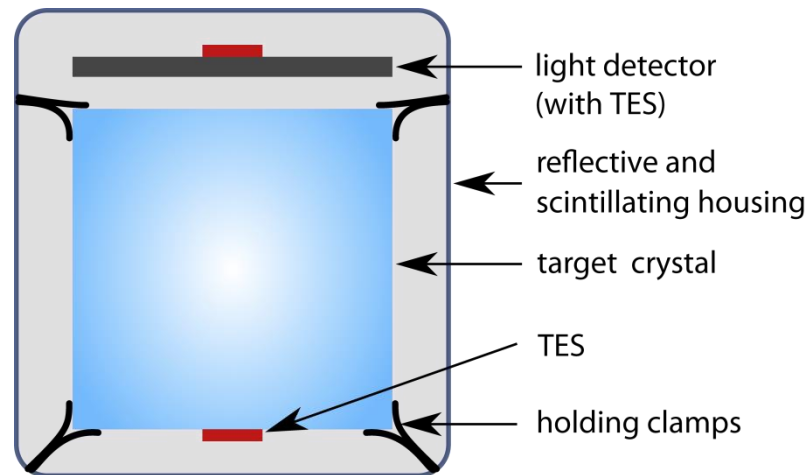
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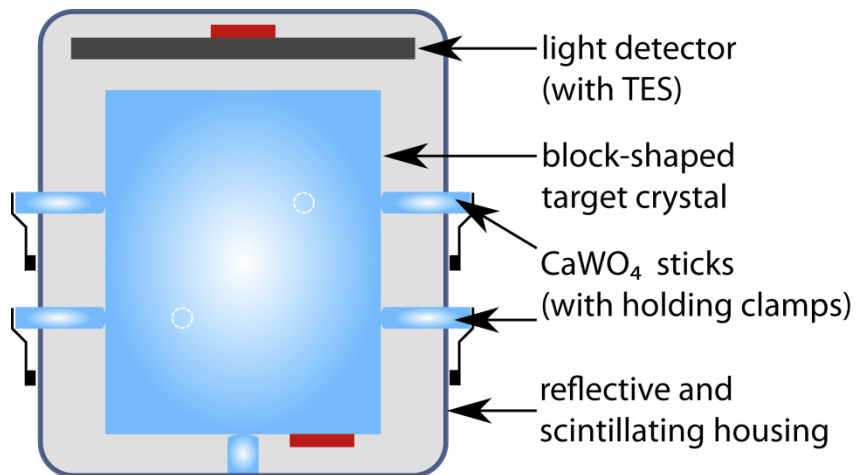


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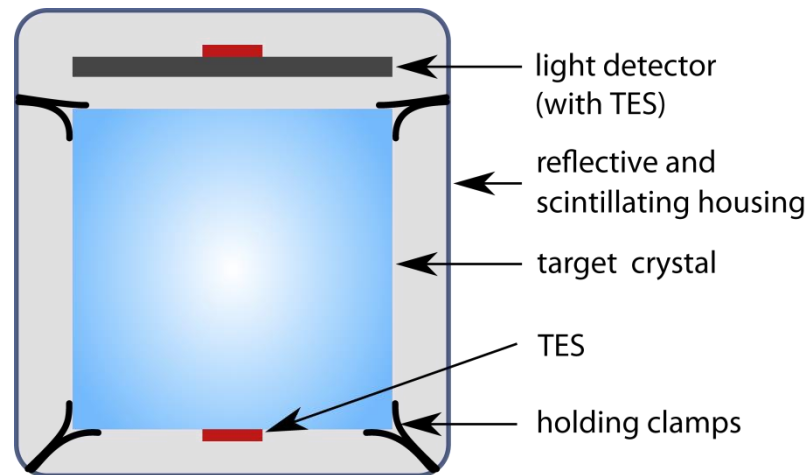
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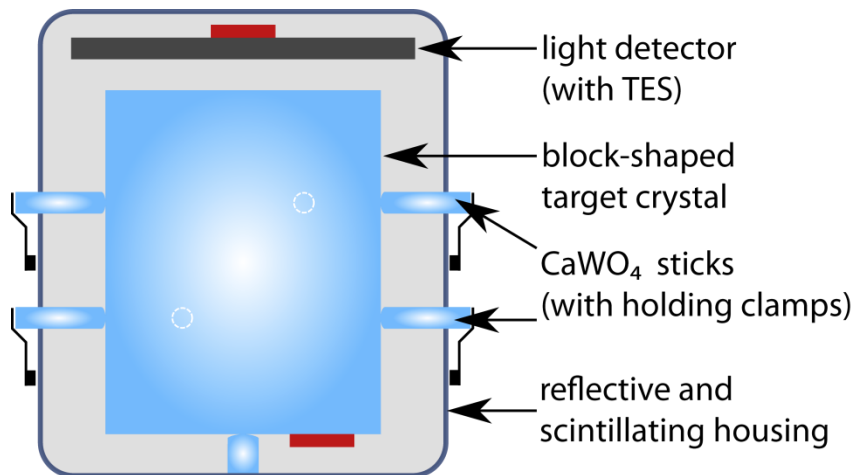
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→ See talk by M. Willers for details about crystal production

Comparison TUM40 vs Lise

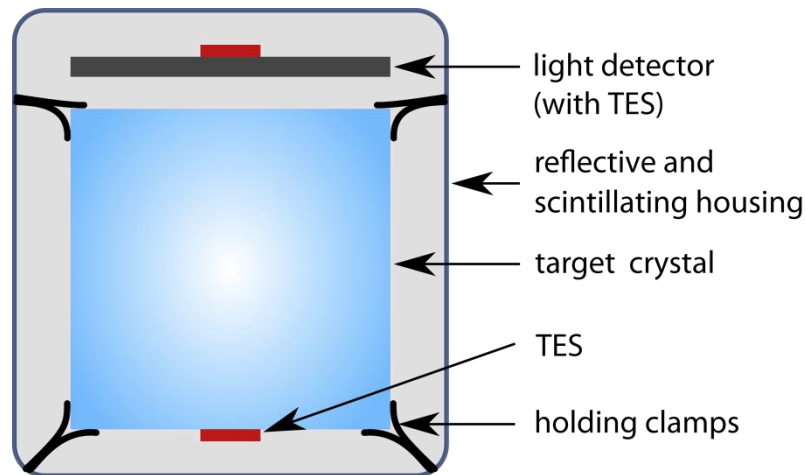
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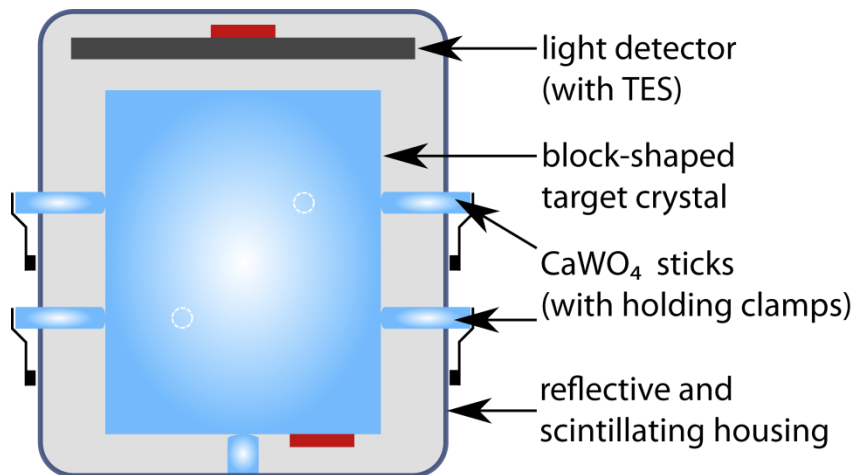
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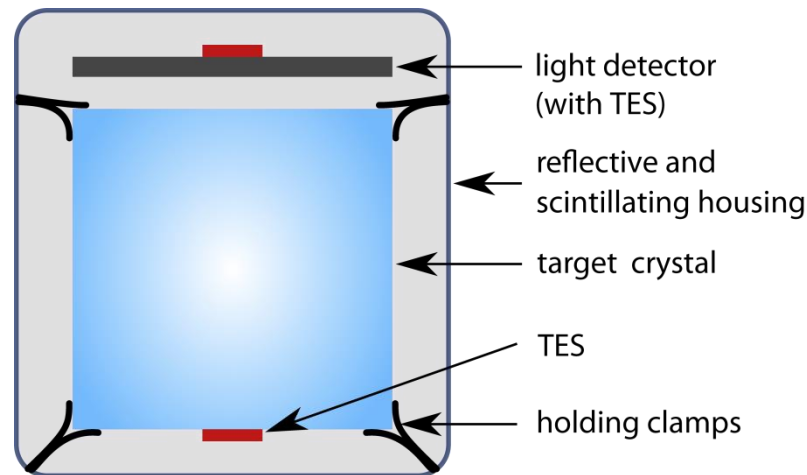
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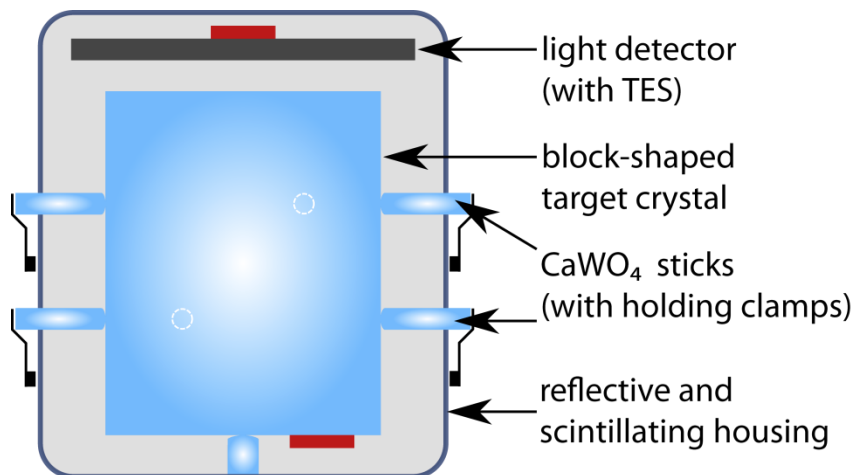


