

Cornering Spontaneous CP Violation with Charged-Higgs Searches

[arXiv: 1912.11501]

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1964: Observation of $K_L \rightarrow \pi\pi$:

CP violation (CPV)

1973



Kobayashi and Maskawa:
i.a. third quark generation
→ explicit CPV

T.D. Lee:
second Higgs doublet
→ spontaneous CPV

- Despite success of KM mechanism
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Question: *Is it possible to exclude SCPV with current data?*

Model

Higgs Sector I: Potential

$$V = m_{11}^2 \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + m_{22}^2 \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 - (m_{12}^2 \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 + \text{h.c.}) \\ + \frac{\lambda_1}{2} (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1)^2 + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2)^2 + \lambda_3 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1) (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2) + \lambda_4 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2) (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_1) \\ + \left[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 \left(\frac{\lambda_5}{2} \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 + \lambda_6 (\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1) + \lambda_7 (\phi_2^\dagger \phi_2) \right) + \text{h.c.} \right],$$

Here: all parameters real and

$$\langle \phi_1 \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v c_\beta \end{pmatrix}, \quad \langle \phi_2 \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v s_\beta e^{i\xi} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Theoretical constraints on V :

- bounded from below [Ivanov, 06]
- perturbativity [Ginzburg et al., 05; Murphy, 17]
- metastable minimum [Ivanov, 07; Ivanov et al., 15]

Higgs Sector II: Mass Spectrum

- Vacuum conditions:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{\partial V(\phi_1, \phi_2)}{\partial \phi_1} \Big|_{\phi_i = \langle \phi_i \rangle} \right) &= 0 \\ \operatorname{Im} \left(\frac{\partial V(\phi_1, \phi_2)}{\partial \phi_1} \Big|_{\phi_i = \langle \phi_i \rangle} \right) &= 0 \\ \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{\partial V(\phi_1, \phi_2)}{\partial \phi_2} \Big|_{\phi_i = \langle \phi_i \rangle} \right) &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} &\text{solve } m_{11}^2, m_{22}^2 \text{ and } m_{12}^2 \\ &\text{for } v, \beta \text{ and } \xi \\ &\Rightarrow \text{all three mass scales of } \mathcal{O}(v), \\ &\text{i.e. no decoupling limit} \\ &\text{(not even for } \xi \rightarrow 0!) \end{aligned}$$

- Mass spectrum:

$$(M_H^2)_{ij} = \frac{\partial V(\phi_1, \phi_2)}{\partial \varphi_i \partial \varphi_j} \Big|_{\varphi_k=0}$$

$$m_{H^\pm}^2 = v^2 (\lambda_5 - \lambda_4)$$

$$\det(M_H^2) \propto s_{2\beta}^2 s_\xi^2$$

Higgs Sector III: Upper Bound on Higgs Masses

- Requiring *NLO* perturbative unitarity for the couplings λ_i :

$$m_{H^\pm} \lesssim 435 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{H_2} \lesssim 485 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_{H_3} \lesssim 545 \text{ GeV}$$

Unitarity:

$$SS^\dagger = 1 \Rightarrow \left| a_j - \frac{1}{2}i \right| \leq \frac{1}{2}$$

Perturbativity:

$$\left| \frac{a_j^{\text{NLO}}}{a_j^{\text{LO}}} \right| < 1$$

Yukawa Sector I: Mass Terms

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{yuk}} = -\bar{Q}_L \left(Y_{u1} \tilde{\phi}_1 + Y_{u2} \tilde{\phi}_2 \right) u_R - \bar{Q}_L \left(Y_{d1} \phi_1 + Y_{d2} \phi_2 \right) d_R + \text{h.c.}$$

After symmetry breaking

$$\frac{M_u}{v} = Y_{u1} c_\beta + Y_{u2} e^{-i\xi} s_\beta, \quad \frac{M_d}{v} = Y_{d1} c_\beta + Y_{d2} e^{i\xi} s_\beta$$

\Rightarrow KM phase can only be induced if ξ remains physical

- Jarlskog invariant $J \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ at least the pair $\{Y_{u1}, Y_{u2}\}$ or $\{Y_{d1}, Y_{d2}\}$ cannot be diagonal in same flavour basis

\Rightarrow flavour violating (FV) couplings necessary

- since FCNC couplings in down sector severely constrained:
consider limit where Y_{d1} and Y_{d2} diagonal in same flavour basis