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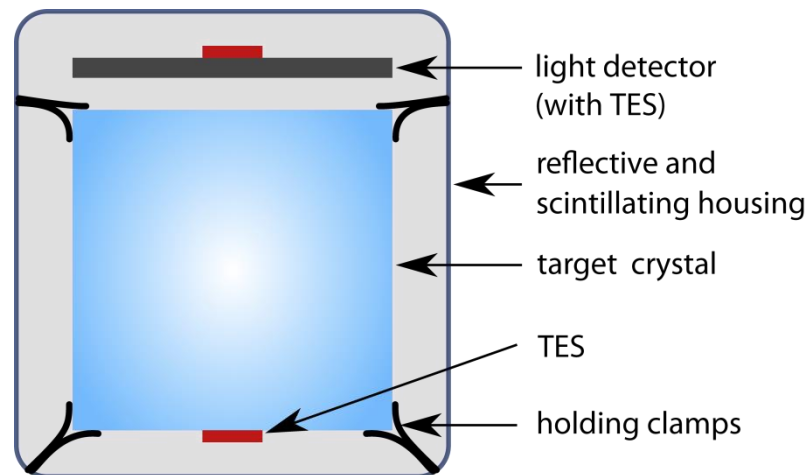
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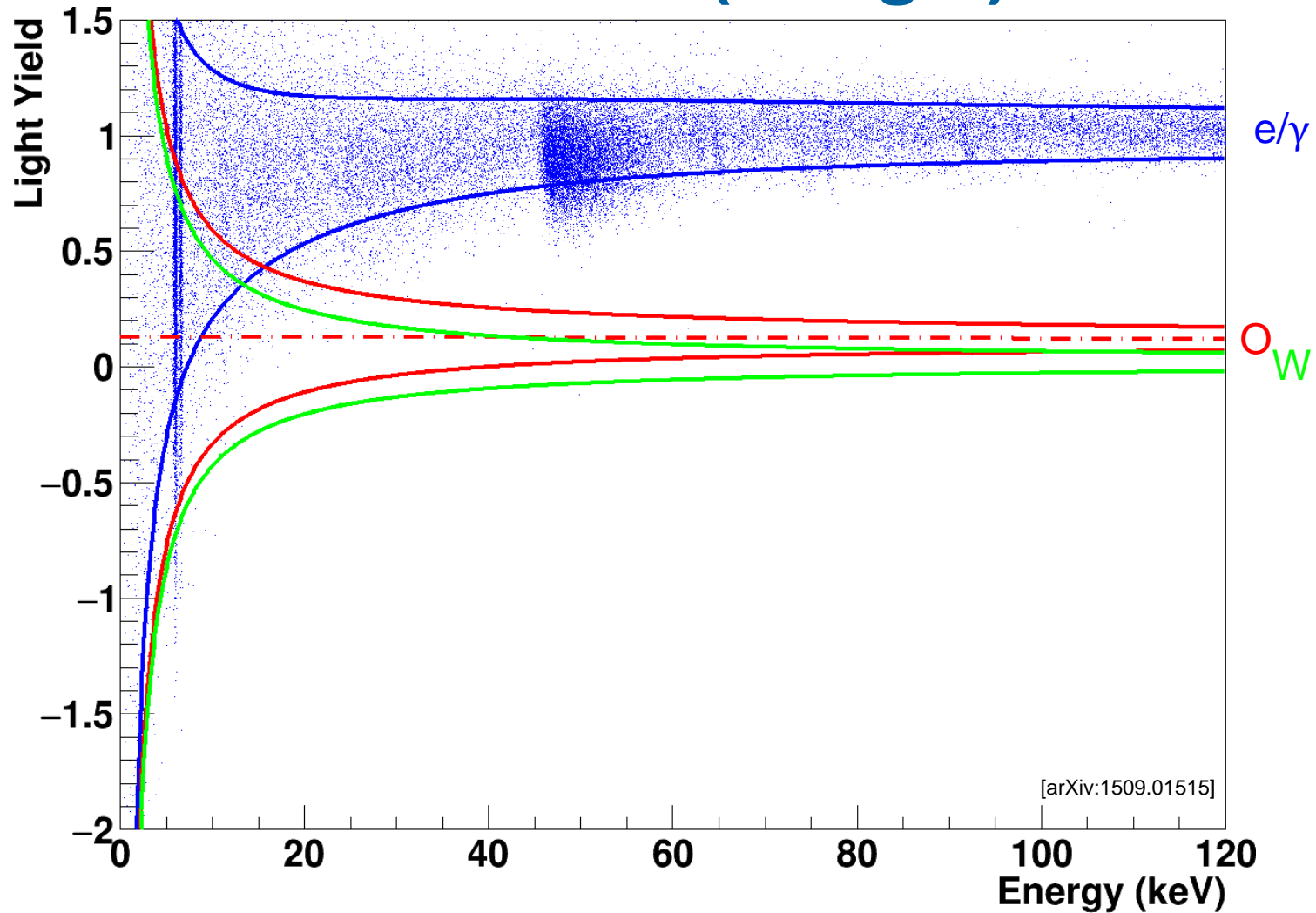
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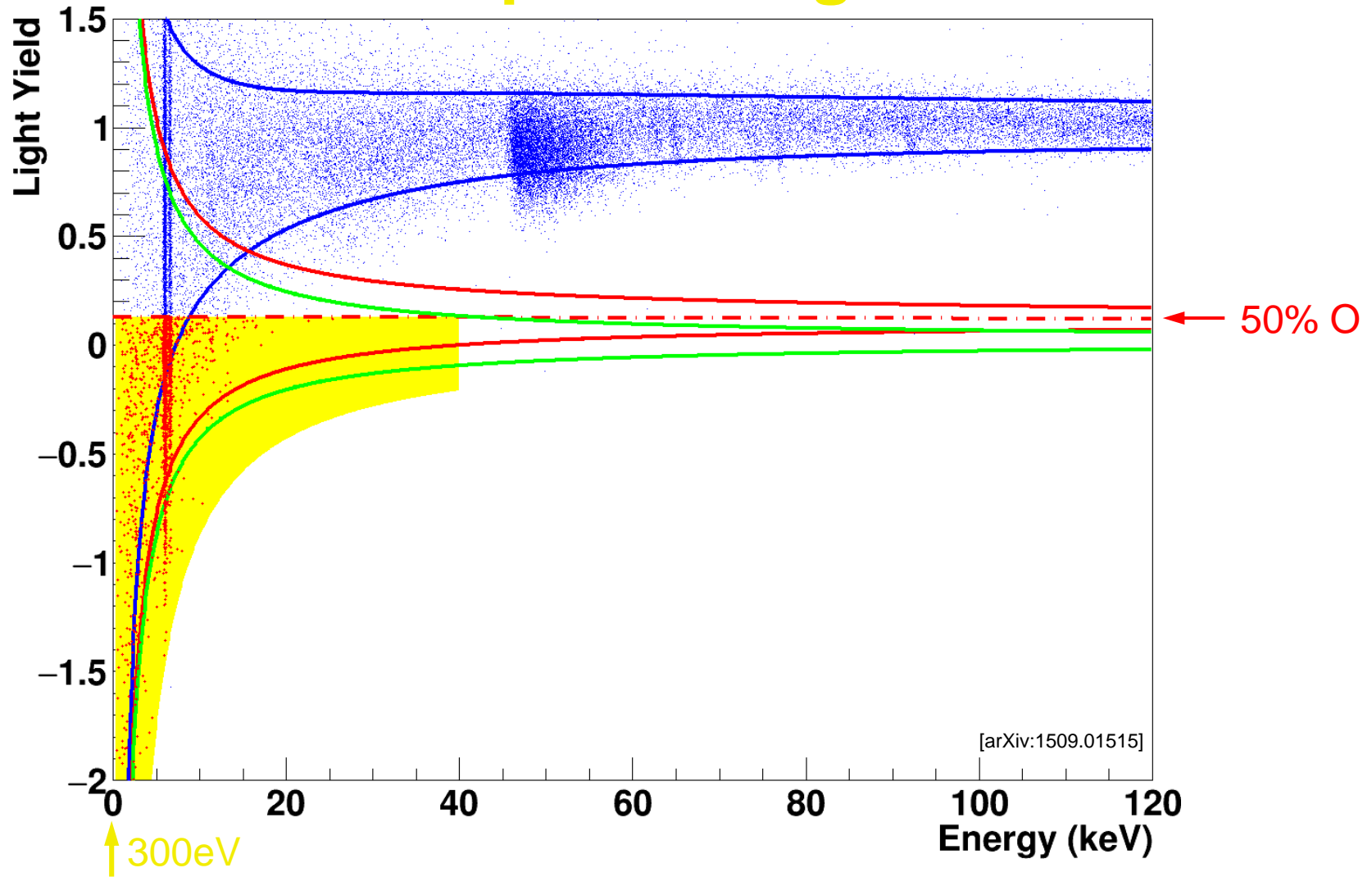
Superior overall performance

Lowest trigger threshold

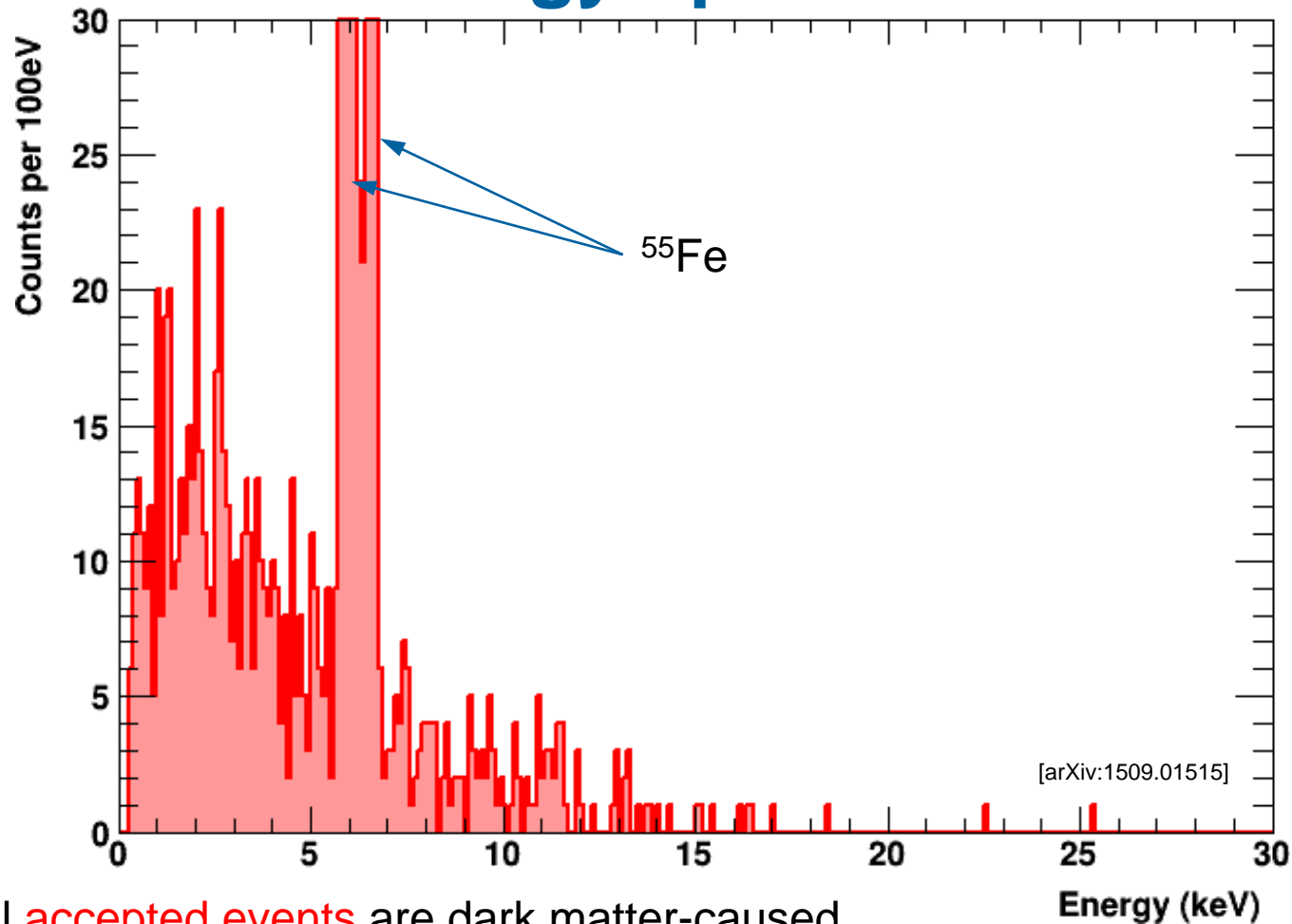
New data (52 kg.d)