Yukawa Sector II: Higgs-Quark Couplings

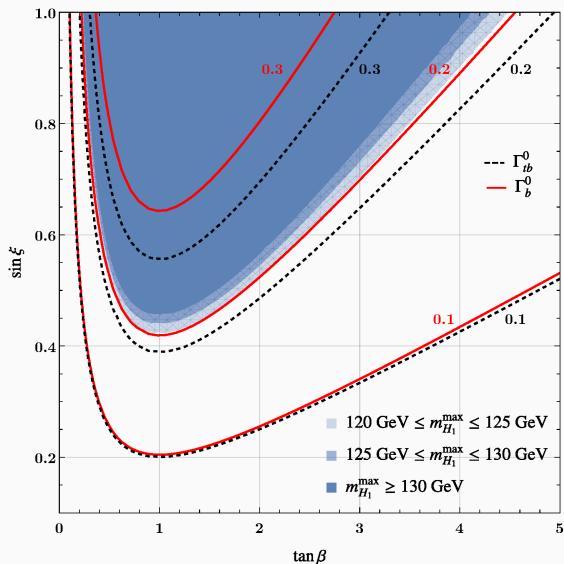
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H &= \bar{u}_{L,f} H_k^0 \Gamma_{u_f u_i}^{LRH^0} u_{R,i} + \bar{d}_{L,i} H_k^0 \Gamma_{d_i d_j}^{LRH^0} d_{R,i} \\ &+ \bar{u}_f H^+ \left(\Gamma_{u_f d_i}^{LRH^+} P_R + \Gamma_{u_f d_i}^{RLH^+} P_L \right) d_i \\ &+ \text{h.c.}\end{aligned}$$

Sum rule for charged-Higgs couplings to bottom quarks:

$$\begin{aligned}\sum_{i=u,c,t} |\Gamma_{ib}^{RL}|^2 &= \frac{m_t^2}{v^2} + \frac{2m_t}{vs_{2\beta}} \left(c_{2\beta}^2 \text{Re} \Gamma_{tb}^{RL} - \frac{\text{Im} \Gamma_{tb}^{RL}}{t_\xi} \right) \\ &+ \mathcal{O} \left(|V_{cb}| \frac{m_c}{m_t} \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\max\{|\Gamma_{ub}^{RL}|, |\Gamma_{cb}^{RL}|, |\Gamma_{tb}^{RL}|\} \geq 0.20$$

Yukawa Sector III: Lower Bound on Charged-Higgs Couplings



$$\det(M_H^2) \propto s_{2\beta}^2 s_\xi^2$$

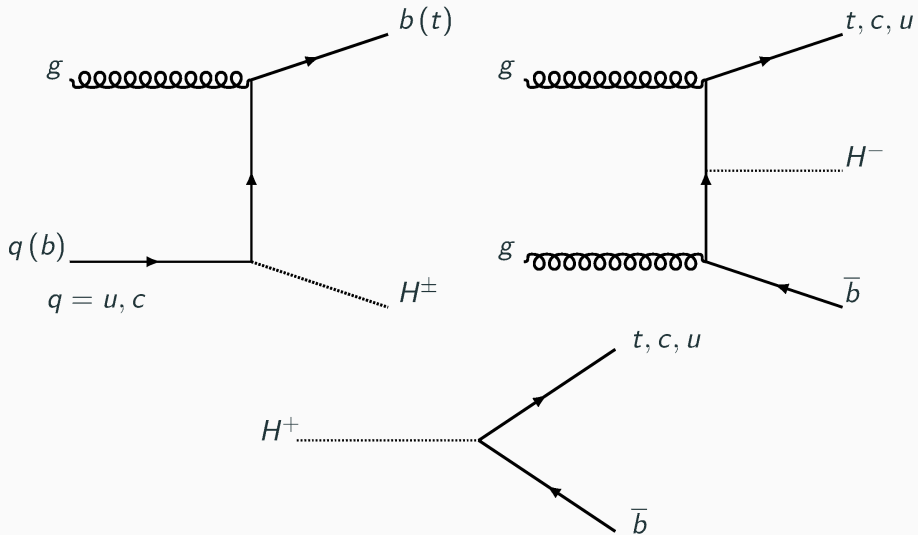
$$\Gamma_b^0 = \max\{|\Gamma_{ub}^{RL}|, |\Gamma_{cb}^{RL}|, |\Gamma_{tb}^{RL}|\}$$

Phenomenology

Phenomenology I: General Aspects

- 17 free parameters:
 - 3 heavy Higgs masses $m_{H_2}, m_{H_3}, m_{H^\pm}$
 - 2 vacuum angles β, ξ
 - 3 neutral Higgs mixing angles s_{12}, s_{13}, s_{23}
 - 3 angles and 6 phases determining the FV Higgs couplings
- despite large effects in flavour observables (EDMs, $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$, neutral meson mixing, ...) possible, model is far from being ruled out
- same for collider searches, however:
due to sum rule sizeable charged-Higgs couplings guaranteed