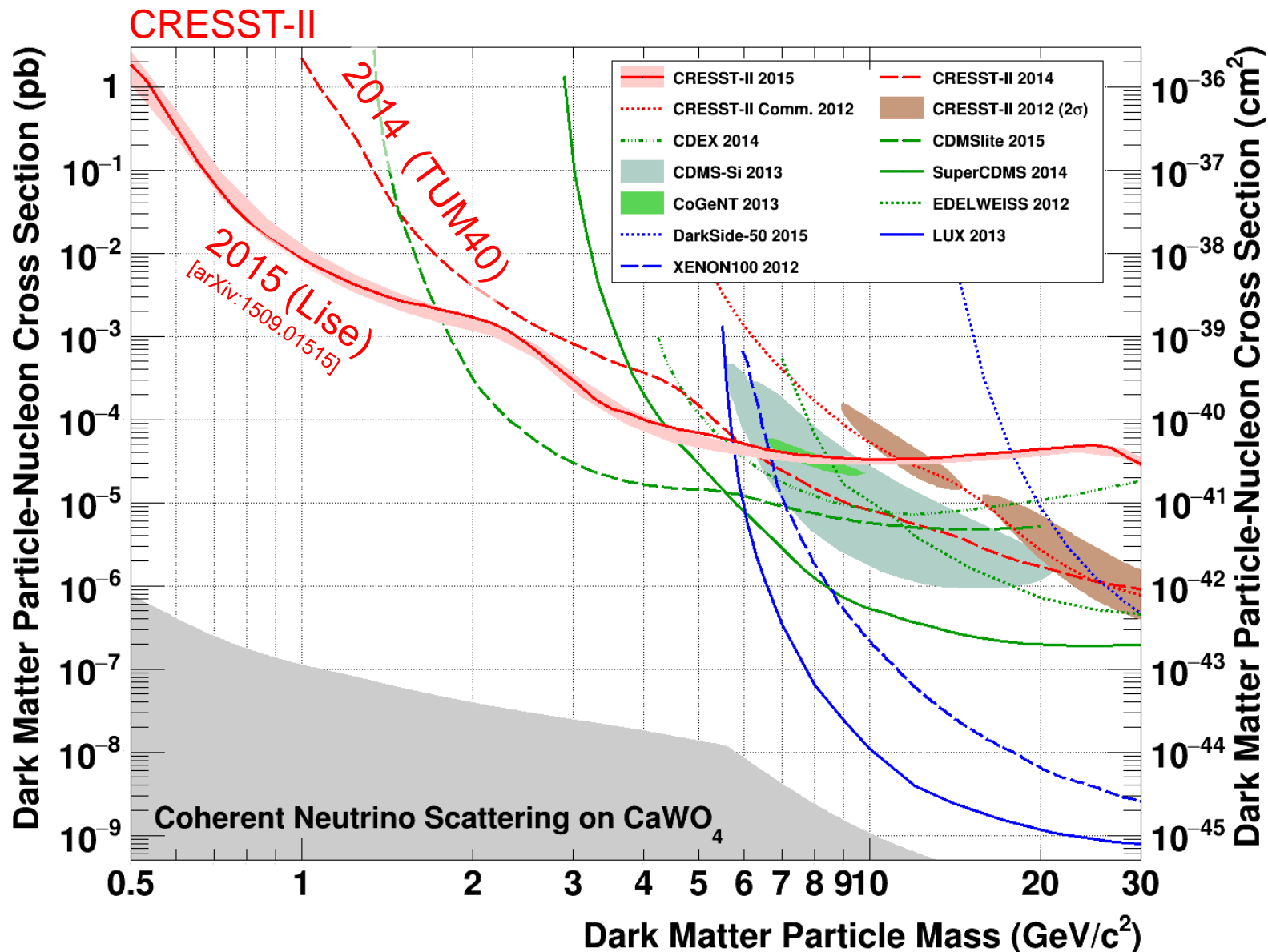
Acceptance region



Energy spectrum



Assume all **accepted events** are dark matter-caused
 → Use Yellin's optimum interval method to set an exclusion limit

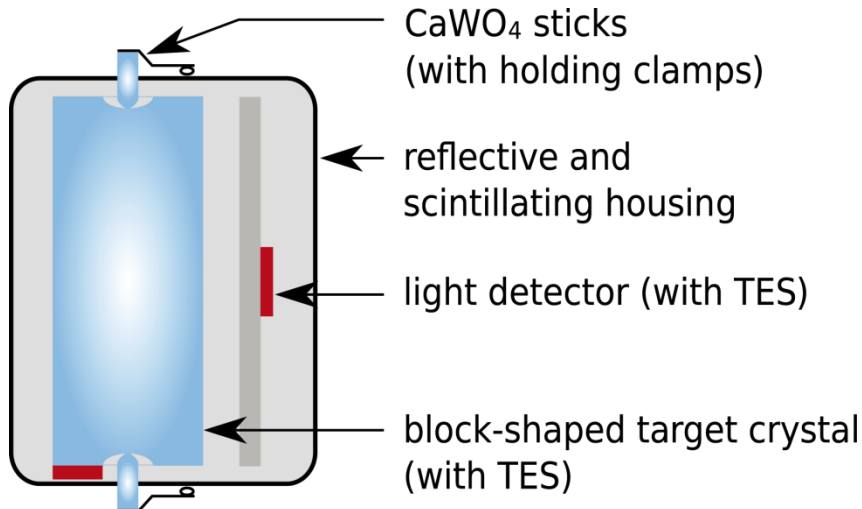


Summary I

- TUM40 (2014) [Eur. Phys. J. 74(2014)3184]:
 - Improved background suppression
 - Improved radiopurity by in-house crystal growth
- Lise (2015) [arXiv:1509.01515]:
 - Detector of CRESST-II phase 2 with lowest trigger threshold ($\sim 300\text{eV}$)
 - Explored new parameter space for $m_{\text{DM}} \leq 1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

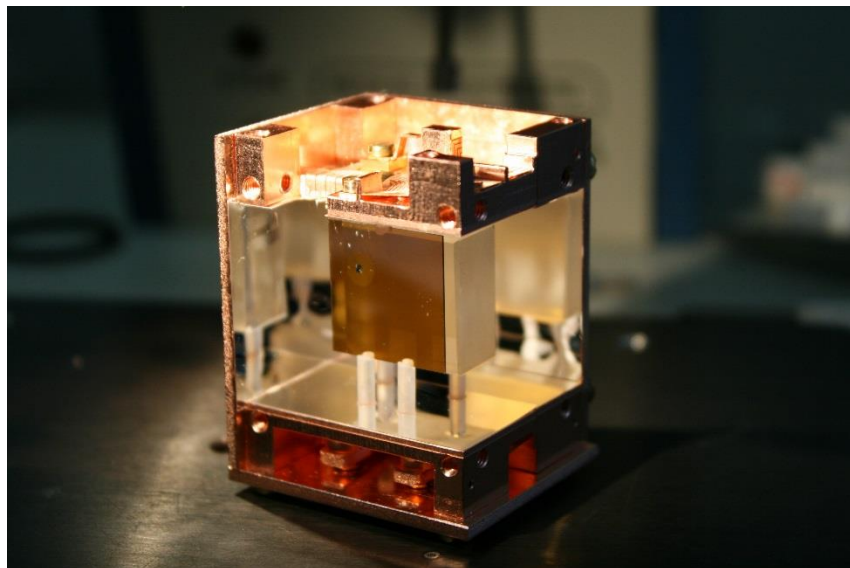
Outlook: CRESST-III

- Available crystal quality
 - Smaller crystals
250g → 24g
- Trigger threshold
~100eV

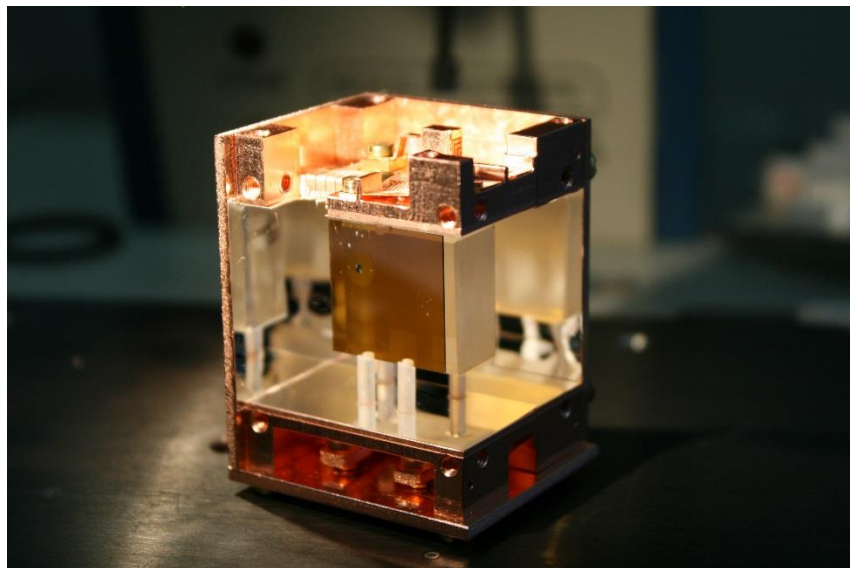


Outlook: CRESST-III

- Available crystal quality
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250g \rightarrow 24g
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 $\sim 100\text{eV}$
- \rightarrow Successfully tested
- \rightarrow Production ~ 15
modules underway

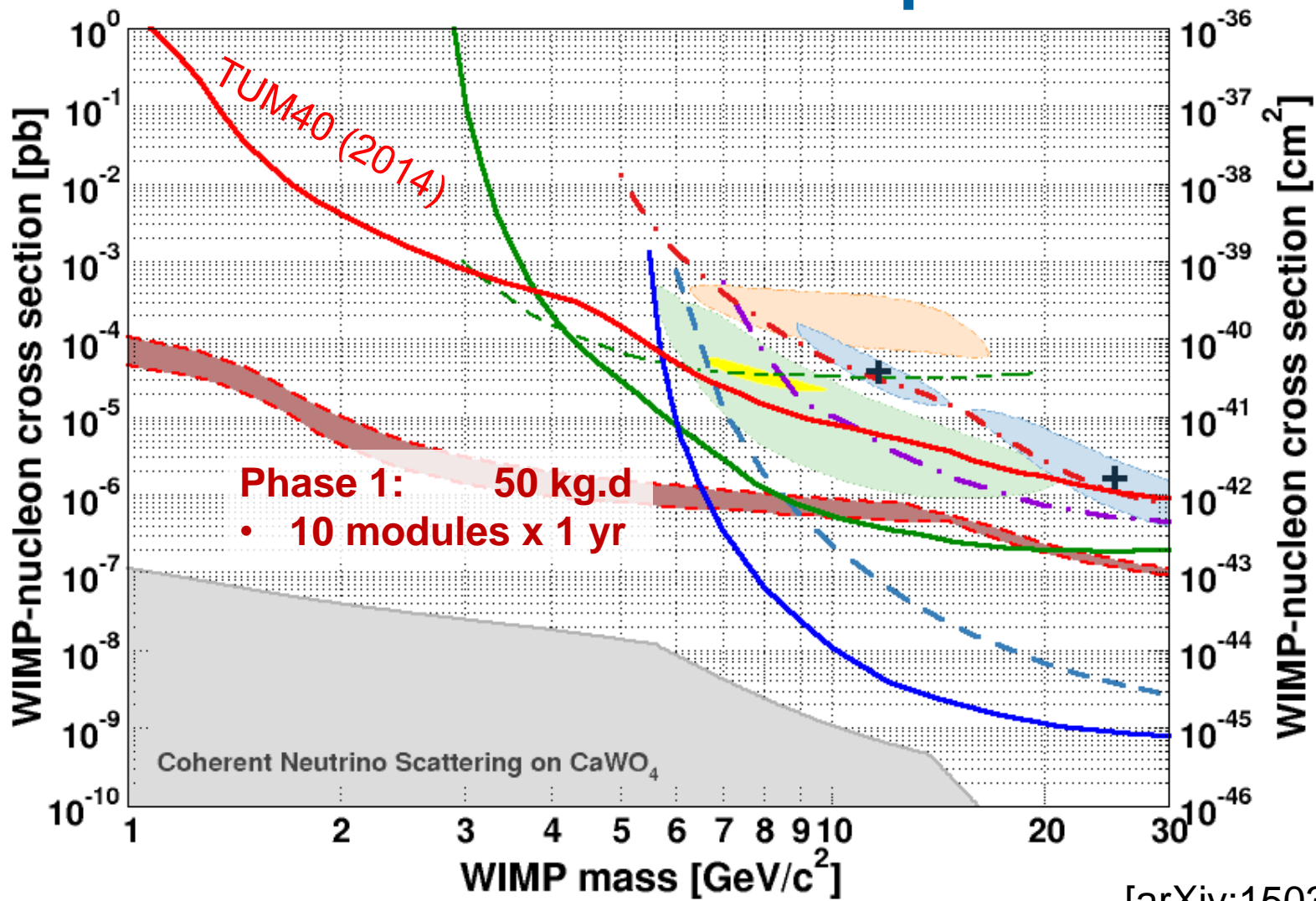


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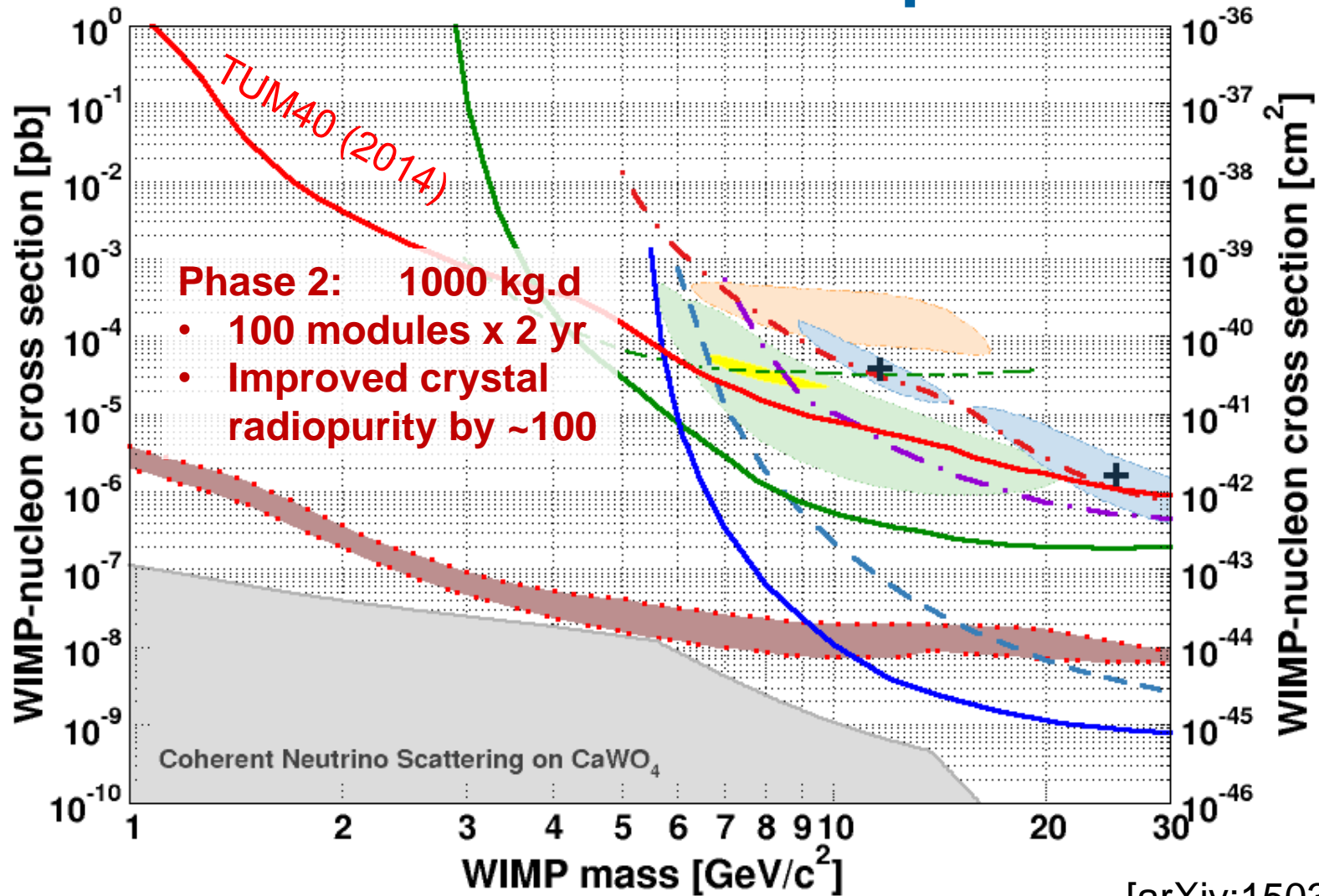
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- \rightarrow Production ~ 15
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- \rightarrow Start CRESST-III end of
this year

Outlook: CRESST-III phase 1



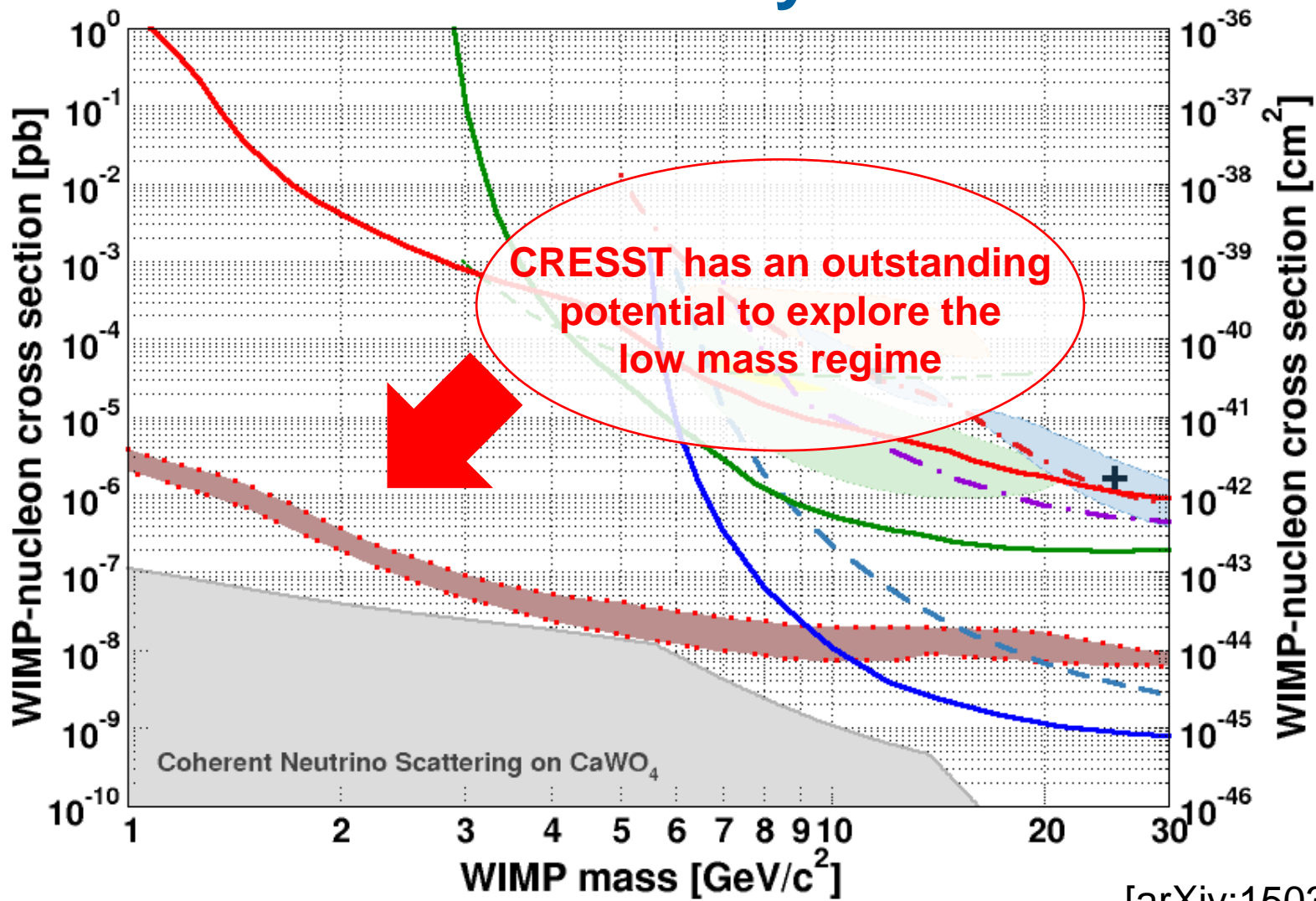
[arXiv:1503.08065]