Phenomenology II: Collider Signatures



Conclusion

Conclusion

- no decoupling limit \rightarrow upper limits on heavy Higgs masses
 - \rightarrow compact parameter space allows ruling out spontaneous CP violation
 - negligible FV couplings in down quark sector yields lower limits on charged-Higgs couplings
- \Rightarrow sizeable cross sections in channels that have not been explored yet
- \Rightarrow strong motivation for non-standard Higgs searches

Backup

Backup I: Mass Invariants

$$\frac{1}{2v^2} \sum_{i=1}^3 m_{H_i}^2 = s_{2\beta} c_\xi (\lambda_6 + \lambda_7) + \lambda_2 s_\beta^2 + \lambda_1 c_\beta^2 + \lambda_5 ,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2v^6} \prod_{i=1}^3 m_{H_i}^2 &= s_{2\beta}^2 s_\xi^2 \\ &\times \left(-\lambda_2 \lambda_6^2 + \lambda_{345} (-\lambda_{345} \lambda_5 + 2\lambda_6 \lambda_7) + \lambda_1 (\lambda_2 \lambda_5 - \lambda_7^2) \right) , \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2v^4} \sum_{i=1, j>i}^3 m_{H_i}^2 m_{H_j}^2 = \dots ,$$

with $\lambda_{345} = \lambda_3 + \lambda_4 - \lambda_5$.

Backup II: Higgs-Fermion-Fermion Vertices $\Gamma_{q_f q_i}^{LRH}$ for $Y_{d2} = 0$

$$\Gamma_{u_f u_i}^{LRH_k^0} = x_u^k \left(\frac{m_{u_i}}{v s_\beta} \delta_{fi} - \frac{\epsilon_{fi}^u}{t_\beta} \right) + x_d^{k*} \epsilon_{fi}^u,$$

$$\Gamma_{d_f d_i}^{LRH_k^0} = x_d^k \frac{m_{d_i}}{v c_\beta} \delta_{fi},$$

$$\Gamma_{u_f d_i}^{LRH_k^\pm} = s_\beta V_{fj} \frac{m_{d_i}}{v c_\beta} \delta_{ji},$$

$$\Gamma_{d_f u_i}^{LRH_k^\pm} = c_\beta V_{jf}^* \left[\frac{m_{u_i}}{v s_\beta} \delta_{ji} - \frac{\epsilon_{ji}^u}{s_\beta c_\beta} \right],$$

$$x_u^k = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-O_{2k} + i c_\beta O_{3k}), \quad x_d^k = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-O_{1k} + i s_\beta O_{3k}),$$

$$\Gamma_{q_f q_i}^{RLH} = \Gamma_{q_i q_f}^{LRH*}.$$

Backup III: Benchmark Points (BPs)

	BP1	BP2	BP3	BP4	BP5	BP6
m_{H_2} (GeV)	170	335	215	320	160	135
m_{H_3} (GeV)	245	355	245	335	190	335
m_{H^\pm} (GeV)	180	375	170	325	165	350
t_β	0.38	0.84	0.43	0.67	0.36	0.37
ξ	1.95	1.96	1.59	1.59	2.04	1.32
$ s_{13} \times 10^2$	4.4	1.3	0.12	0.081	7.5	1.2
$ s_{12} \times 10^2$	2.3	1.6	0.32	0.095	2.8	3.4
$ s_{23} $	0.23	1.00	0.18	0.99	0.42	0.21
$ \Gamma_{tb}^{RLH^\pm} $	0.38	0.58	0.16	1.17	0.35	0.32
$ \Gamma_{cb}^{RLH^\pm} $	$< 10^{-3}$	0.76	0.76	0.70	$< 10^{-2}$	0.37
$ \Gamma_{ub}^{RLH^\pm} $	$< 10^{-6}$	0.45	$< 10^{-4}$	$< 10^{-5}$	$< 10^{-4}$	$< 10^{-7}$
$\sigma_{\text{prod}}^{14 \text{ TeV}}(pp \rightarrow qbH^\pm)$ (pb)	≈ 0	190	520	36	≈ 0	7.9
$\sigma_{\text{prod}}^{14 \text{ TeV}}(pp \rightarrow tbH^\pm)$ (pb)	0.62	0.28	0.13	1.6	0.71	0.10
$\sigma_{\text{Drell-Yan}}^{14 \text{ TeV}}(pp \rightarrow H^\pm H^\mp)$ (fb)	35	2.0	44	3.7	49	3.5
Main decay channel of H^\pm	tb 99%	cb 58%	cb 100%	tb 59%	cb 89%	$WH_2(\rightarrow c\bar{c}, b\bar{b})$ 62%