Outlook: CRESST-III phase 2



[arXiv:1503.08065]

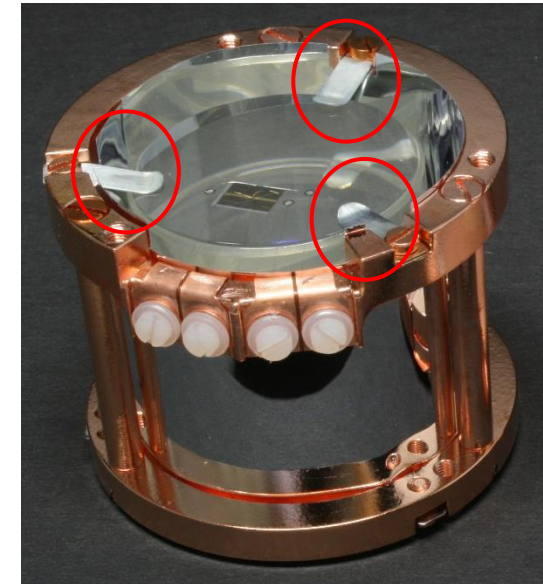
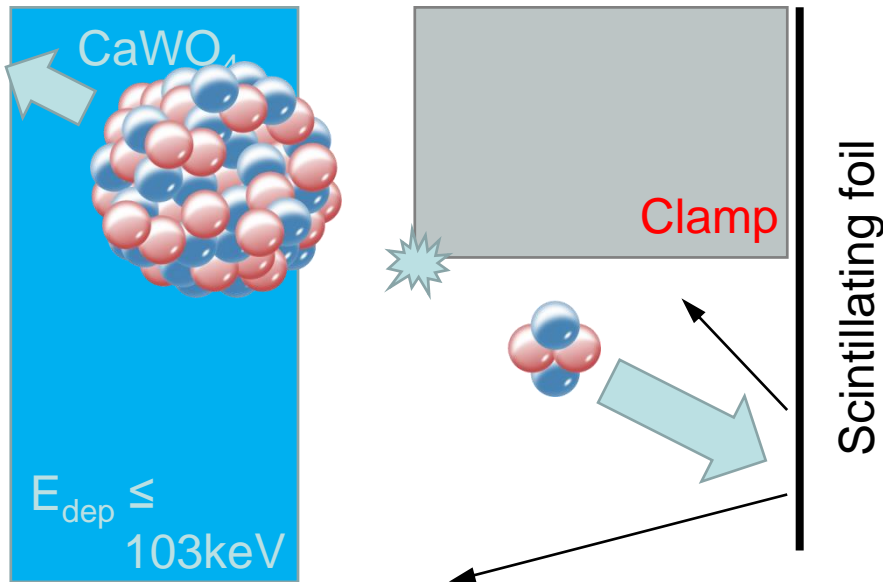
Summary II



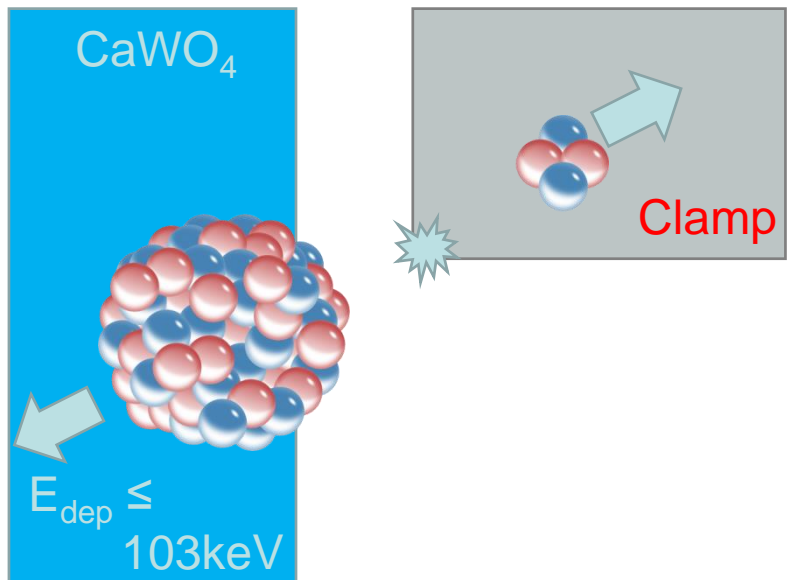
[arXiv:1503.08065]

Backup slides

Surface α -events

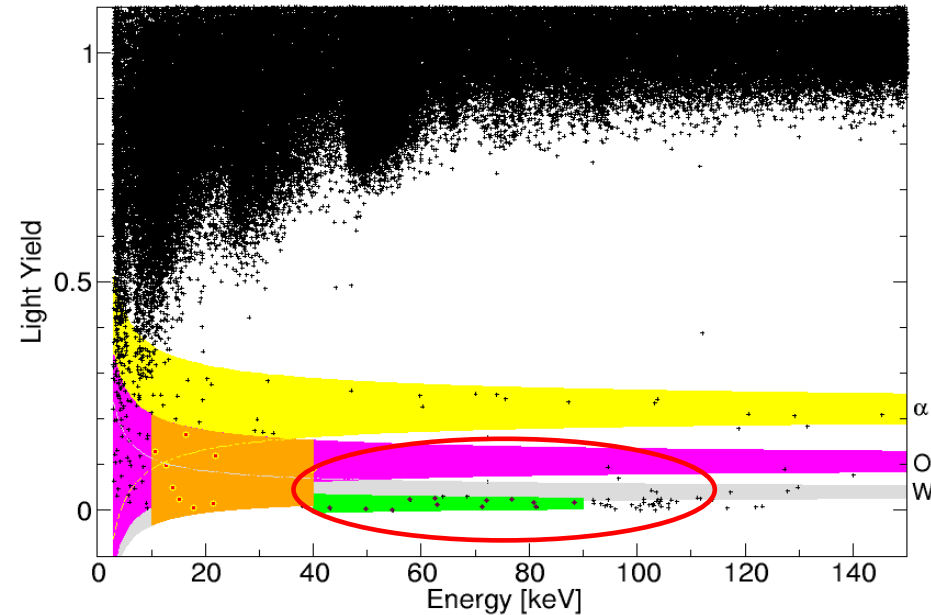


Surface α -events



Scintillating foil

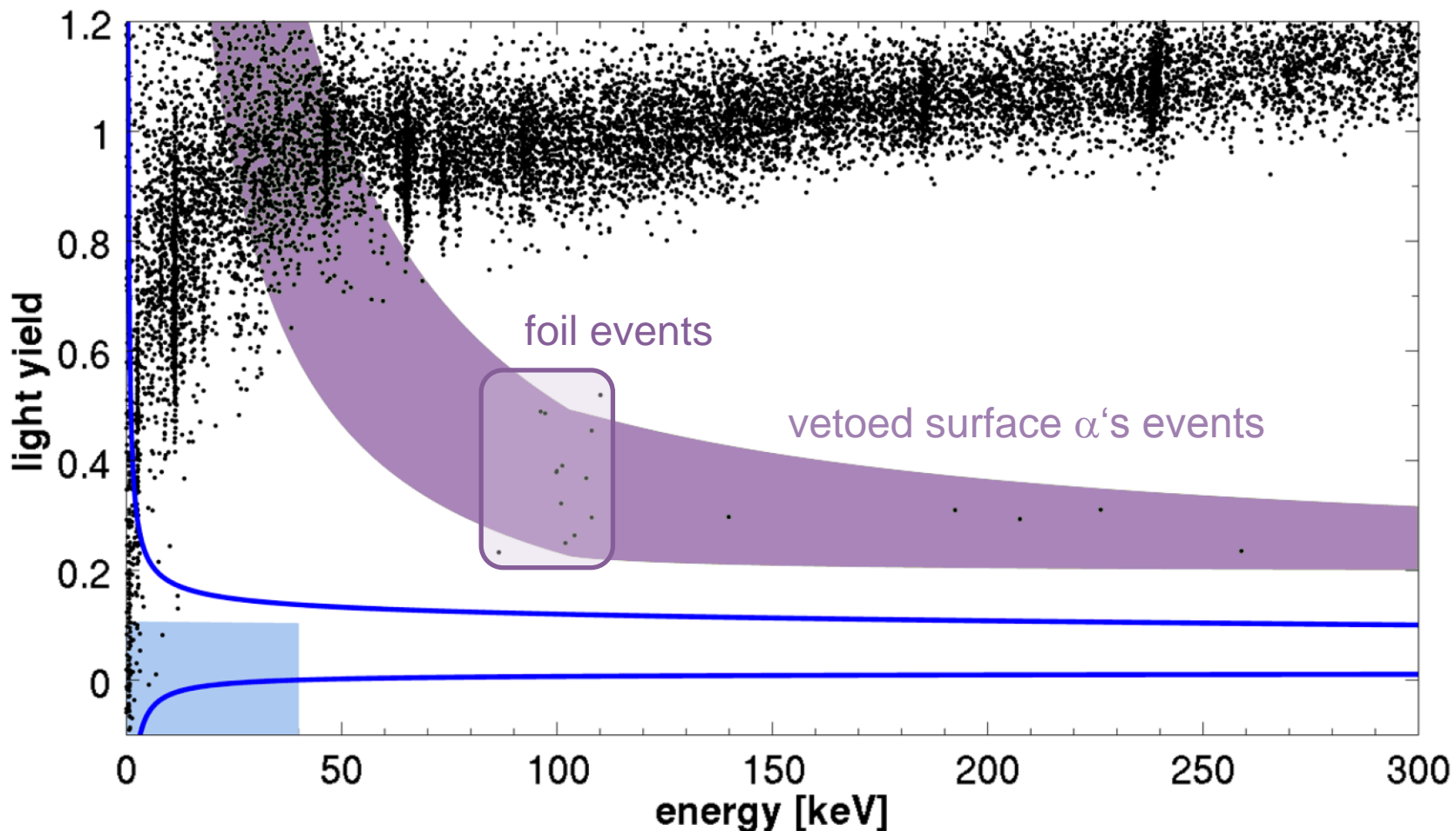
CRESST-II phase 1



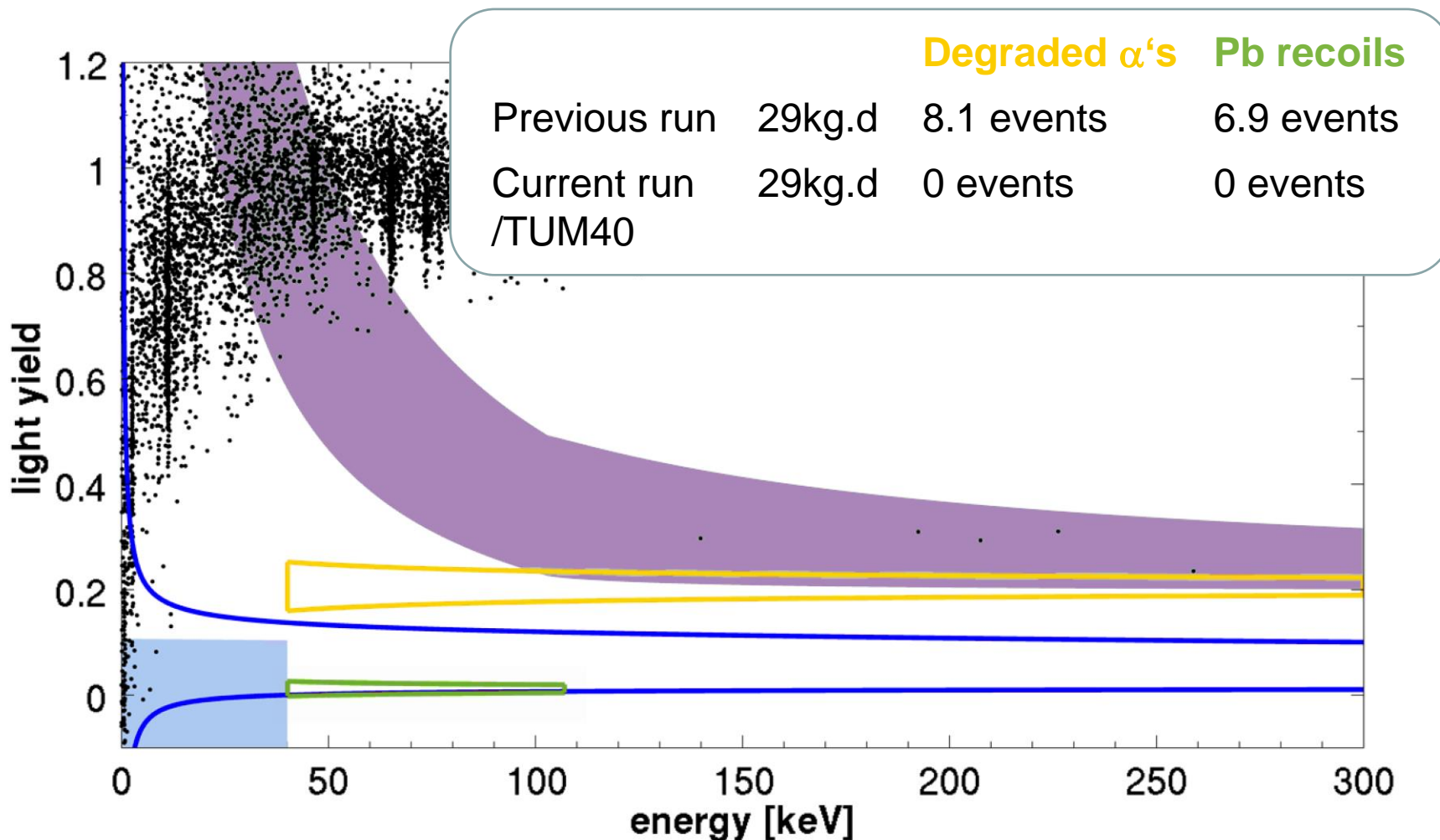
[Eur. Phys. J C 72(2012)1971]

Clamps do not scintillate!

TUM40: Pb recoil suppression

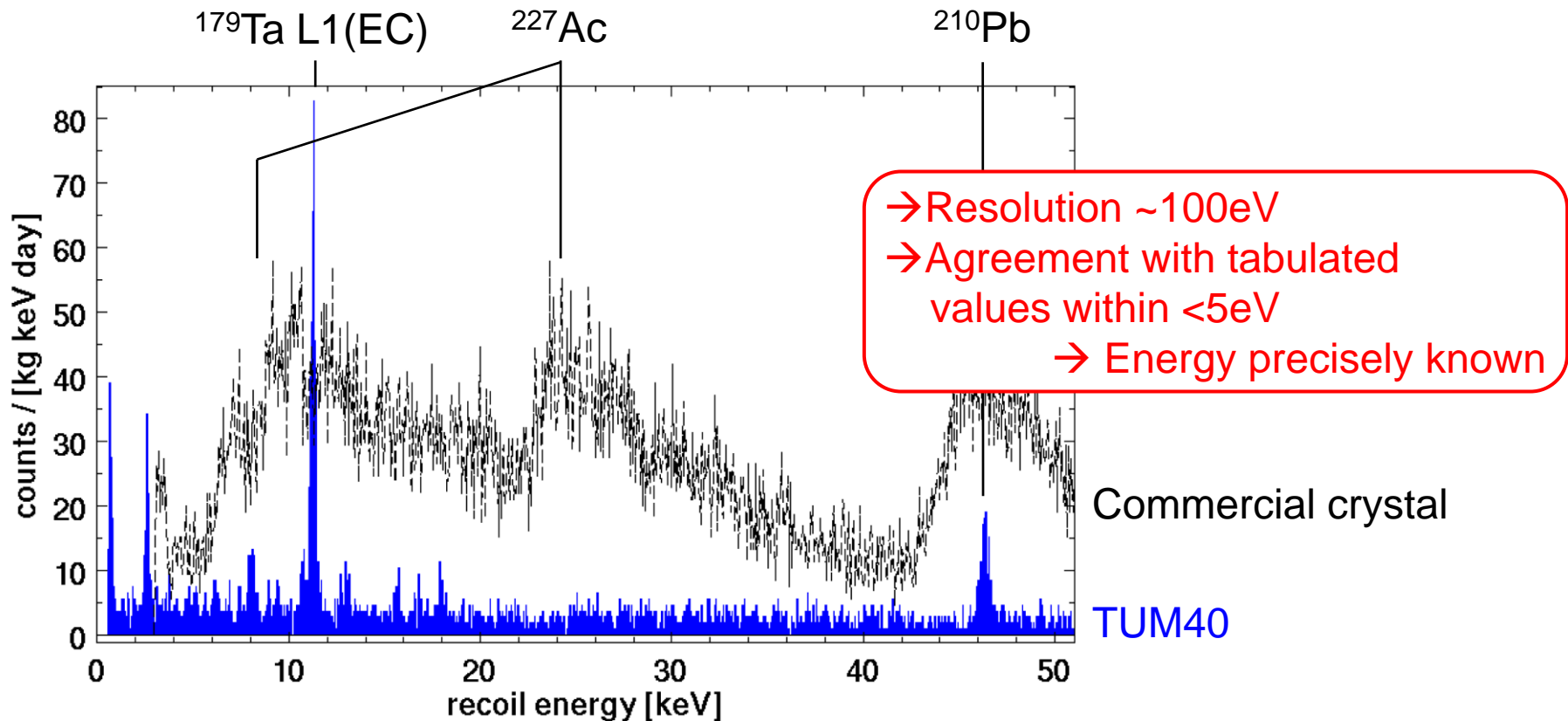


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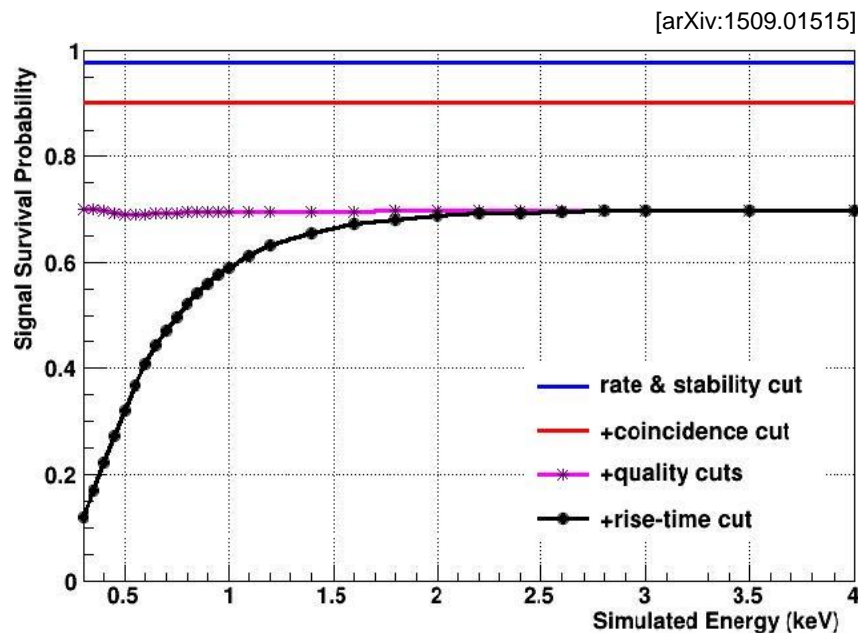
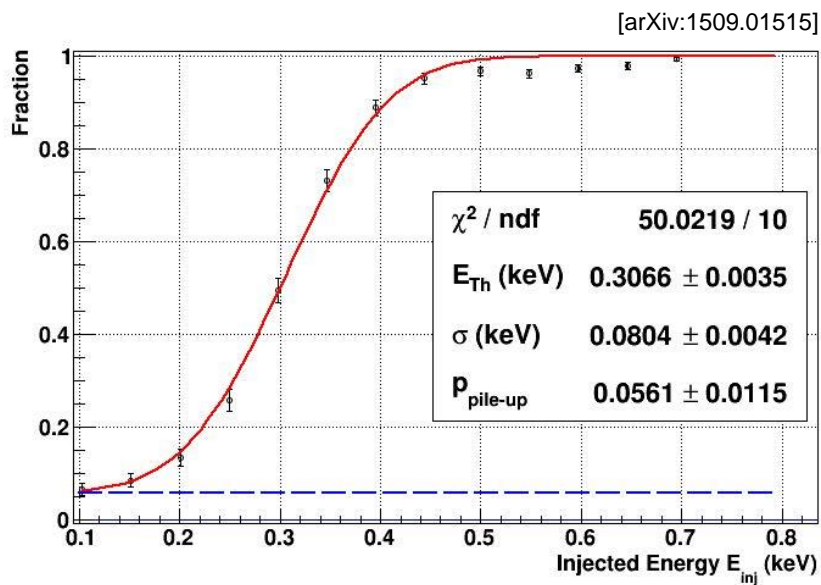


TUM40: radiopurity

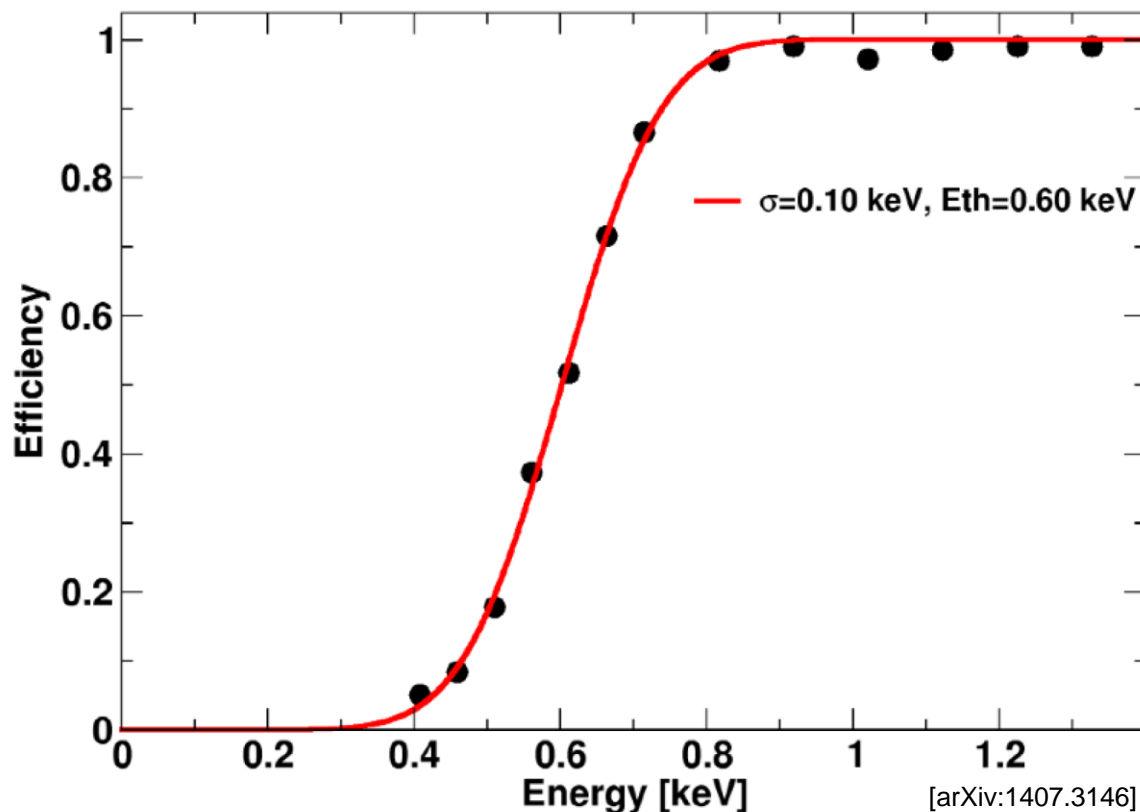
- CaWO_4 crystal production at TU Munich [Cryst. Eng. Comm. 015(2013)2301]
- Unprecedented radiopurity (factor 2-10 improvement) [JCAP 5(2014)18]



Lise: efficiencies



TUM40: trigger efficiency



- Resolution agrees with γ lines: 107(3)eV
- Extremely low threshold: 603(2)eV

Lise: signal fraction

